# SUMMARY OF NATIONAL TRANSPORTATION STATISTICS



JUNE 1975

#### FINAL REPORT

For Sale by the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office Washington DC 20402

#### Prepared for

# U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY
Assistant Secretary for Policy, Plans,
and International Affairs
Washington D C 20590

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#### Technical Report Documentation Page

	Report No.	2: Government Access	ion No.	3. Recipient's Cotalog No	o.
	DOT-TSC-OST-75-18				
	Title and Subtitle			5. Report Date	
				June 1975	
	SUMMARY OF NATIONAL T	RANSPORTATIO	N STATISTICS	6. Performing Organizatio	n Code
_				8. Performing Organizatio	n Report No.
	Author(s)			DOT-TSC-OST	<u>7518</u>
	William F. Gay Performing Organization Name and Addri			10. Work Unit No. (TRAIS	
	U.S. Department of Transports			OP517/R5809	•
	Transportation Systems Center			11. Contract or Grant No.	
	Kendall Square				
	Cambridge MA 02142			13. Type of Report and Pe	eriod Covered
	Sponsoring Agency Name and Address			Final Report	
	U.S. Department of Transports Office of the Secretary	ation		Jan. 1963 — Dec.	. 1973
	Assistant Secretary for Policy Washington DC 20590	Plans and Internatio	nal Affairs	14. Sponsoring Agency Co	ode
_	Supplementary Notes				
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# INTRODUCTION

#### INTRODUCTION

The 1975 edition of the Summary of National Transportation Statistics is essentially an updated version of the 1974 edition, although some new tables and graphs have been added to the section called "Transportation, Energy, and the Environment".

Because of the growth in the demand for information on energy, we have recently published a compendium of energy supply and demand data in a separate report entitled *Energy Statistics—A Supplement to the Summary of National Transportation Statistics*.

The statistical summaries in this document are of three types: (1) tree displays, (2) modal profiles, and (3) transportation trends. The data base from which the summaries have been drawn consists of time series covering the years 1963 - 1973.

Data summarization involves the selection of certain statistics from the data base and displaying them in such a fashion that comparisons of transportation measures and trends can be made with ease. The first step in this process is to place the selected data in a logical framework.

In general, the data can be divided into three main categories: cost, inventory, and performance. The following list indicates the type of data included in each group:

#### I. Cost

- A. Expenditures (private modes)
- B. Revenue (for-hire modes)
- C. Operating expenses
- D. Federal expenditures
- E. State and local expenditures

#### II. Inventory

- A. Number of companies
- B. Number of vehicles
- C. Number of employees
- D. Mileage

#### III. Performance

- A. Vehicle-miles
- B. Passenger-miles
- C. Number of passengers carried
- D. Ton-miles
- E. Tons of freight hauled
- F. Average passenger trip length
- G. Average length of freight haul
- H. Average speed
- I. Number of fatalities
- J. Number of fatal accidents
- K. Total number of accidents

As illustrated in figure 1, the data set can be described as cost, inventory, and performance statistics for each of the following major modal categories; highway, rail, air, water, pipeline, international air, and international water.

Figure 2 illustrates the detailed modal breakdown used in this report. The dotted lines indicate alternative groupings, e.g., "subway and elevated" can be considered a subset of both "local transit" and "rail."

The framework presented in figure 2 is flexible, for it reflects the structures of the various sources of transportation data. One should notice, for example, that the breakdown of the general aviation category comes from the Federal Aviation Administration Statistical Handbook of Aviation.

Tree Displays. Figure 2 provides the format for the tree displays. By placing numbers in the appropriate cells of the tree, it is possible to present one year's data for a given generalized measure for all modes of transportation. The following data are presented in tree format:

- A. Expenditures and revenues (1973)
- B. Vehicle-miles (1973)
- C. Passenger-miles (1973)
- D. Ton-miles (1973)
- E. Number of vehicles (1973)
- F. Fatalities (1973)

Some precision in definition is lost with this display technique, but the source information in the appendix attempts to qualify the statistics requiring further explanation.

Modal Profiles. A modal profile lists the most recent cost, inventory, and performance data available in the data base for a given mode. It is important to note that not all of the measures listed on page 1 are available for each mode, nor are they always applicable. This is clearly illustrated by the difference in the type and amount of data recorded for air carrier and oil pipeline.

Our intent was to provide 1963 and 1973 values for each measure. In some instances the 1973 value is not available, and either the 1972 or most recent value is listed instead.

Transportation Trends. Included in these tables are annual data from 1963 to 1973. A variety of cost, inventory, and performance items are represented in this section.

Supplementary Data. There has been a growing demand for data that relate transportation to the overall economy and the environment. This report touches on some of the major topics, such as national income derived from transportation, oil pollution from tanker accidents, and noise pollution from transportation sources.

Source Information and Glossary of Terms. Appendix A is a detailed listing of the sources of data contained in this document. A special footnote system has been devised for the tree displays (fig. 3-8). In figure 3, for example, the "local transit" cell contains the standard reference number (19) in the upper right-hand corner. In appendix A under figure 3 we find the number (19), after which the source of the local transit datum is given.

Feeling that the usefulness of transportation data depends greatly on clarity of definition, we have included in appendix B a glossary of terms. This section is organized by mode and has been assembled from existing glossaries, such as that in the Civil Aeronautics Board Handbook of Airline Statistics. The lack of comparable glossaries in other statistical handbooks makes it difficult to prepare a complete dictionary.

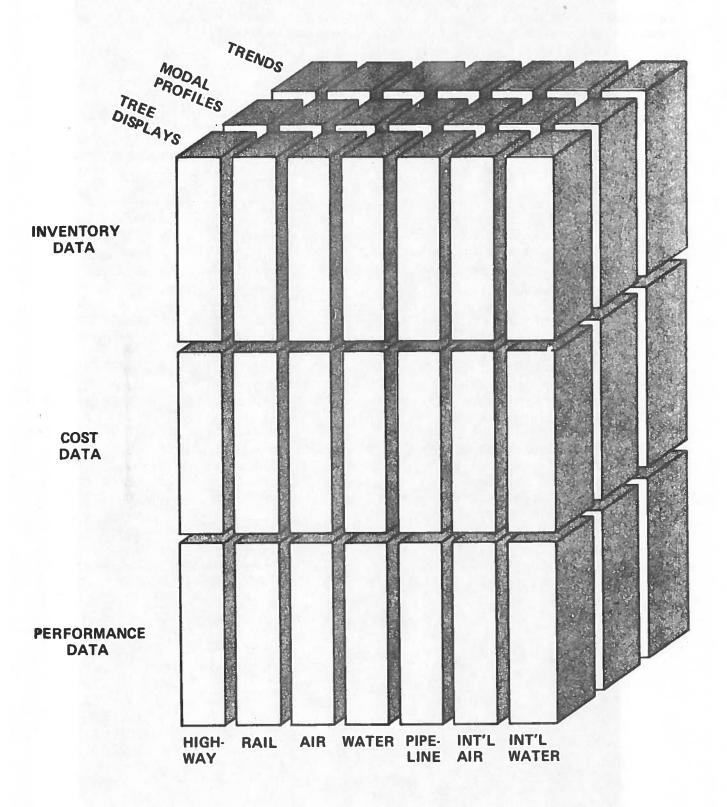


Figure 1. Organization of the Data

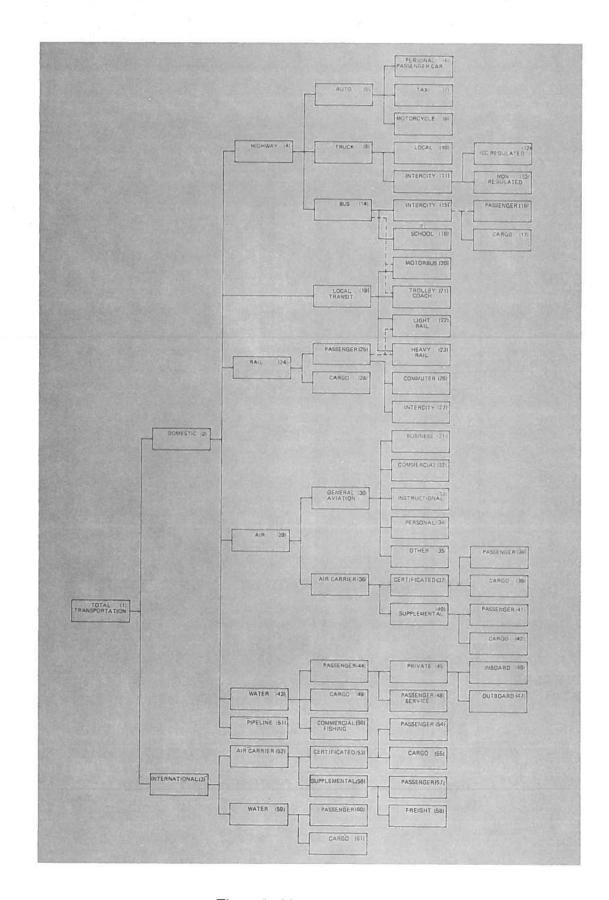
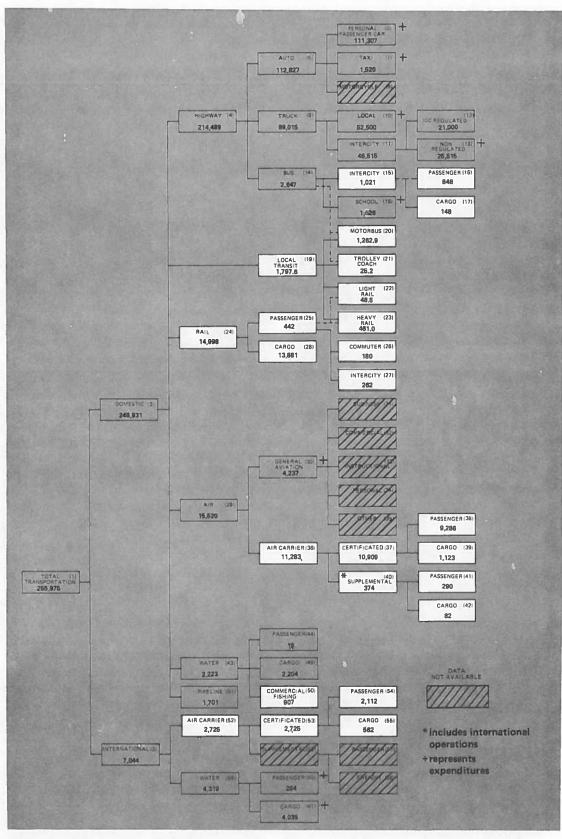


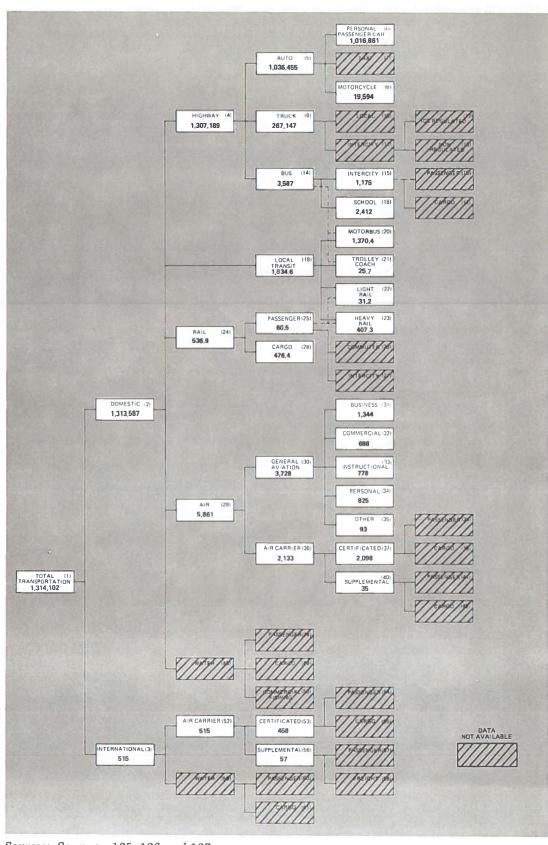
Figure 2. Modal Structure

# TREE DISPLAYS



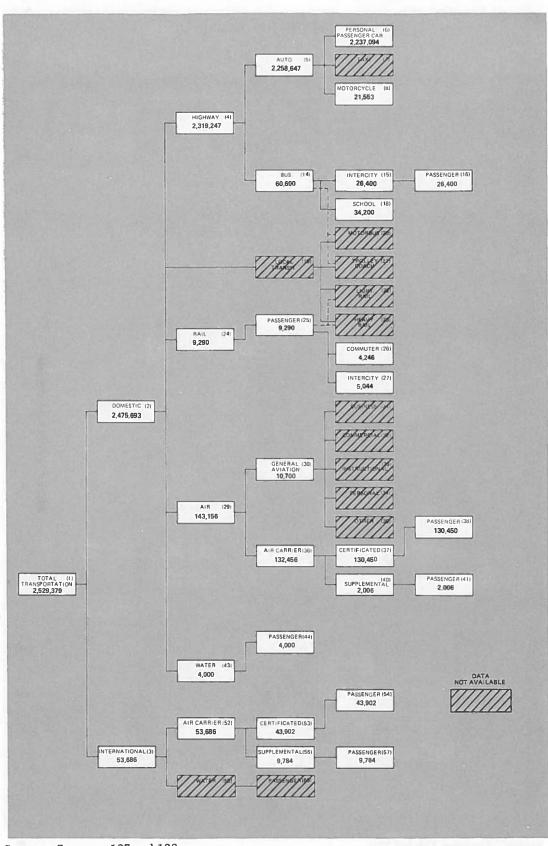
Sources: see pages 123, 124, and 125.

Figure 3. Expenditures and Revenues (\$ Millions) - 1973



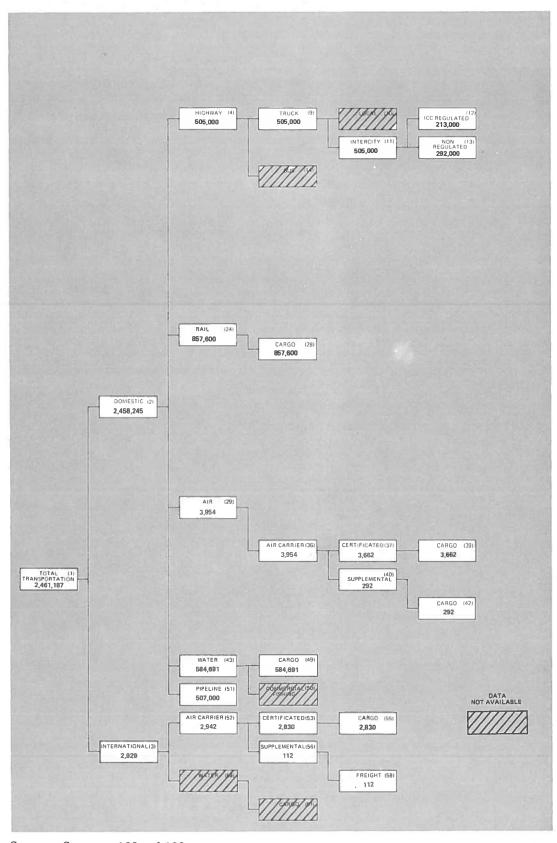
Sources: See pages 125, 126, and 127.

Figure 4. Vehicle-Miles (Millions) - 1973



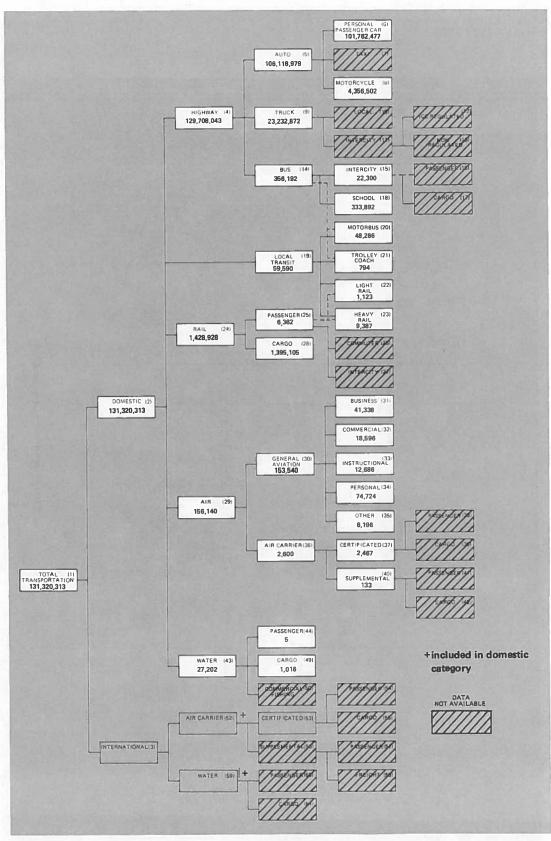
Sources: See pages 127 and 128.

Figure 5. Passenger-Miles (Millions) - 1973



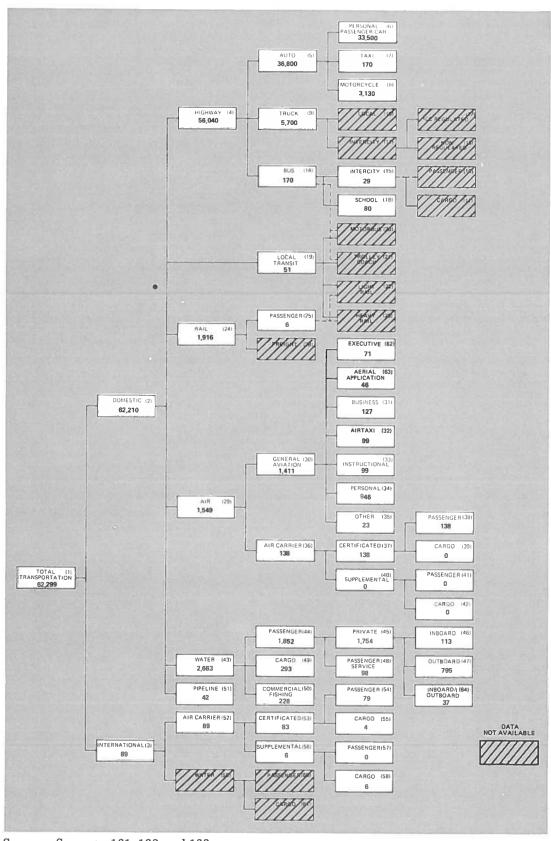
Sources: See pages 128 and 129.

Figure 6. Cargo Ton-Miles (Millions) - 1973



Sources: See pages 129, 130, and 131.

Figure 7. Number of Vehicles - 1973



Sources: See pages 131, 132, and 133.

Figure 8. Number of Fatalities - 1973

# **MODAL PROFILES**

#### Modal Profile Source References and % Change Calculations

The 1975 Modal Profiles have been augmented to provide specific page references for each Profile data element and to permit comparison of the most recent data entries (1973) with the 1963 and 1972 data entries.

Specific page references are obtained as follows: The first data element at the top of each Profile data column is directly followed to its right by an italicized page reference letter. This reference letter then applies to all subsequent data elements in that Profile column until the next page reference letter occurs. The next reference letter then applies to the Profile data element on its left and to all subsequent data in that Profile column until the next page reference occurs. The specific source and page reference may then be found in the list of sources at the end of that particular Profile.

The % Change 1972-1973 column refers to the usual percent difference between 1973 data and 1972 data. Annual % Change 1963-1973 is obtained from the relation:  $D_{73} = D_{63} (1 + X)^{10}$  where  $D_{63}$  and  $D_{73}$  refer to 1963 and 1973 data respectively and X x 100% is the Annual % Change 1963-1973.

#### AIR CARRIER PROFILE

I, FINANCIAL	<u>1963</u>	1972	<u>1973</u>	1963-1973 Average Annual % Change	1972-1973 % Change
Operating Revenues (\$ millions)					
Certificated carriers, total domestic operations					
Transport revenues	2,696.8 a	8,499.4 k	9,529.6 k		12.1
Nontransport revenues	93.3	152.4	164.4	5.8	7.9
Total operating revenues	2,790.0	8,651.8	9,694.0	13.3	12.0
Transport revenues	957.1 b	2,260.5 /	2,484.1 s		9.9
Nontransport revenues	11.9	23.8	42.8	13.7	79.8
Total operating revenues	969.0	2,284.3	2,526,9	10.1	10.6
international operations					
Transport revenues	n/a	328.5 m	372.1 n	n/a	13.3
Nontransport revenues	n/a	2.6	2.1	n/a	-19.2
Total operating revenues	n/a	331.1	374.2	n/a	13.0
Operating Expenses (\$ millions)					
Certificated carriers, domestics operations	2,646.1 a	8,158.5 k	9,201.0 k	13.3	12.8
Certificated carriers, international operations Supplemental carriers, domestic plus	833.1 b	2,233.9 s	2,459.4 s	11.4	10.1
international operations	n/a	326.8 m	380.9 n	n n/a	16.6
II. INVENTORY					
Number of carriers  Domestic and international					
<del> </del>	51 d	39 d	34 c	-4.0	-12.8
Certificated		10 c	14	n/a	40.0
Supplemental	n/a	10 6	14	11/4	40.0
Number of Aircraft Available for Service Domestic and international					
Certificated, all services	1,832 c	2,518 d	2,467	3.0	-2.0
Supplemental	,	156 c	133	-2.6	-14.7
Number of Employees					
Domestic					
Certificated, all services		254,616 e	265, 231	6.2	4.2
Supplemental	2,007	5,002	5,403	10.4	8.0
Certificated, all services	34,190	46,947	46,588	3.1	-0.8

# AIR CARRIER PROFILE (cont.)

III. PERFORMANCE	1963	1972	<u>1973</u>	1963-1973 Average Annual % Change	1972-1973 % Change
Aircraft Revenue-Miles (millions)					
Domestic					
Certificated, all services	926.2 f	2,041.7 n	2,097.8 x	8.5	2.7
Scheduled service	896.7	1,999.5	2,057.7	8.7	2.9
Nonscheduled service	29.5	42.2	40.1	3.1	-5.0
Supplemental	n/a	32.4 0	35.0 v	n/a	8.0
International	,			endrun betr	
Certificated, all services	217.6 g	468.1 p	457.9 z	7.7	-2.2
Scheduled service	198.3	376.3	390.4	7.0	3.7
Nonscheduled service	19.3	81.8	67.5	13.3	-17.5
Supplemental		60.4 o			-6.0
Total	• •	2,602.6	2,646.6	n/a	1.7
10tai	11/4	2,002.0	2,040.0	11/4	DVI)-
Revenue Passenger-Miles (millions)					
Domestic					
Certificated, all services	39 015 5 £	191 890 0 2	130 450 1 ×	12.8	7.1
Scheduled service		118,138.0	126,317.3	12.6	6.9
Nonscheduled service	* * /	3,682.0	4,132.8	22.1	
	• •	1,224.1 o			12.2
Supplemental	II/a	1,224.10	2,000.0 V	n/a	63.9
International	14 000 0 -	49 105 9	42 000 0 -	11.0	
Certificated, all services			,		4.0
Scheduled service		34,268.3	35,640.0	11.6	4.0
Nonscheduled service		7,927.0	8,262.2	13.7	4.2
Supplemental		8,763.0 o		100	11.6
Total	n/a	174.002.4	186,142.8	n/a	7.0
Revenue Passenger Load Factor (%)					
Domestic and international					
Certificated scheduled service	53.1 h	53.0 บ	52.1 v	0.0	1.77
Domestic	55.1 //	33.0 t	02.1 (	-0.2	-1.7
Certificated scheduled service	53.2 f	52.1 n	51.6 n	-0.3	-1.0
	,			0.0	1.0
Revenue Ton-Miles of Freight <sup>1</sup> (millions)					
Domestic					
Certificated all services	854.5	2,627.2	2,875.7	12.9	9.5
Scheduled service		2,480.1	2,821.9	15.9	13.8
Nonscheduled service		147.1	53.8	-12.7	-63.4
Supplemental	n/a	258.8 0			12.7
International	DIGITAL PRINCIP	200.00	. 0.10	11/4	12.1
Certificated, all services	420.8 g	2,484.3 p	2,307.0 z	18.5	-7.1
Scheduled service		1,737.3	1.914.8	17.5	$\frac{-7.1}{10.2}$
Nonscheduled service		746.4	392.2	26.0	-47.5
		197.9 o			-47.5 $-43.5$
Supplemental	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	101.00	بر 111.9 بر	II/a	43.3

## AIR CARRIER PROFILE (cont.)

	<u>1963</u>	1972	<u>1973</u>	1963-1973 Average Annual % Change	1972-1973 % Change
Average Overall Airborne Speed (mph) Domestic					
Certificated, scheduled service	304 i	415 t	405 c	2.9	-2.4
Certificated, scheduled service	418	480	481	1.4	0.2
Total Number of Accidents (injury & no-injury) <sup>2</sup>					
Certificated Air Carriers	66 q	$48^{rq}$	40 q	-4.9	-16.7
Scheduled service	54	46 <sup>r</sup>	36	-4.0	-21.7
Domestic	44	39 r	28	-4.4	-28.2
International	10	7 r	8	-2.2	14.3
Nonscheduled operations	12	$2^{r}$	4	-10.4	100.0
Domestic	10	2 r	4	-8.8	100.0
International	2	0 r	0	0.0	0.0
Supplemental Air Carriers	11	2 r	3	-12.2	50.0
Domestic	11	1 r	1	-21.3	0.0
International	0	$1^r$	2	0.0	100.0
Number of Fatalities <sup>2</sup>					
Certificated Air Carriers	260	190	221	-1.6	16.3
Scheduled service	150	186	221	4.0	18.8
Domestic	69	185	138	7.2	-25.4
International	81	1	83	0.2	8,200.0
Nonscheduled operations	110	4	0	-100.0	-100.0
Domestic	9	4	0	-100.0	-100.0
International	101	0	0	-100.0	0.0
Supplemental Air Carriers	5	0	6	1.8	_
Domestic	5	0	0	-100.0	0.0
International	0	0	6	-	-

n/a = not available

Civil Aeronautics Board, *Handbook of Airline Statistics*, 1971; a-210, b-221, f-106, g-117, h-105, i-6
Civil Aeronautics Board, *Handbook of Airline Statistics*, 1973; d-9, e-63, k-216, l-228, n-106, p-117, t-62

Civil Aeronautics Board, Personal Communication; c Civil Aeronautics Board, Air Carrier Financial Statistics, Dec. 1973;

k-2, l-7, m-48, s-7

Civil Aeronautics Board, Air Carrier Traffic Statistics, Dec. 1973;

n-2, 0-51, p-7, v-1

National Transportation Safety Board, Bureau of Aviation Safety, Personal Communication: q

Civil Aeronautics Board, Air Carrier Traffic Statistics, Dec. 1974;

x-4, y-93, z-13

r = revised

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 1}$  Excludes ton-miles of express mail, and excess baggage.  $^{\rm 2}$  Includes crew in passenger, cargo and nonrevenue flights.

# GENERAL AVIATION PROFILE

			1963	1972	<u>1973</u>	1963-1973 Average Annual % Change	1972-1973 % Change
I.	FINANCIAL						
	Expenditures (\$ million Total	ns)	1,062 a	3,551 a	4,237 a	14.8	19.3
	Aircraft Operating costs		158 <sup>r</sup> 904	559 <sup>r</sup> 2,992	797 3,440 <i>p</i>	17.6 14.3	42.6 15.0
II.	INVENTORY						
	Number of Active Airc Total, all aircraft	raft	85,088 b	145,010 c	153,540 c	6.1	5.9
III.	PERFORMANCE						
	Number of Miles Flow	n (millions)		r -	1 0 4 0 5	3.2	17.5
	Business		983.3 d	,		6.4	18.5
	Commercial		368.7	580.9 691.5	688.4 778.9	11.3	12.6
	Instructional		266.3 409.7	833.9	825.1	7.3	-1.1
	Personal Other		20.5	67.0	93.4	16.4	39.4
	Total		2,048.5	3,317.1	3,728.5	6.2	12.4
	Number of Hours Flow	vn (millions)	5.7 e	7.2 <sup>r</sup> e	8.6 e	4.2	19.4
	Business		3.2	4.8	5.6	5.8	16.7
	Commercial		2.4	6.8	7.6	12.2	11.8
	Instructional Personal		3.6	7.6	7.5	7.6	-1.3
	Other		.2	.5	.7	13.3	40.0
	Total		15.1	26.9	30.0	7.1	11.5
	Number of Fatalities		an f	00 f	54.6	1.0	14.0
	Instructional		63 <i>f</i> 497	86 <i>f</i> 827	74 <i>f</i> 823	1.6 5.2	-14.0 -0.5
	Personal		172	178	189	0.9	6.2
	Business Executive		15	46	47	12.1	2.2
	Aerial Application		32	46	43	3.0	-6.5
	Air Taxi		35	121	81	8.8	-33.2
	Other		79	117	97	2.1	-17.1
	Total		893	1,421 <sup>r</sup>	1,354	4.3	-4.7
	Number of Accidents	(Fatal, Injury, and No Injury)			<b>*</b> 0-	1.0	-12.0
	Instructional		484	665	585	1.9	-0.7
	Personal		2,109	2,208	2,192 306	0.4 9.5	-0.7 -25.5
	Business		827	411	95	3.2	13.1
	Executive	37	69 380	84 376	386	0.2	2.7
	Aerial Application		132	147	163	2.1	10.9
	Air Taxi		689	365	524	-2.7	43.6
	Other		4,690	4,256 <sup>r</sup>	4,251	-1.0	-0.1
	Total		7,000	1,200	-,		

r = revised

National Transportation Safety Board, Bureau of Aviation Safety, Personal Communication; f

Federal Aviation Administration, Statistical Handbook of Aviation, 1970, 1972, 1973. b-Table 8.2, c-Table 8.6, d-Table 8.5, e-Table 9.9

Transportation Association of America, Transportation Facts & Trends, April 1975, Quarterly Supplement to the 11th edition, Dec. 1974 a 5

p = preliminary

#### HIGHWAY PROFILE

L FINANCIAL	1963	1972	<u>1973</u>	1963-1973 Average Annual % Change	1972-1973 % Change
Government Expenditures (\$ millions) Federal State and local Total	12.075	531 a 21,411 21,942	516 <i>a</i> 22,035 22,551	7.7 6.2 6.2	-2.8 2.9 2.8
II. INVENTORY					
Rural Mileage Under State control State primary system State secondary roads Other State roads Total Under local control County roads Town and township roads Other local roads Total Under Federal control	246,747 21,488 677,575 1,736,681 535,244 74,583 2,346,508 121,422	408,219 b 276,269 27,605 712,093 1,736,385 483,174 32,464 2,252,023 209,171	409,834 b 272,707 27,920 710,461 1,727,834 489,164 32,448 2,249,446 215,747	0.0 1.0 2.7 0.5 -0.1 -0.9 -8.0 -0.4 5.9	0.4 -1.3 1.1 -0.2 -0.5 1.2 0.0 -0.1 3.1
Extensions of State primary system Extensions of State secondary roads Total Under local control	46,757 12,431 59,188	62,630 17,336 79,966	64,343 17,349 81,692	3.2 3.4 3.3	2.7 0.1 2.2
Local city street	415,764 474,952	533,460 613,426	549,537 631,229	2.8 2.9	3.0 2.9
Total Rural and Municipal Mileage	3,620,457	3,786,713	3,806,883	0.5	0.5

Federal Highway Administration, Highway Statistics, 1972, 1973. a-Table HF-10

Federal Highway Administration, Highway Statistics, 1963, 1972, 1973.

b-Table M-1

Federal Highway Administration, Bureau of Public Roads, press release BPR-66-2, January 12, 1966; c-Table HF-2

## **AUTOMOBILE PROFILE**

					1963-1973 Average Annual	1972-1973
		<u> 1963</u>	<u>1972</u>	<u> 1973</u>	% Change	% Change
I.	FINANCIAL					
	Expenditures (\$ millions)					
	New and used cars	21,549 c	45,986 a	50,039 a	8.8	8.8
	Tires, tubes, accessories	,	7,148	7,491	10.7	4.8
	Gasoline and oil	,	24,993	28,307	7.7	13.3
	Toils	,	619	652	6.6	5.3
	Insurance		4,767	4.747	8.8	-0.4
	Interest on debt	_,	5,555 m	6,479 m	8.7	16.6
	Auto registration fees	_,	1,817 n	1,958 n	7.1	7.8
	Operator's permit fees		248	249	5.7	0.4
	Retail, greasing, washing, parking,					
	storage, rental		10,255 a	11,385 a	7.4	11.0
	Total	49,634	101,388	111,307	8.4	9.8
	Revenues (\$ millions)		r		7. 4	
	Taxi	8,385	1,529 8	1,520 s	6.1	-0.6
	The area of the control of the contr					
II.	INVENTORY					
	Number of Vehicle Registrations	22 222 222 .			an harmony la	ujoseji il
			96,330,603 b		3.9	5.0
	Motorcycles	771,572	3,774,996	4,332,580	18.8	14.8
	Number of Employees					
	Taxis	111,900 dd	99,400 d	97,200 d	-1.4	-2.2
III.	PERFORMANCE					
	Vehicle-Miles (millions) <sup>1</sup>					
	Urban streets	,	567,541 f	592,191 f	6.0	4.3
	Main rural roads	,	330,605	341,633	3.8	3.3
	Local rural roads		105,352	102,631	1.3	-2.6
	Total travel	. 654,699	1,003,498	1,036,455	4.7	3.3
	Vehicle-Miles (millions)					
	Motorcycles	n/a	17,091	19,594	n/a	14.6
	Passenger car and taxis	n/a	986,407	1,016,861	n/a	3.1
	Total	654,699	1,003,498	1,036,455	4.7	3.3
	Passenger-Miles (millions)					
	Total travel, passenger cars & taxis <sup>2</sup>		2,170,095	2,237,094	n/a	3.1
	Total travel, motorcycles <sup>3</sup>	n/a	18,000	21,553	n/a	19.7
	Average Speed (mph), Main Rural Roads <sup>4</sup>					
	Passenger cars	57 !	62 g	62 g	0.8	0.0
	Number of Vehicles in All Accidents					
	Motorcycles		320,000 h	360,000 h	10.7	12.5
	Passenger cars		24,500,000	23,300,000	3.1	<b>-4.9</b>
	Taxis	150,000	180,000	170,000	1.3	-5.6

## AUTOMOBILE PROFILE (cont.)

Number of Vehicles in Fatal Accidents	1963	<u>1972</u>	<u>1973</u>	1963-1973 Average Annual % Change	1972-1973 % Change
Motorcycles	750 h	2,600 h	2,900 h	14.5	11.5
	43,000	53,400	49,000	1.3	-8.2
	130	200	260	7.2	30.0
Number of Fatalities Passenger cars & taxis Passenger cars Taxis Motorcycles <sup>5</sup> . Bicycles	28,900 k	35,200 k	33,700 k	1.5	-4.3
	n/a	35,100 h	33,500 h	n/a	-4.6
	n/a	120	170	n/a	41.7
	882	2,700	3,130	13.5	15.9
	580 i	1,116 j	1,076 j	6.4	-3.6

n/a - not available

<sup>1</sup> Includes passenger cars, taxis and motorcycles.

Based on vehicle-mile data from the Federal Highway Administration, Dept. of Transportation, and an average occupancy of 2.2.

Based on vehicle-mile data from the Federal Highway Administration, Dept. of Transportation, and an average occupancy of 1.1. <sup>4</sup> Speed of free-flowing traffic along level sections of highway.

5 Includes passengers on motor scooters, motorized bicycles, and motorized tricycles.

#### Sources:

National Safety Council, *Accident Facts*, 1964, 1973, 1974. h-56, i-58, k-75

Federal Highway Administration, Highway Statistics, 1963, 1972, 1973. b-Table MV-1, f-Table MV-1, g-Table VS-1, l-pg 35 n-Table MV-2

Transportation Association of America, Transportation Facts and Trends, April 1975, Quarterly Supplement, Dec. 1974.

Department of Labor, Personal Communication d

Department of Labor, Employment and Earnings, US - 1909 - 1972;

dd-528

National Highway Traffic Safety Administration, Highway Fatality Statistics, Dec. 1973.

Department of Commerce, OBE, National Income and Product Accounts of the U.S.

c-Table 2.6

Department of Commerce, Survey of Current Business, Vol. 54, No. 7, July 1974.

a-24, Table 2.5

Department of Transportation,

m-TSC Calculation

r = revised

# BUS PROFILE

		1963	1972	1973	1963-1973 Average Annual % Change	1972-1973 % Change
т	FINANCIAL					
1.	FINANCIAL					
	Expenditures (\$ millions) School bus	616 a	1,510 <sup>r</sup> a	1,626 a	10.2	7.7
	Operating Revenues (\$ millions) Intercity bus, total Intercity bus, Class I	646.8 c 548.8 d	974.4 c 775.3 d	1,020.7 <i>c</i> 812.6 <i>d</i>	4.7 4.0	4.8 4.8
	Operating Expenses (\$ millions) Intercity bus, total Intercity bus, Class I	561.7 c 469.3 d	882.1 <i>c</i> 689.6 <i>d</i>	935.1 $c$ 735.2 $^{p}d$	5.2 4.6	6.0 6.6
	Taxes Assignable to Operations (\$ millions) <sup>1</sup> Intercity bus, total Intercity bus, Class I	59.1 <i>c</i> 40.7 <i>d</i>	84.1 <i>c</i> 54.0 <i>d</i>	90.1 <i>c</i> 58.6 <sup>p</sup> d	4.3 3.7	7.1 8.5
II.	INVENTORY		V.			
	Number of Operating Companies Intercity bus	1,100 c	1,000 c	1,000 c	-0.9	0.0
	Number of Vehicles					
	Intercity bus School bus	21,100 192,389 <i>i</i>	22,500 310,000 i	22,300 310,000 i	0.6 4.9	-0.9 0.0
17	Number of Employees of Operating Companies Intercity bus	46,200 c	49,100 c	48,000 c	0.4	-2.2
	Miles of Highway Served Intercity	260,000	270,000	271,000	0.4	0.4
Ш	. PERFORMANCE					
	Vehicle-Miles (millions)  Commercial bus <sup>2</sup>		54			
	Urban streets	1,794 e 877 170	1,647 e 913 190	1,545 e 890 113	-1.5 0.1 -4.0	-6.2 -2.5 -40.5
	Total travel School and nonrevenue bus	2,841	2,750	2,548	-1.1	-7.3
	Urban streets  Main rural roads  Local rural roads	292 642 708	475 880 1,004	497 920 995	5.5 3.7 3.5	4.6 4.5 —0.9
	Total travel	1,642	2,359	2,412	3.9	2.2
	Urban streets	2,086	2,122	2,042	-0.2 1.8	-3.8 0.9
	Main rural roads	1,519 878	1,793 1,194	1,810 1,108	2.4	<del>-7</del> .2
	Local rural roads	4,483	5,109	4,960	1.0	-2.9

#### BUS PROFILE (cont.)

				1963-1973 Average	1050 1055
	1963	1972	1973	Annual % Change	1972-1973 % Change
Revenue Passenger-Miles (millions)					
Intercity bus, total	22,500 c	25,600 c	26,400 c	1.6	3.1
Intercity bus, Class I <sup>3</sup>	15,086 f	13,576 f	13,910 f	-0.8	2.5
Number of Revenue Passengers (millions)					
Intercity bus, total	354 c	393 c	385 c	0.8	-2.0
Intercity bus, Class I	262 f	164 f	158 f	-4.9	-3.7
Average Speed (mph) <sup>4</sup>					
Commercial bus, main rural roads	58.0 <i>l</i>	60.3 k	60.4 k	0.4	0.2
Number of Fatalities					
All buses	130 g	130 ∉	170 g	2.7	30.8
Intercity buses, Class I <sup>5</sup>	n/a	31	29	n/a	-6.5
School bus	78 h	180 h	210 h	10.4	16.7

P = preliminary

#### Sources:

National Association of Motorbus Owners, Get Onto Something Great, 1973. c-16, d-17, f-18

Federal Highway Administration, Highway Statistics, 1963, 1972, 1973.

e-Table VM-1, k-Table VS-1, l-pg 35.

Transportation Association of America, Transportation Facts and Trends. April 1975, Quarterly Supplement, Dec. 1974.

National Safety Council, Accident Facts, 1964, 1973, 1974.

g-75. h-92, i-93

r = revised

<sup>1</sup> Excludes income taxes.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Includes local transit buses. See "Local Transit Profile" for more detailed information on urban bus transportation.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Regular-route intercity service. Excludes local, suburban, charter, and special service.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Speed of free-flowing traffic along level sections of highway.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Class I only, representing about four-fifths of total intercity bus passenger mileage.

# TRUCK PROFILE

		<u> 1963</u>	<u> 1972</u>	<u> 1973</u>	1963-1973 Average Annual % Change	1972-1973 % Change
I.	FINANCIAL					
	Revenues (\$ millions)  Local	18,398 a	$48,000 \stackrel{p}{a}$	$52,500 \stackrel{p}{a}$	11.1	9.4
	Interests					dimain.
	ICC-regulated	8,548 13,040	18,700 22,990 <sup>r</sup>	21,000 25,515	9.4 6.9	12.3 11.0
	Operating Revenues of Class I Intercity Motor Carriers (\$ millions)					
	Freight, intercity, common	5,388.4 b	$13,564.0^{r_c}$	$14,977.2^{p}$	10.8	10.4
	Freight, intercity, contract	212.4	531.8 <sup>r</sup>	491.9 <sup>p</sup>	8.8	-7.5
	Freight, local	67.7	625.7 <sup>r</sup>	$704.3^{p}$	26.4	12.6
	Trans, for other Classes I and II carriers	42.7	135.2 <sup>r</sup>	$145.0^{p}$	13.0	7.2
	Other	45.1	137.5 <sup>r</sup>	159.5 <sup>p</sup>	13.5	16.0
	Total	5,756.4	14,994.2 <sup>r</sup>	16,477.9 <sup>p</sup>	11.1	9.9
	Operating Expenses of Class I Intercity Motor Carriers (\$ millions)	5,520.2	14,156.0 <sup>r</sup>	15,612.3 <sup>p</sup>	11.0	10.3
II.	INVENTORY  Number of Truck Registrations			00 155 045 4		0.7
	Private and commercial 1	2,730,608 d	20,225,745 a	22,175,645 a	5.7	9.7 3.6
	Federal		165,113 e		5.7 4.1	
	State, county, municipal	594,229 3,424,329	848,305 21,239,163	886,221 23,232,872	5.6	9.4
	Total Number of Employees Trucking and Trucking Terminals	794,000 s	1,029,000 <sup>r</sup> h	1,096,200 h	3.3	6.5
	Number of Companies, Class I Intercity Carriers of Property	1,004 b	$1,525^{r}c$	1,576 <sup>p</sup> c	4.6	3.3
	Number of Employees, Class I Intercity Carriers of Property	351,104 m	542,153 <sup>r</sup>	581,369 <sup>p</sup>	5.2	7.2
Ш	PERFORMANCE					
	Vehicle-Miles (millions)			44045	<b></b>	4.0
	Urban streets	52,809 g		113,154 g	7.9	4.3
	Main rural roads	64,794	116,632	119,536	6.3	2.5
	Local rural roads	24,270	34,651	34,457	3.6	-0.6
	Total travel	141,873	259,735	267,147	6.5	2.9
	Ton-Miles (millions) Intercity	331,800 n	470,000 i	505,000 <sup>p</sup> i	4.3	7.4
	Average Speed, Main Rural Highways (mph) <sup>1</sup>	52 t	56 j	57 j	0.9	1.8
	All trucks	021	00)	5.,		

#### TRUCK PROFILE (cont.)

	<u>1963</u>	<u> 1972</u>	<u> 1973</u>	1963-1973 Average Annual % Change	1972-1973 % Change
Average Length of Haul (miles)					
Class I intercity motor carriers					
Common	267 k	280 k	276 l	0.3	-1.4
Contract	142	187	198	3.4	5.9
Number of Fatalities					
All Trucks	n/a	5,500 w	5,700 w	n/a	3.6

p = preliminary

Federal Highway Administration, Highway Statistics, 1963, 1972, 1973.

d-MV-1, e-MV-7, g-VM-1, j-Table VS-1, t-35

Interstate Commerce Commission, 88th Annual Report to Congress, 1974;

c-125, i-120

Interstate Commerce Commission, 84th Annual Report to Congress, 1970;

b-141, m-142

Interstate Commerce Commission, 79th Annual Report to Congress, 1965;

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Transportation Association of America, Transportation Facts and Trends, April 1975, Quarterly Supplement, Dec. 1974.

a-4,

Interstate Commerce Commission, Transport Economics, Feb. - March, 1973.

k-11

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National Safety Council, Accident Facts, 1972, 1973, w-56

r = revised

n/a - not available

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Speed of free-flowing traffic along level sections of highway.

## LOCAL TRANSIT PROFILE

	<u>1963</u>	<u>1972</u>	<u>1973</u>	1963-1973 Average Annual % Change	1972-1973 % Change
I. FINANCIAL					
I, FINANCIAL				1	
Passenger Revenue (\$ millions)  Motorbus	932.2 a 274.6 54.8 54.7 1,316.3	1,177.8 <sup>r</sup> a 401.9 <sup>r</sup> 39.6 31.4 1,650.7	1,183.8 a 437.6 38.7 23.6 1,683.7	2.4 4.8 -3.4 -8.1 2.5	0.5 $8.9$ $-2.3$ $-24.8$ $2.0$
Operating Revenue (\$ millions)  Motorbus	985.8 <i>b</i> 287.4 61.2 56.2 1,390.6	1,230.1 <sup>r</sup> b 417.2 48.4 32.8 1,728.5	1,262.9 <i>b</i> 461.0 48.5 25.2 1,797.6	2.5 4.8 -2.3 -7.7 2.6	2.7 10.5 0.2 -23.2 4.0
April 2 Au 7881 1811					
II. INVENTORY					
Number of Companies Electric railways¹ Motorbus Trolley coach and motorbus  Number of Vehicles Motorbus Subway and elevated - heavy rail Surface rail - light rail Trolley coach	1,177 11 49,400 c 8,878 1,756 2,155	15 g 1,628 2 49,075 c 9,423 1,176 1,030 60,704	15 g 1,006 2 48,286 c 9,387 1,123 794 59,590	$ \begin{array}{r} -1.2 \\ -1.6 \\ -15.7 \end{array} $ $ \begin{array}{r} -0.2 \\ 0.6 \\ -4.4 \\ -9.5 \\ -0.4 \end{array} $	0.0 -38.2 0.0 -1.6 -0.4 -4.5 -22.9 -1.8
Number of Employees  Motorbus, surface rail, trolley coach, subway and elevated		138,420 d	140,700 d	-0.5	1.6
Revenue Vehicle-Miles (millions) Motorbus	. 48.9 . 62.4	1,308.0 <i>e</i> 386.2 31.6 29.8 1,755.6	1,370.4 ¢ 407.3 31.2 25.7 1,834.6	$\begin{array}{ccc}  & -1.1 \\  & 0.5 \\  & -4.4 \\  & -8.5 \\  & -1.0 \end{array}$	4.8 5.5 -1.3 -13.8 4.5
Revenue Passengers Carried (millions)  Motorbus	. 1,661.0 . 238.0 . 264.0	$3,560.8^{r}f$ $1,445.7^{r}$ $147.3^{r}$ $99.5^{r}$ $5,253.3^{r}$	3,652.8 / 1,423.7 143.5 73.6 5,293.9	-2.6 -1.5 -4.9 -12.0 -2.6	2.6 -1.5 -2.6 -26.0 0.8

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Includes surface rail and subway and elevated.

r = revised

Sources: American Transit Association, Transit Fact Book, 1974 - 1975. a-Table 9, b-Table 8, c-Table 12, d-Table 11, e-Table 13, f-Table 7, g-pg 3

## WATER TRANSPORT PROFILE

I. FINANCIAL	1963	1972	<u>1973</u>	1963-1973 Average Annual % Change	1972-1973 % Change
Revenues (\$ millions)					
Domestic freight Coastal waterways Inland waterways Great Lakes Locks, channels, etc. International freight Domestic passengers, intercity International passenger¹	1,554 a 716 333 190 315 1,674 12 310	2,094 <i>a</i> 844 582 243 425 3,524 14 268	2,204 <i>a</i> 828 650 286 440 <i>P</i> 4,035 19 284	3.6 1.5 6.9 4.2 3.4 9.2 4.7 -0.9	5.3 1.9 11.7 17.7 3.5 14.5 35.7 6.0
Payanya of Class A & D Camions has Inland and					
Revenue of Class A & B Carriers by Inland and Coastal Waterways (\$ millions) Line service operating revenues					
Freight	185.6 b	330.5 <sup>r</sup> c	345.6 P <sub>c</sub>	6.4	4.6
Passenger	7.7	11.0	18.1 p	8.9	64.5
Other	17.8	7.7	16.2 p	-0.9	110.4
Other operating revenue	3.0	5.4 r	2.8 P	-0.7	-48.1
Revenue from terminal operations	21.5	30.7 <sup>r</sup>	35.4 P	5.1	15.3
Rent and motor carrier revenue	22.1	31.1 <sup>r</sup>	27.0 <sup>p</sup>	2.0	-13.2
Total waterline operating revenues	257.8	416.5 <sup>r</sup>	445.3 <sup>p</sup>	5.6	6.9
Revenues of U.S. Commercial Fishing Fleet U.S. Commercial Landings (\$ millions)	377 aa	704 aa	907 aa	9.2	28.8
Payanuas of Maritima Caminas (\$					
Revenues of Maritime Carriers (\$ millions)  Coastwise and intercoastal service	100	108 d	4 E O D 1		
Charter	102 e 20		152 <sup>p</sup> d 57 <sup>p</sup>	4.1	40.7
Total vessel operating revenues	20 548	56 811	1.008 <sup>p</sup>	11.0	1.8
Total waterline operating revenues	653	885	$1,008^{p}$ $1.087^{p}$	6.3 5.2	24.3 22.8
Total Martine operating total action and the second of the	000	000	1,007	0.2	22.0
Operating Expenses of Classes A and B Carriers by					
Inland and Intracoastal Waterways (\$ millions)	225.8 f	$370.3^{r}c$	$395.3^pc$	5.8	6.8
Operating Expenses of Maritime Carriers (\$ millions) .	627.4 e	847.0 <sup>r</sup> d	1,084.0 <sup>p</sup> d	5.6	28.0
Government Expenditures (\$ millions) Federal expenditures					
Coast Guard	297 h	688 h	783 h	10.2	13.8
Merchant Marine	365 i	422 i	457 i	2.3	8.3
Total waterways	315 j	436 j	482 i	4.3	10.6
Inland and intracoastal waterways <sup>2</sup>	168 k	233 k	258 h	4.4	10.7
State and local expenditures					·
Coast Guard	0 h	0 h	0 h	0.0	0.0
Merchant Marine	0 i	0 i	0 i	0.0	0.0
Total waterways	313 j	527 j	540 j	5.6	2.5

## WATER TRANSPORT PROFILE (cont.)

**	ANNUAL MODEL	1963	1972	1973	1963-1973 Average Annual % Change	1972-1973 % Change
ш.	INVENTORY					
	Number of Companies, Class A and B Carriers by Inland and Coastal Waterways	93 b	79 <sup>r</sup> c	77 <sup>p</sup> c	-1.9	-2.5
	Number of Companies, Maritime Carriers	21 e	17 <sup>r</sup> d	17 <sup>p</sup> d	-2.1	0.0
	Number of Employees				0.0	
	Ships, boat building, and repairs	142,400 <i>o</i> 224,100	185,300 <sup>r</sup> o 208,600	203,600	3.3 -1.0	6.3 -2.4
	Number of Employees				X''-	
	Maritime carriers	15,853 g	10,058 d	8,835 <sup>p</sup> d	-5.	-12.2
	coastal waterways	11,265 f	29,576 <sup>r</sup> c	8,349 <sup>P</sup> c	-3.0	<b>-71.8</b>
	Mileage of Commercially Navigable Inland and					
	Coastal Channels	25,260 s	25,543 s	25,543 s	0.1	0.0
	Number of Vessels					
	Total non-self-propelled	16,493 t	20,947 t	22,117 t	3.0	5.6
	Dry cargo barges and scows	13,927	17,527	18,804	3.0	7.3
	Tank barges	2,566	3,420	3,313	2.6	-3.1
	Self-propelled towboats and tugs	3,959	4,278	4,064	0.3	-5.0
	U.S. Commercial Fishing Fleet	11,928 nn	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	U.S. Passenger Liners <sup>4</sup>	19 cc	8 cc	5 cc	n/a	n/a
	U.S. Merchant Marine (over 1,000 gross tons)				11/4	11/4
	Total U.S. Flag	0 505 33	1 150 22	1 010 11	0.0	
		2,785 dd	1,150 dd	1,016 dd	-9.6	-11.7
	Privately Owned	974	651	596	-4.8	-8.4
	Government Owned	1,811	499	420	-13.6	-15.8
Ш.	PERFORMANCE					
	Passenger-Miles, Intercity (millions)	2,800 u	4,000 u	4,000 u	3.6	0,0
	Ton-Miles (millions)					
	Domestic waterfreight					
	Coastwise	316,096 v	351,509 v	327,649 v	0.4	-6.8
	Internal	94,438	177,539	171.891	6.2	-3.2
	Lakewise	68,285	73,132	83,765	2.1	14.5
	Local	1,758	1,364	1,386	-2.3	1.6
	Total	480,577	603,544	584,691	2.0	-3.1
	Ton-Miles, Domestic Deep Sea (billions)	244 w	264 w	226 w	-0.8	-14.4
	Tons of Freight Hauled (millions)					
	Domestic water					
	Coastwise	214 υ	243 υ	237 υ	1.0	-2.5
	Internal	332	507	503	4.2	-0.8
	Lakewise	142	145	157	1.0	
	Local	99	90	93	-0.6	8.3 3.3
	Total	786	985	990	2.3	0.5
	Exports					
	Great Lakes ports	28 x	35 x	38 x	3.1	8.6
	Coastal ports	130	197	239	6.3	21.3
	Total	158	232	277	5.8	19.4
	Imports					
	Great Lakes	18	25	28	4.5	12.0
	Coastal ports	209	372	462	8.3	24.2
	Total	227	397	490	8.0	23.4
	Tons of Freight, Intraterritorial (millions)	1.6 m	1.9 <sup>r</sup> m	4.3 m	10.4	126.3

## WATER TRANSPORT PROFILE (cont.)

	<u>1963</u>	<u>1972</u>	1973	1963-1973 Average Annual % Change	1972-1973 % Change
Average Haul, Domestic System (miles-per-ton)					
Coastwise	1.478.1 v	1,448.6 v	1,383.7 v	-0.7	-4.5
Internal	284.5	350.2	341.6	1.8	-2.5
Lakewise	481.8	504.3	534.8	1.0	6.0
Local	17.8	15.1	14.9	-1.8	-1.3
Total	611.0	612.8	590.7	-0.3	-3.6
Cargo Capacity (net tons)					
Total non-self-propelled vessels16	6.763.155 v27	$7.197.323 \times 28$	3.751,428y	5.5	5.7
Dry cargo barges and scows	2.710.880 19	710,605 2	1,342,522	5.3	8.3
Tank barges	1,052,275 7	7,486,718	7,408,906	6.2	-1.0
Number of Fatalities in Water Transport <sup>3</sup>					
Passenger service	n/a z	2 z	5 z	n/a	150.0
Cargo	n/a	21	14	n/a	-33.3
Commercial Fishing	n/a	74	63	n/a	-14.9
Other	n/a	102	49	n/a	-52.0
Total	226	199	131	-5.3	-34.2
Number of Fatalities in Recreational Boating	400	- 45	410	0.0	-23.1
Inboard	138	147	113	-2.0	
Outboard	728	761	795	0.9	4.5
Inboard/Outboard <sup>5</sup>		41	32	-4.6	-22.0
Other	298	287	371	2.2	29.3
Propulsion Unknown	28	201	438	31.7	117.9
Total	1,243 ee	1,437 ee	1,754 e	e 3.5	22.1

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Revenues paid by American travelers to U.S. and foreign flag carriers

## p = preliminary

r = revised

n/a = not available.

American Waterways Operators, Inland Waterborne Commerce Statistics, 1972, 1973.

s-1, t-2 & 3, y-2.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Waterborne Commerce of U.S., 1972, 1973.

v-Sec. 3, Table 1, x-Sec. 1 Table 1a, m-Sec. 1 Table 1b

Association of American Railroads, Government Expenditures for Transport Facilities, May, 1974,

h-table 9, i-table 8, j-table 6, k-table 7

Interstate Commerce Commission, 84th Annual Report to Congress, 1970.

b-146, e-148, f-147, g-149

Interstate Commerce Commission, 88th Annual Report to Congress, 1974.

c-127, d-128

Transportation Association of America, Transportation Facts & Trends, April 1975, Quarterly Supplement, Dec. 1974. a-4 & 5, u-18, w-8

Department of Labor, Personal Communication - o

U.S. Department of Commerce - National Marine Fisheries Service, Fisheries of the United States, 1973.

U.S. Department of Commerce - National Marine Fisheries Service, Fishery Statistics of the United States, 1962-1971. bb-General Review Section

U.S. Department of Commerce - Maritime Administration - Commerce News, Merchant Marine Data Sheet, 1963, 1972, 1973. dd-2

U.S. Department of Commerce - Maritime Administration, Personal Communication - cc

U.S. Coast Guard, Personal Communication - z

U.S. Coast Guard, Boating Statistics (CG-357), 1963, 1972, 1973 - ee

Does not include Great Lakes and coastal harbors.
 Fatalities on U.S. Flag carriers due to vessel casualties only — these fatality figures are on a fiscal year basis.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Passenger capacity greater than 125.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>The 1963 figure is included under inboard fatalities.

# RAIL PROFILE A. CLASS I RAILROADS

			1963	1972	1973	1963-1973 Average Annual % Change	1972-1973 % Change
I.	FINANCIAL						
	Revenues, Class I Line-Haul	Railroads (\$ millions	)				
	Passenger		588.1 a	257.1 a	258.6 a	-7.9*	0.6
	Commutation		130.0	174.1	174.2	3.0	0.1
	Other than commutation		353.4	82.0	83.4	-13.4*	1.7
			8,146.1 b	12,570.3 rb	13,793.7 b	5.4	9.7
	Mail		338.7 c	94.5 c	81.8 c	-13.2*	-13.4
	Express		79.5	5.3	3.6	-26.6*	-32.1
	Other		407.0	482.6	655.3	4.9	35.8
	Total operating revenues		9,559.5	13,410.0	14,770.1	4.4	10.1
	Operating Expenses, Class I	Line-Haul					
	Railroads (\$ millions)		7,451.6 e	10,556.4 <sup>r</sup> e	11,571.3 e	4.5	9.6
			- 61				
	a to the second						
II.	INVENTORY						
	Number of Vehicles, Class I	Railroads					
	Freight-carrying cars		1,512,306 f	1,410,568 f	1,395,105 f	-0.8	-1.1
	Passenger train cars		24,602 g	5,133 g	4,585 pg	-15.5*	-10.7
	Locomotives		28,449 h	27,073 h	27,461 h	-0.4	1.4
	Number of Companies, Class	s I Railroads	n/a	67 i	68 i	n/a	1.5
	Number of Employees, Class	s I Railroads	680,039 j	526,061 <sup>r</sup> j	520,153 j	-2.6	-1.1
	Line Mileage, All Line-Haul	Railroads	214,387 k	203,299 <sup>r</sup> k	201,300 <sup>p</sup> k	-0.6	-1.0
III.	PERFORMANCE						
	Agrae — anning						
	Car Mileage, Class I Railroad		00 450 1	00 000 7:		4.4	
			28,153 l	30,309 <sup>r</sup> l	31,266 l	1.1 -20.6*	3.2 -4.9
	Passenger		1,962 m 30,115	206 m	196 m	0.4	3.1
	Total	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	30,115	30,515	31,462	0.4	5.1
	Train Mileage, Class I Railro	ads (millions)					
			399.9 n	451.0 <sup>r</sup> n	476.4 r		5.6
	Passenger		189.3 o	31.9 o	33.3 o		4.4
	Total		589.2	482.9	509.7	-1.4	5.5
	Locomotive Mileage, Class I	Railroads (millions)					
			414.1 p	1,366.1 p	1,371.9 p		0.4
	Passenger		168.5	22.4	19.3	-19.5*	-13.8
	Total		582.6	1,388.5	1,391.2	9.1	0.2
	Revenue Passengers Carried,	Class I					
	Railroads (millions)						
	Commutation		195 q	188 q	183 q	−0.6	-2.7
	Other passenger		114	56	55	<del>-7.0*</del>	-1.8

## RAIL PROFILE (cont.)

A. (cont.)

	1000	1070	1050	1963-1973 Average Annual	1972-1973	
	1963	<u>1972</u>	<u>1973</u>	% Change	% Change	
Revenue Passenger Miles, Class I Railroads (millions)						
Commutation	4,101 v	4.120 v	4.064 v	-0.1	-1.4	
Other passenger	14,396	1,249 r	1,238	-21.8*	-0.9	
Average Passenger Trip Length, Class I Railroads (miles)						
Commutation	21 a	22 g	22 a	0.5	0.0	
Other passenger	126	22	23	-15.6	4.5	
Revenue Ton-Miles, Class I Railroads (millions) Freight	621,737 s	776,746 <sup>r</sup> s	851,629 s	3.2	9.6	
Average Haul, Class I Railroads (miles) Freight	263.6 t	305.0 t	315.0 t	1.8	3.3	
Number of Fatalities, All Railroads <sup>1</sup>		_				
Passengers on trains	13 u	47 <sup>r</sup> u	6 w	-7.4	-87.2	
Employees on duty	165	127	157	-0.5	23.6	
Employees not on duty	8	6	3	-9.3	-50.0	
Other non-trespassers	1,384	1,228	1,134	-2.0	-7.7	
Trespassers	571	537	577	0.1	7.4	
Total	2,141	1,945	1.877	-1.3	-3.5	
	-,	2,5 20	1,011	1.0	0.0	

r = revised.

### Sources:

Association of American Railroads, Yearbook of Railroad Facts, 1973, a-14, b-13, e-15, f-51, g-54, h-50, j-58, k-48, l-38, m-40, n-37, o-39, s-29, v-32

Association of American Railroads, Statistics of Railroads of Class I, Years 1962 to 1972, Nov. 1973.

c-1, i-Table of Contents, p-11, q-7, t-5

Federal Railroad Administration, Summary & Analysis of Accidents on Railroads in U.S. No. 142, Table 6, 1973 plus Rail-Highway Grade Crossing Fatalities from the Federal Railroad Administration's Report Rail-Highway Grade Crossing Accidents, 1973.

w-4

Federal Railroad Administration, Summary & Analysis of Accidents on Railroads in U.S., 1963, 1972. u-Table 6

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes Amtrak operations and fatalities at rail-highway grade crossings.

<sup>\*</sup>NOTE: % decrease largely due to separation of Amtrak operations data, May 1971.

## RAIL PROFILE B. AMTRAK

	_					
					1963-1973* Average	
		1963*	1972	1973	Annual % Change	1972-1973 % Change
I.	FINANCIAL				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	70 Ollarige
	STATE OF THE PARTY					
	Revenues					
	Passenger		132,804,419 a			26.0
	Commutation		3,213,915	6,285,218		95.6
	Freight		129,590,504	161,029,129		24.3
	Mail		0 1,674,673	5,047,000		0.0 201.4
	Express		9,419	59,000		526.4
	Other		22,981,364	29,673,000		29.1
	Total operating revenues		157,469,875	202,093,347		28.3
	Operating Expenses		286,338,724	327,091,000		14.2
II.	INVENTORY					
	Mississing of Making.					
	Number of Vehicles Freight-carrying cars		0 <i>b</i>	0		
	Passenger train cars		1,382	1,717	b	0.0
	Locomotives		151	237		24.2 57.0
	Number of Companies		1 c	1	C	0.0
	Number of Employees		807 a	3,501		333.8
	Line Mileage		23,376 d	22,319	d	-4.5
III.	PERFORMANCE					
	Car Mileage (millions)					
	Freight		0.0 a	0.0	) a	0.0
	Passenger		200.6	226.0	)	12.7
	Train Mileage (millions)					
	Freight		0.0	0.0		0.0
	Passenger		26.3	27.2		3.4
	Locomotive Mileage (millions)					
	Freight		0.0	0.0		0.0
	Passenger		57.7	54.2		-6.1
	Revenue Passengers Carried (millions)			.= -		
	Commutation		3.0 14.0	3.2 13.7		6.7 $-2.1$
	Revenue Passenger Miles (millions)					A-1
	Commutation		108.0	181.6		68.1
	Other passenger		2,930.0	3,806.5		29.9

# RAIL PROFILE (cont.) B. (cont.)

	<u>1963</u> *	<u>1972</u>	1973	1963-1973* Average Annual % Change	1972-1973 % Change
Average Passenger Trip Length (miles)  Commutation  Other passenger		40 210	56 264		40.0 25.7
Revenue Ton-Miles (millions) Freight		0	0		0.0
Average Haul (miles) Freight		0	0		0.0

<sup>\*</sup>AMTRAK came into operation in May 1971, thus no 1963 figures are available.

Sources: Association of American Railroads, Statistics of Railroads of Class I, Aug. 1974.

a-16

Interstate Commerce Commission, Class I Railroads, Financial and Operating Statistics, Statement #100, Dec. 31, 1972, 1973. b-18, c-2, d-17

## **OIL PIPELINE PROFILE**

		1963	1972	1973	1963-1973 Average Annual % Change	1972-1973 % Change	_
I.	FINANCIAL						,
	Operating Revenues (\$ millions)	0.40			4900		
	ICC-regulated	840 a	1,338 a	1,446 a	5.6	8.1	
	Non-regulated	140	245	255	6.2	4.1	
	Total	980	1,593	1,701	5.7	6.8	
	Operating Expenses (\$ millions)						
	ICC-regulated	423.6 b	780.2 c	$844^{p}c$	7.1	8.2	
	Taxes, ICC-regulated Companies (\$ millions)						
	Federal	123.9	127.3	141.6 <sup>p</sup>	1.3	11.2	
	Other	43.0	91.9	99.7	8.8	8.5	
			02.0	00.1		1 1 2 2	
TT	INVENTORY						
11.	INVENTOR						
	Number of ICC-regulated Companies	89	99	100 <sup>p</sup>	1.2	1.0	
	Number of Employees, ICC-regulated						
	Companies	18,157	14,814	14,745	<b>-2</b> .1	-0.5	
	Mileage <sup>1</sup>	206,876	221,127 <sup>r</sup> e	222,355 e	0.7	0.6	
			22,22. 0	222,000 e		0.0	
***	BEREORIANOE						
ш.	PERFORMANCE					190	
	Intercity Ton-Miles (millions)						
	ICC-regulated	217,200 f	$402,000^{r}g$	20/0	n/a	m /n	
	Non-regulated	36,200	73.600°	n/a n/a	n/a	n/a n/a	
	Total	253,400	475,800 <sup>r</sup>	507,000 d	7.2	6.6	
	Tons Transported (millions)				× = =		
	Crude petroleum	352 i	488 i	400 :	9.4	0.00	
	Petroleum products	169 k	389 k	492 j	3.4 9.5	0.8 *	
	Total	521	877	420 912	9.5 5.8	8.0 4.0	
		021	011	912	0.0	4.0	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Regulated plus unregulated mileage of crude oil trunk and gathering lines, plus refined oil trunk lines.

Sources:

Association of Oil Pipelines, Shifts in Petroleum Transportation, April 30, 1973.

i-Table 2, k-Table 3

Interstate Commerce Commission, 88th Annual Report to Congress, 1974.

c-130, g-121, d-120

Interstate Commerce Commission, 84th Annual Report to Congress, 1970.

b-153,

Interstate Commerce Commission, 79th Annual Report to Congress, 1965; f-61

Transportation Association of America, Transportation Facts and Trends, April 1975, Quarterly Supplement, Dec. 1974. a-4, e-31 and Personal Communication

Association of Oil Pipelines, Personal Communication j

p = preliminary
r = revised

n/a = not available

# SELECTED PASSENGER AND CARGO PERFORMANCE INDICATORS BY MODE OF TRANSPORTATION, 1963, 1972, AND 1973

BW 

AIR CARRIER	<u>1963</u>	1972	1973
Revenue passenger-miles per capita			
Domestic operations			
Certificated, all services	207.0	585.0	621.7
Scheduled service	204.0	567.3	602.0
Non-scheduled service	3.0	17.7	19.7
International operations	3.0	11.1	19.7
Certificated, all services	75.3	202.6	209.2
Scheduled service	63.2	164.6	
Non-scheduled service	12.2	38.1	169.8
BART BART BATTLE	12.2	20.1	39.4
Revenue passenger-miles per aircraft (millions)			
Domestic and international operations,			
certificated route air carriers, all services	n/a	65.1	70.7
Available seat-miles per capita			
Domestic operations			
Certificated, all services	387.2	1,111.2	1,191.5
Scheduled service	383.3	1,088.3	1,166.1
Non-scheduled service	3.9	22.9	25.4
International operations	WITH BOD TOO THE	ned la metal.	20.1
Certificated, all services	133.0	327.3	353.4
Scheduled service	119.9	292.0	314.0
Non-scheduled service	13.1	35.3	39.4
Revenue ton-miles of freight <sup>1</sup> per capita			
Domestic operations			
Certificated, all services	4.5	12.6	13.7
Scheduled service	3.4	11.9	13.4
Non-scheduled service	1.1	0.7	0.3
International operations	2.1	LOUIS NO.	0.0
Certificated, all services	2.2	11.9	11.0
Scheduled service	2.0	8.3	9.1
Non-scheduled service	0.2	3.6	1.9

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Excludes ton-miles of mail, express, excess baggage, and passengers.

Note: Per capita figures are based on 1963, 1972, and 1973 total resident populations of 188,483,000; 208,230,000 and 209,844,000 respectively. (Excludes armed forces abroad.)

n/a - Not Available

GENERAL AVIATION	1963	1972	1973
Average number of persons per one eligible aircraft	2,215	1,436	1,367
Total number of miles flown per capita	10.9	16.0	17.8
Total number of miles flown per aircraft	24,075	22,875	24,284
Total flight time per capita (minutes)	4.8	7.8	8.6
Total number of hours flown per aircraft	177.5	185.5	195.4
HIGHWAY			
Average number of persons per one mile of rural highway	050.5	000.4	00-
Under state control	278.2	292.4	295.4
Under local control	80.3	92.5	93.3
Under Federal control	1,552.3	995.5	972.6
Total rural roads	59.9	65.6	65.1
Average number of persons per one mile of municipal highway			
Under state control	3,184.5	2,604.0	2,568.7
Under local control	453.3	390.3	381.8
Total municipal mileage	396.8	339.5	332.4
Average number of persons per one mile of rural			
and municipal highway	52.1	55.0	55.1
Average number of autos per one mile of rural highway			
Under state control	101.4	135.3	142.4
Under local control	29.3	42.8	45.0
Under Federal control	566.0	460.5	469.0
Total rural roads	21.9	30.4	31.9
Average number of autos per one mile of municipal highway			
Under state control	1,161.2	1,204.6	1,238.7
Under local control	165.3	1,204.6	184.1
Total municipal mileage	144.7	157.0	
	144./	191.0	160.3
Average number of autos per one mile of rural and			
municipal highway	19.0	25.4	26.6

41770170777			
AUTOMOBILE	<u>1963</u>	1972	1973
Average number of persons per registered vehicle	til burglenter per me		
Passenger cars and taxis	2.7	2.2	2.1
Motorcycles	244.3	55.2	48.4
Vehicle-miles of travel per capita, passenger cars,			
taxis, motorcycles			
Urban streets			古名ははかり
	1,571.1	2,725.5	2,822.1
Main rural roads	1,244.9	1,587.7	1,628.0
Local rural roads	479.4	505.9	489.1
Total travel	3,473.5	4,819.2	4,939.2
Passangay miles now comits			
Passenger-miles per capita, passenger cars			
and taxis, total travel	n/a	10,421.6	10,660.7
Vehicle-miles of travel per vehicle, passenger			
cars and taxis			
Urban streets	4 700 0	5 001 A	
Main rural roads	4,796.8	5,891.6	5,852.3
	3,413.9	3,432.0	3,376.2
Local rural roads	1,314.8	1,093.7	1,014.3
Total travel	9,525.6	10,417.3	10,242.8
Passenger-miles per vehicle, passenger	2		
cars and taxis			
cars and taxis	n/a	22,527.6	22,108.1
DITO			
BUS			
Average number of persons per intercity bus	9 020 0	0.0547	0.410.0
relate number of persons per intercity ous	8,932.8	9,254.7	9,410.0
Vehicle-miles per capita			
Commercial buses	15.1	13.2	12.1
School and non-revenue buses	8.7	11.3	
All buses			11.5
All buses	23.8	21.5	23.6
Vehicle-miles per capita, all buses			
Urban streets	11.1	10.2	9.7
Main rural roads	0.1		8.6
Local rural roads		8.6	
Total travel	4.7	5.7	5.3
Total travel	23.8	24.5	23.6
Revenue passenger-miles per capita			
Total intercity bus		4000	Walling II
rotal intercity bus	119.4	122.9	125.8
Revenue passenger-miles per vehicle			
Total intercity bus (millions)	1.1	1.1	1.0
(1000000)	7.1	1.1	1.2

TRUCK	1963	1972	1973
Average number of persons per registered truck			
Private and commercial	14.8	10.3	9.5
Federal	1,913.7	1,261.1	1,227.2
State, county, municipal	317.2	245.5	236.8
Total	14.0	9.8	9.0
Vehicle-miles per capita, all trucks			
Urban streets	280.2	<b>520</b> .8	539.2
Main rural roads	343.8	560.1	569.6
Local rural roads	128.8	166.4	164.2
Total travel	752.7	1,247.3	1,273.1
Vehicle-miles per truck registration			
Urban streets	3,933.8	5,106.2	4,870.4
Main rural roads	4,826.6	5,491.4	5,145.1
Local rural roads	1,807.9	1,631.5	1,483.1
Total travel	10,568.3	12,229.1	11,498.7
Intercity ton-miles per capita	1,760.3	2,257.1	2,406.5
LOCAL TRANSIT			
Revenue vehicle-miles per vehicle			940
Motor bus	30,832	26,653	28,381
Subway and elevated	43,624	40,985	43,390
Surface rail	27,847	26,871	27,780
Trolley coach	28,956	28,932	32,368
Total transit	32,509	28,921	30,787
Revenue vehicle-miles per capita			
Motor bus	8.1	6.3	6.5
Subway and elevated	2.1	1.9	1.9
Surface rail	0.3	0.2	0.1
Trolley coach	0.3	0.1	0.1
Total transit	10.7	8.4	8.7
Average number of persons per vehicle			
Motor bus	3,815.4	4,243.1	4,345.9
Subway and elevated	21,230.3	22,098.1	22,354.7
Surface rail	107,336.6	177,066.3	186,860.2
Trolley coach	87,463.1	202,165.0	264,287.2
Total transit	3,030.8	3,430.3	3,521.5

WATER TRANSPORT	1963	<u>1972</u>	<u>1973</u>
Ton-miles per capita, domestic water			
Coastwise	1,677.1	1,688.1	1,561.4
Internal	501.0	852.6	819.1
Lakewise	362.3	351.2	399.2
Local	9.3	6.6	6.6
Total	2,549.7	2,898.5	2,786.3
Domestic deep sea ton-miles per capita	1,294.5	1,267.8	1,077.0
Tons of freight hauled per capita, domestic water			
Coastwise	1.1	1.2	1.1
Internal	1.8	2.4	2.4
Lakewise	0.8	0.7	0.7
Local	0.5	0.4	0.4
Total	4.2	4.7	4.7
CLASS I RAILROADS			
Revenue passenger-miles per capita			
Commutation	21.8	19.8	19.4
Other	76.4	5.9	5.9
Total	98.1	25.7	25.3
Revenue passenger-miles per passenger car (millions)	0.8	1.0	1.2
Revenue ton-miles per capita	3,298.6	3,730.2	4,058.4
Revenue ton-miles per freight car (millions)	0.4	0.6	0.6
Average number of persons per vehicle			
Freight cars	124.6	147.6	150.4
Passenger cars	7,661.3	40,566.9	45,767.5
Locomotives	6,625.3	7,691.4	7,641.5
Total	120.4	144.3	147.0
OIL PIPELINE			
Intercity ton-miles per capita, regulated			
plus non-regulated pipelines	1,344.8	2,285.0	2,416.1
Intercity ton-miles per mile of line, regulated			
plus non-regulated lines (millions)	1.2	2.2	2.3
Tons of petroleum transported per capita	2.8	4.2	4.3
Tons of petroleum transported per mile of line	2,158.4	3,966.0	4,101.5

# TRANSPORTATION TRENDS

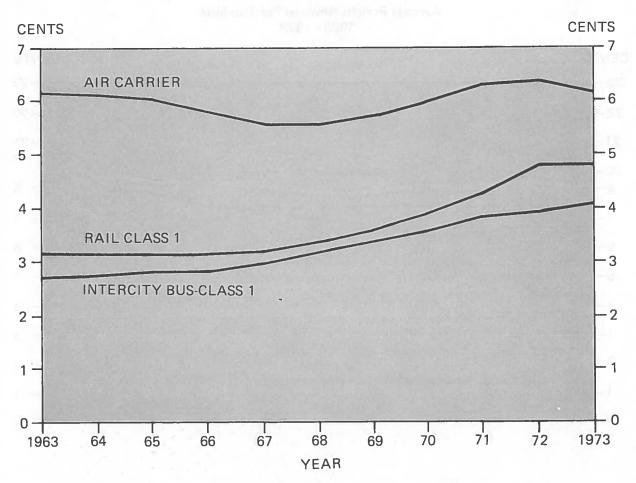
Table 1. Average Passenger Revenue Per Passenger-Mile, 1963-1973 (Cents)

	1963	1964	1965	1966	1967	1968	1969	1970	1971	1972	1973
Certificated air carrier											
domestic operations									0.00		
Total	6.17	6.12	6.06	5.83	5.64	5.61	5.79	6.00	6.32	6.40	6.13
First class	7.17	7.26	7.33	7.24	7.24	7.33	7.78	8.30	8.58	8.70	8.70
Coach plus economy	5.62	5.58	5.52	5.28	5.13	5.11	5.27	5.45	5.82	5.88	5.83
Class I rail <sup>2</sup>										·	
Total	3.18	3.17	3.18	3.18	3.20	3.39	3.61	3.92	4.25	4.80	4.88
Commutation	3.17	3.20	3.30	3.33	3.36	3.49	3.55	3.75	3.92	4.23	4.29
Other than commutation	3.18	3.16	3.14	3.13	3.13	3.33	3.63	4.02	4.85	6.60	6.81
Class I intercity bus <sup>3</sup>	2.78	2.80	2.88	2.89	2.98	3.18	3.39	3.60	3.83	3.98 <sup>r</sup>	4.05

r revised

Sources: See page 133.

Average Passenger Revenue Per Passenger-Mile 1963 - 1973



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Scheduled service.
<sup>2</sup> Excludes Amtrak service.
<sup>3</sup> Regular route intercity service.

Table 2. Average Freight Revenue Per Ton-Mile, 1963 - 1973 (Cents)

	1963	1964	1965	1966	1967	1968	1969	1970	1971	1972	1973
Air carrier certificated, domestic operations, scheduled service	21.72	20.97	20.46	20.21	19.90	19.97	21.03	21.91	22.61	22.75	22.65
Class I rail	1.31	1.28	1.27	1.26	1.27	1.31	1.35	1.43	1.59	1.62	1.62
Class I intercity motor carriers of property											_
Common	6.38	6.66	6.46	6.34	6.65	6.93	7.21	7.46	7.85	8.00	8.24
Contract	7.13	7.85	7.66	7.31	7.36	7.23	7.35	6.85	7.20	7.02	6.68
Oil pipelines	0.32	0.30	0.28	0.27	0.26	0.26	0.27	0.27	0.29	0.29	0.29
Class A and B water carriers	n/a	0.45	0.44	0.43	0.38	0.40	0.41	0.43	0.47	0.47	0.55

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Intercity service.

Sources: See page 134.

## Average Freight Revenue Per Ton-Mile 1963 - 1973

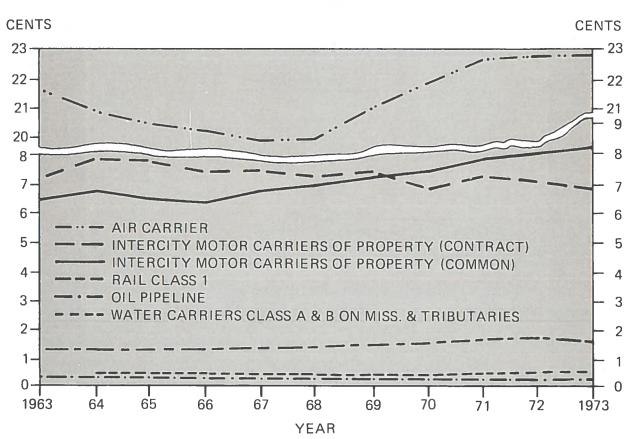
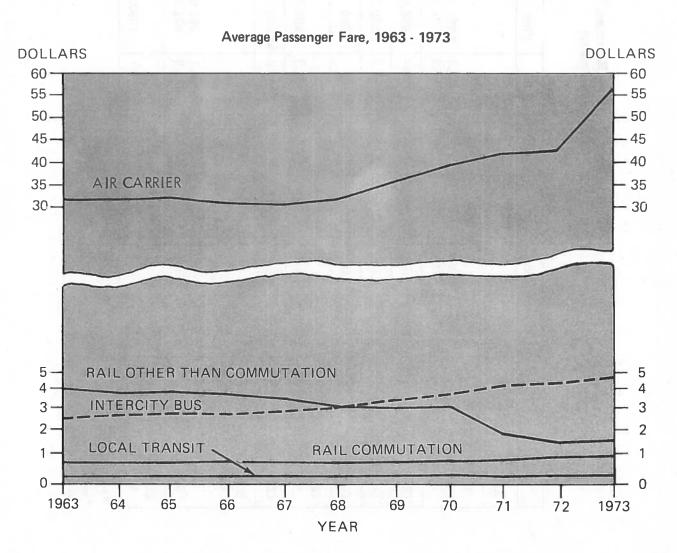


Table 3. Average Passenger Fare, 1963 - 1973 (Dollars)

	1963	1964	1965	1966	1967	1968	1969	1970	1971	1972	1973
Air carrier Certificated domestic operations scheduled service	34.22	34.13	34.12	33.40	33.15	33.70	37.52	40.71	43.08	43.87	56.56
Class I bus, intercity	2.52	2.55	2.73	2.71	2.79	2.91	3.55	3.81	4.19	4.25 <sup>r</sup>	4.69
Local transit Railway Surface rail Subway and elevated Total	0.23	0.23	0.24	0.24	0.23	0.24	0.25	0.27	0.26	0.27	0.27
	.16	.17	.17	.19	.21	.21	.22	.23	.24	.25	.26
	.17	.17	.17	.19	.21	.21	.22	.24	.24	.25	.26
Trolley coach Motor bus Grand total	.21	.21	.22	.22	.22	.23	.23	.24	.28	.28	.32
	.20	.20	.21	.21	.22	.23	.26	.29	.32	.34	.34
	.19	.19	.20	.21	.22	.23	.25	.28	.30	.31	.32
Class I rail Other than commutation Commutation	4.00	3.86	3.92	3.83	3.48	3.16	3.15	3.19	1.92²	1.47 <sup>2</sup>	1.54 <sup>2</sup>
	.67	.68	.71	.72	.72	.75	.78	.84	.87²	.93 <sup>2</sup>	.95 <sup>2</sup>

Sources: See page 134.



r Revised
1 Intercity regular route service.
2 Excludes AMTRAK service.

Table 4. Total Operating Revenues, 1963 - 1973 (Millions of Dollars)

J	1963	1964	1965	1966	1967	1968	1969	1970	1971	1972	1973
Air carrier, domestic and international Certificated, all services Supplemental	3,759.1 92.7	4,250.9	4,957.9	5,745.0	6,864.7	7,753.2	8,790.9	9,240.2 336.9	10,045.7	11,163.3	12,210.1 374.2
Class I bus, intercity	609.8	655.1	607.3	644.3	9.699	694.6	677.0	721.7	758.4	775.3 <sup>r</sup>	812.6P
Local transit	1,390.6	1,480.1	1,143.8	1,478.5	1,556.0	1,562.7	1,625.6	1,707.4	1,740.7	1,728.5	1,797.6
Oil pipeline	086	1,013	1,051	1,096	1,157	1,205	1,309	1,396	1,492	1,593	1,701
Class I intercity motor carriers of property	5,756.4	6,199.5	7,130.7	7,896.6	8,091.3	9,592.8	10,769.7	11,137.0 13,011	13,011	$14,994^{\mathbf{I}}$	16,478P
Class I rail	9,559.5	9,856.5	10,207.8	10,654.6	10,366.0	10,854.7	11,450.3	11,991.7 12,689.0	12,689.0	13,411.1	14,796.0
Water transport Classes A and B carriers, inland and coastal Maritime carriers	258.1 652.7	257.9	282.6 678.9	298.1 654.5	296.1 673.9	307.6 801.9	327.5 739.3	371.8 832.7	394.0 749.0	$\frac{416.5^{\Gamma}}{884.9^{\Gamma}}$	$445.3^{\mathrm{p}} \\ 1,087.2^{\mathrm{p}}$
Class A freight forwarders	152.2	156.2	155.4	180.0	185.7	196.9	211.1	211.0	216.1	252.7 <sup>r</sup>	325.7 P

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Total Operating Revenues, 1963 - 1973

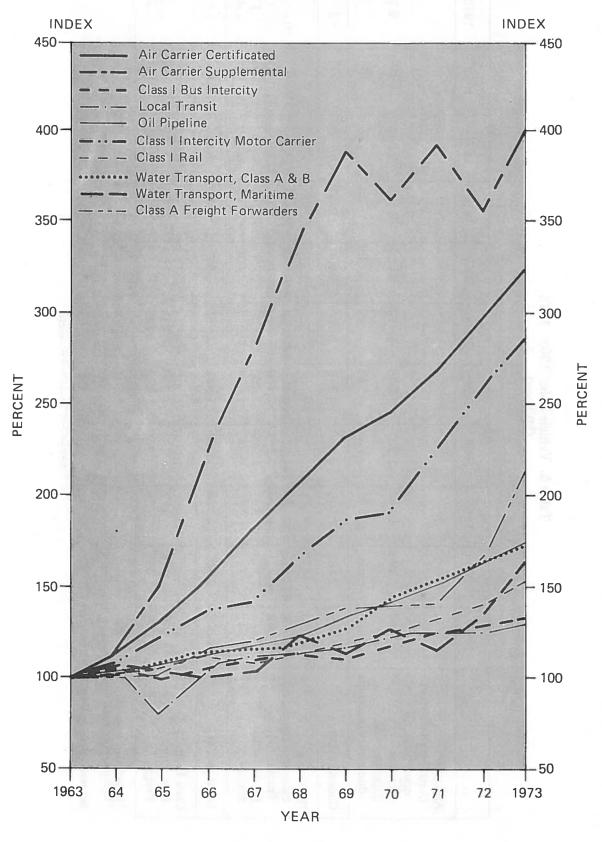


Table 5. Vehicle-Miles, 1963 - 1973 (Millions)

	4	4	െ	2	N)	0.0
1973	2.194	34	3.729	1.016.861 267.147 1.175 2.412	1.835	33
1972	2,042	34	3,571	986,407 259,735 1.182r 2,359	1,756	33 <sup>2</sup> 451 <sup>2</sup>
1971	2,045	36	3,143	939,102 227,037 1,202 2,212	1,846	$53^{2}$ $430^{2}$
1970	2,065	34	3,207	890,844 214,670 1,209 2,100	1,883	93
1969	2,080	43	3,926	849,633 206,680 1,195 2,030	1,967	107
1968	1,779	20	3,700	805,693 196,651 1,190 1,937	1,989	123 429
1967	1,538	42	3,440	766,466 182,456 1,205 1,870	1,997	150 420
1966	1,237	n/a	3,336	744,844 173,905 1,200 1,884	1,984	164 437
1965	1,134	n/a	2,562	706,386 171,436 1,157 1,763	2,008	172 421
1964	866	n/a	2,181	677,613 <sup>1</sup> 164,271 1,183 1,724	2,016	184
1963	926	n/a	2,049	645,371 <sup>1</sup> 155,569 1,155 1,642	2,022	189
	Air carrier Certificated domestic operations, all services	Supplemental domestic operations	General aviation	Highway Passenger car and taxi   645,371   677,613   Truck   155,569   164,271   Intercity bus   1,155   1,183   School bus   1,642   1,724	Local transit	Class I rail Passenger Freight

<sup>1</sup> Includes motorcycles. <sup>2</sup> Excludes AMTRAK operations.

Sources: See pages 135 and 136.

Vehicle-Miles, 1963 - 1973

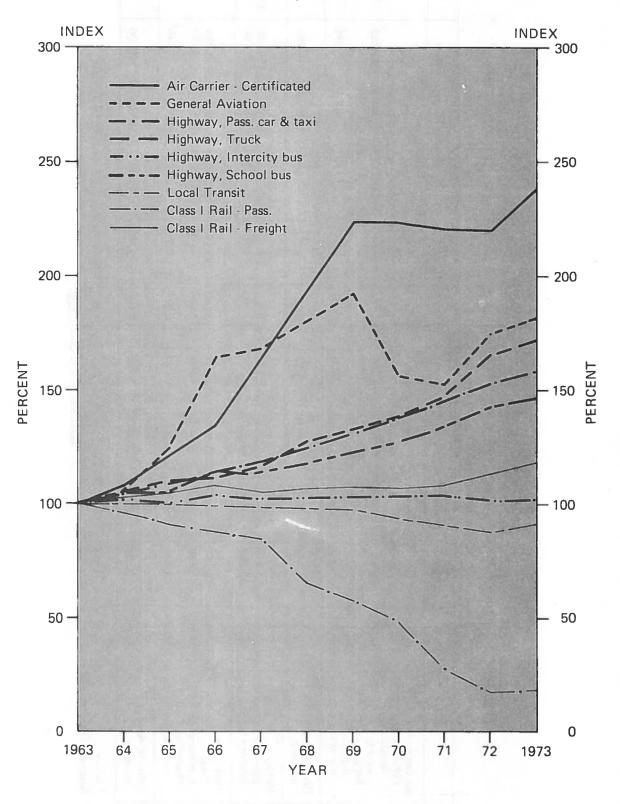


Table 6. Passenger-Miles, 1963 - 1973 (Millions)

1973		162,224	1,995	10,700	2,237,094	5,302	1,238	4,000
1972		121,820	1,281	10,000	2,170,095	5,354	1,249 <sup>r</sup>	4,000
1971		109,804	914	9,300	2,066,024	6,908	2,481	4,100
1970		108,451	1,057	9,100	1,959,857	10,771	6,179	4,000
1969		109,541	1,560	8,800	1,869,193 24,900	12,168 4,546	7,623	3,800
1968		92,112	1,620	8,200	1,772,525	13,120	8,737	3,500
1967		79,522	709	7,000	1,686,225	15,201	10,920	3,400
1966		63,085	n/a	5,700	1,638,657	17,096	12,903	3,400
1965		53,226	n/a	4,400	1,554,049	17,388 4,128	13,260	3,100
1964		45,046	n/a	3,700	1,490,749	18,247	14,048	2,800
1963		39,016	n/a	3,400	1,419,816	18,497	14,396	2,800
	Air carner Certificated domestic	operations, all services	domestic operations	General aviation, intercity	Highway Passenger car and taxi Intercity bus 22,500	Class I Rail Total Commutation	Other than commutation	Domestic water, intercity

r revised Sources: See page 136.

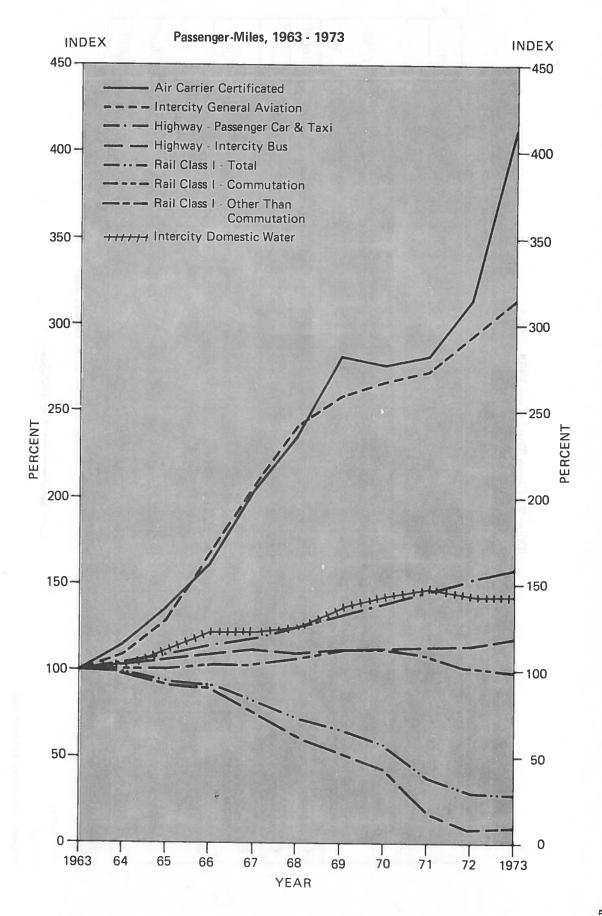


Table 7. Cargo Ton-Miles, 1963 - 1973 (Millions)

	1963	1964	1965	1966	1967	1968	1969	1970	1971	1972	1973
Air carrier Certificated domestic				n							
operations, all services!	1,099	1,294	1,670	1,985	2,310	2,590	3,295	3,010	3,151	3,403	4,759
Supplemental domestic operations <sup>2</sup>	219	268	298	425	442	494	469	391	306	259	281
Oil pipeline	253,431	268,655	306,393	332,916	361,041	391,300	411,000	431,000	444,000	475,800r	507,000P
Class I rail	621,737	628,639	697,878	738,395	719,498	744,023	767,841	764,809	739,743	776,746r	851,692
Motor vehicles, intercity	336,000	356,000	359,000	380,917	388,500	396,300	404,000	412,000 445,000	445,000	470,000	505,000P
Water transport Inland waterways, including Great											
Lakes	234,172	234,172 250,165	262,421	280,527	281,400 291,409	291,409	302,901	318,560 315,030	315,030	338,693r	357,500P
oral domestic system	480,577	480,577 488,829	489,803	507,084	515,387	520,633	528,897	596,195	593,164	603,542	584,691

<sup>1</sup> Includes revenue ton-miles of freight, U.S. and foreign mail, and express.
<sup>2</sup> Includes revenue ton-miles of freight and express. Supplemental carriers are not ordinarily authorized to carry mail.

**P**Preliminary

revised

Sources: See pages 136 and 137.



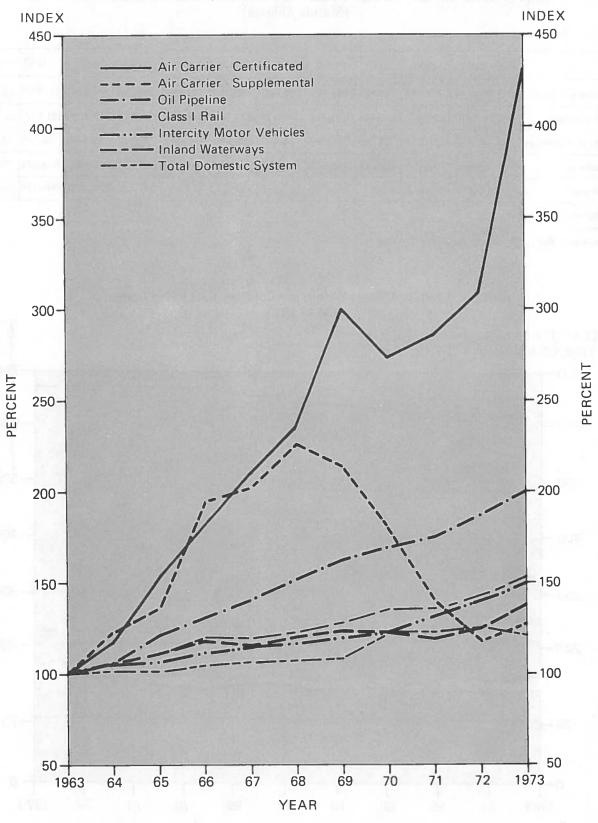


Table 8. Basic Intercity Mileage Within the Continental United States, 1963 - 1973 (Statute Mileage)

	1963	1964	1965	1966	1967	1968	1969	1970	1971	1972	1973
Railroads, all line haul	214,387	212,603	211,925	211,107	209,826	208,648	207,526	206,265	205,220 <sup>r</sup>	203,299 <sup>r</sup>	201,300
Oil pipelines <sup>i</sup>	206,876	210,807	213,764	216,745	209,478	213,555	216,453	218,617 <sup>r</sup>	219,899 <sup>r</sup>	221,127 <sup>r</sup>	222,355
Inland waterways	25,260	25,380	25,380	25,380	25,380	25,380	25,543	25,543	25,543	25,543	25,543
Highways	594,412	606,154	617,114	628,600	640,313	648,768	657,601	665,903	672,838	678,285	679,38
Airways	252,325	263,348	288,275	259,083	264,165	277,554	283,861	291,231	295,301	300,126	304,26

Includes gathering lines.

r revised

Sources: See page 137.

# Basic Intercity Mileage Within the Continential United States 1963 - 1973

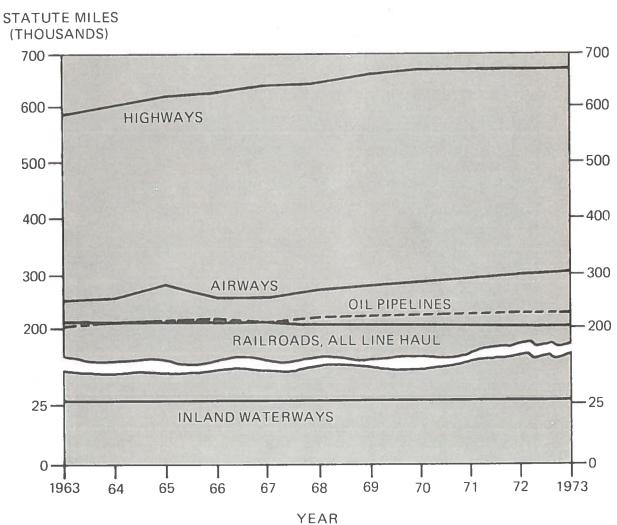


Table 9. Number of Vehicles, 1963 - 1973

	Air Carrier Domestic and International certificated all services Domestic and International supplemental Total	General Aviation	Motorcycle	Passenger Car & Taxi	Intercity Bus	Local Transit Motorbus Subway & Elevated Surface Rail Trolley Coach Total	Class I Rail Freight Cars Locomotives Passenger Cars & Pullman Total	Truck Combinations Single Unit Total	Nonself-propelled vessels Dry Cargo Barges & Scows Tank Barges Total	Towboats & Tug	Total Vessels
1963	n/a   n/a   n/a	85,088	786,318	69,055,428	21,100	49,400 8,878 1,756 2,155 62,189	1,512,306 28,449 24,602 1,565,357	706,000 12,654,000 13,360,000	14,415 2,739 17,154	4,205	21,359
1964	1,894 210 2,124	88,742	984,763	71,982,740	21,500	49,200 9,061 1,553 1,865 61,679	1,488,385 28,300 23,057 1,539,742	738,000 13,275,000 14,013,000	14,432 2,649 17,081	3,994	21,075
1965	n/a n/a n/a	95,442	1,381,956	75,251,386	20,600	49,600 9,115 1,549 1,453 61,717	1,478,005 27,816 21,327 1,527,148	787,000 14,008,000 14,795,000	14,241 2,548 16,789	4,054	20,843
1966	2,082 237 2,319	104,706	1,752,801	78,122,965	21,500	50,130 9,273 1,407 1,326 62,136	1,488,115 27,886 20,016 1,536,017	823,000 14,694,000 15,517,000	14,241 2,548 16,789	4,054	20,843
1967	n/a n/a n/a	114,186	1,953,022	80,414,180	21,900	50,180 9,257 1,388 1,244 62,069	1,477,166 27,687 18,610 1,523,463	830,000 15,363,000 16,193,000	15,830 2,781 18,611	4,395	23,006
1968	2,406 232 2,638	124,237	2,100,547	83,692,699	22,100	50,000 9,390 1,355 1,185 61,930	1,453,883 27,376 15,384 1,496,643	871,000 16,124,000 16,995,000	15,379 3,001 18,380	4,284	22,664
1969	n/a n/a n/a	130,806	2,315,916	86,861,334	22,700	49,600 9,343 1,322 1,082 61,347	1,434,824 27,033 12,426 1,474,283	929,000 16,942,000 17,871,000	15,379 3,001 18,380	4,284	22,664
1970	2,569 195 2,690	131,743	2,814,730	89,279,864	23,100	49,700 9,338 1,262 1,050 61,350	1,423,921 27,086 11,177 1,462,184	960,000 17,778,000 18,748,000	15,890 3,281 19,171	4,248	23,419
1971	2,536 184 2,720	131,148	3,345,179	92,799,052	23,000	49,150 9,325 1,225 1,037 60,737	$1,422,411$ $27,189^{r}$ $7,505$ $1,457,105^{r}$	974,000 18,828,000 19,802,000	16,439 3,185 19,624	4,230	23,854
1972	2,518 156 2,674	145,010	3,774,996		22,500 <sup>r</sup>	49,075 9,423 1,176 1,030 60,704	1,410,568 27,073 5,133 <sup>r</sup> 1,442,774 <sup>r</sup>	990,000 20,249,000 21,239,000	17,527 3,420 20,947	4,278	25,225
1973	2,467 133 2,600	153,540	4,332,580	101,188,735	22,300	48,286 9,726 1,080 1,013 60,105	1,395,105 27,461 4,585 1,427,151	1,028,000 22,205,000 23,233,000	18,804 3,313 22,117	4,064	26,181

revised Sources: See pages 137 and 138.

1 2 

# SUPPLEMENTARY DATA Part 1: Transportation and the Economy

Table 10. Personal Consumption Expenditures by Transportation Sector, 1963 - 1973 (Millions of Dollars)

	1963	1964	1965	1966	1967	1968	1969	1970	1971	1972	1973
Transportation Total	49,140	51,753	57,825	60,489	62,588	71,983	77,722	77,776	90,489 <sup>r</sup>	99,949 <sup>r</sup>	109,228
User-Operated Transportation  Total  New Cars and Net Purchases of Used Cars Tires, Tubes, Accessories and Parts Maintenance Gasoline & Oil Tolls Insurance	45,695 21,549 2,707 5,591 13,457 344 2,047	48,161 22,814 2,970 5,683 14,129 381 2,184	54,053 26,670 3,168 6,187 15,146 2,478	56,446 26,805 3,520 6,419 16,562 447 2,693	58,163 26,646 3,848 6,637 17,619 464 2,949	67,265 32,979 4,479 7,292 18,992 504 3,019	72,639 35,087 5,157 7,948 20,894 540	72,250 31,595 5,702 8,719 22,211 545 3,478	84,648 <sup>r</sup> 40,328 <sup>r</sup> 6,298 <sup>r</sup> 9,624 <sup>r</sup> 23,498 <sup>r</sup> 4,317	93,768 <sup>r</sup> 45,986 <sup>r</sup> 7,148 <sup>r</sup> 10,255 <sup>r</sup> 24,993 <sup>r</sup> 4,767 <sup>r</sup>	102,621 50,039 7,491 11,385 28,307 652 4,747
Purchased Local Transportation Total Street, Electric, Railway and Local Bus Taxicab Railway (commutation)	1,977 1,252 595 130	1,988 1,261 593 134	2,022 1,278 607 137	2,099 1,317 642 140	2,216 1,385 687 144	2,266 1,397 716 153	2,386 1,477 747 162	2,505 1,557 776 172	2,579 <sup>r</sup> 1,579 824 <sup>r</sup> 176	2,586 <sup>r</sup> 1,568 841 <sup>r</sup> 177	2,616 1,600 836 180
Purchased Intercity Transportation Total Railway (non-commutation) Intercity Bus Airline Other	1,468 268 316 853 31	1,604 262 324 985 33	1,750 242 329 1,145	1,944 240 356 1,318 30	2,209 206 358 1,617 28	2,452 177 365 1,879 31	2,747 164 377 2,172 34	3,021 148 391 2,446 36	3,262 <sup>r</sup> 122 413 <sup>r</sup> 2,690 37 <sup>r</sup>	3,595 <sup>r</sup> 137 414 <sup>r</sup> 3,004 <sup>r</sup>	3,991 156 435 3,358 42

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Personal Consumption Expenditures by Transportation Sector, 1963 - 1973

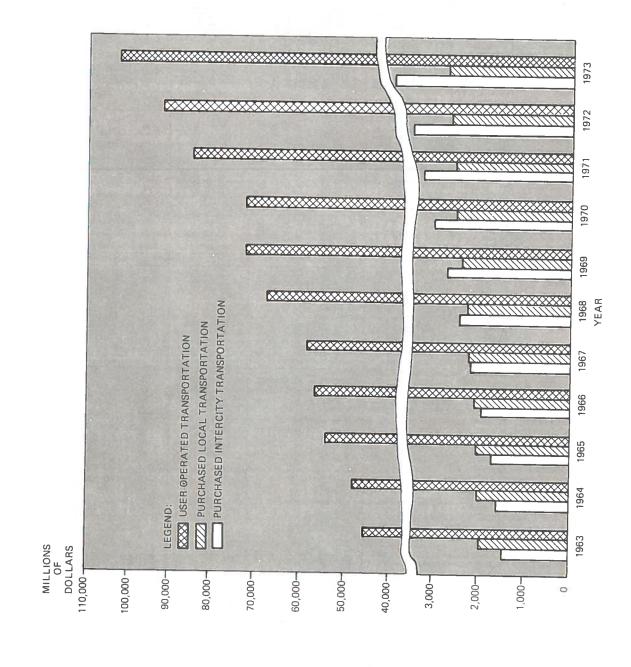


Table 11. Personal Consumption Expenditures by Type of Product, 1963 - 1973 (Millions of Dollars)

	1963	1964	1965	1966	1967	1968	1969	1970	1971³	1972³	1973
Food and tobacco <sup>1</sup>	800,96	100,671	106,791	114,621	117,744	125,134	130,707	141,181	147,680 <sup>r</sup>	156,438 <sup>r</sup>	178,676
Clothing accessories and jewelry	37,049	40,564	43,427	48,360	50,995	55,474	59,924	62,834	67,241 <sup>r</sup>	73,633 <sup>r</sup>	81,274
Personal care	6,530	7,032	7,509	8,068	8,558	9,049	9,760	10,420	10,621 <sup>r</sup>	11,443 <sup>r</sup>	12,315
Housing	55,410	59,189	63,157	67,506	71,848	77,311	84,141	90,926	99,117 <sup>r</sup>	107,895 <sup>r</sup>	116,367
Household operation	54,127	58,255	61,877	66,786	70,514	76,125	82,294	87,360	93,785 <sup>r</sup>	$105,057^{\Gamma}$	117,509
Medical care expenses	23,340	25,681	28,120	31,142	34,491	37,767	42,814	47,401	$51,764^{\rm r}$	$57,230^{\rm r}$	62,726
Personal business	18,422	20,066	22,055	24,287	26,182	29,532	33,277	35,314	$38,131^{\Gamma}$	41,421 <sup>r</sup>	45,183
Transportation <sup>2</sup>	49,140	51,753	57,825	60,489	62,588	71,983	77,772	77,776	90,489 <sup>r</sup>	99,949 <sup>r</sup>	109,228
Recreation	22,213	24,573	26,304	28,850	30,758	33,623	36,901	40,653	42,900 <sup>r</sup>	48,123 <sup>r</sup>	52,280
Private education and research	4,736	5,217	5,585	6,608	7,576	8,690	9,536	10,363	10,887 <sup>r</sup>	11,934 <sup>r</sup>	13,225
Religious and welfare activities	5,262	5,527	5,609	6,421	6,948	7,605	8,084	8,601	9,203 <sup>r</sup>	10,096	10,843
Foreign travel	2,745	2,828	3,206	3,196	3,864	3,795	4,247	4,815	5,217 <sup>r</sup>	5,798 <sup>r</sup>	5,595
Total	374,982	401,356	431,465	466,334	492,066	536,178	579,457	617,644	667,125 <sup>r</sup>	729,017 <sup>r</sup>	805,221

Includes consumer expenditures for alcoholic beverages.

Excluding foreign travel

Figures in the 1971-72 columns are all revised.

<sup>r</sup>Revised Sources: See page 138.

Personal Consumption Expenditures by Type of Product, 1963 - 1973 9. FOOD & TOBACCO HOUSEHOLD OPERATION HOUSING CLOTHING ACCESSORIES AND JEWELRY MEDICAL CARE EXPENSES PRIVATE EDUCATION AND RESEARCH PERSONAL CARE RELIGIOUS AND WELFARE ACTIVITIES PERSONAL BUSINESS RECREATION TRANSPORTATION **FOREIGN TRAVEL** 

.09

1 Excluding foreign travel.

BILLIONS OF DOLLARS

Table 12. National Income by Transportation Sector, 1963 - 1973 (Millions of Dollars)

	1963	1964	1965	1966	1967	1968	1969	1970	1971 1	1972 '	1973
Total	20,025	21,372	22,926	24,853	25,223	26,909	28,739	29,824	32,775	36,592	40,381
Railway	6,634	6,795	7,084	7,327	6,821	6,992	7,351	7,358	8,016	8,581	9,587
Local, suburban, and highway passenger	1,716	1,771	1,857	1,951	2,049	2,210	2,163	2,285	2,411	2,469	2,522
Motor freight and warehousing	6,913	7,463	8,185	8,998	9,178	10,326	11,211	11,632	13,329	15,280	17,060
Water	1,815	2,001	2,010	2,274	2,320	2,476	2,392	2,502	2,328	2,453	2,705
Air	1,881	2,229	2,574	3,027	3,456	3,556	4,120	4,374	4,968	5,828	6,343
Pipeline	426	429	454	412	423	414	447	518	546	635	695
Transportation services	640	684	754	864	976	935	1,055	1,155	1,177	1,346	1,469

1 Figures in the 1971-72 columns are all revised.

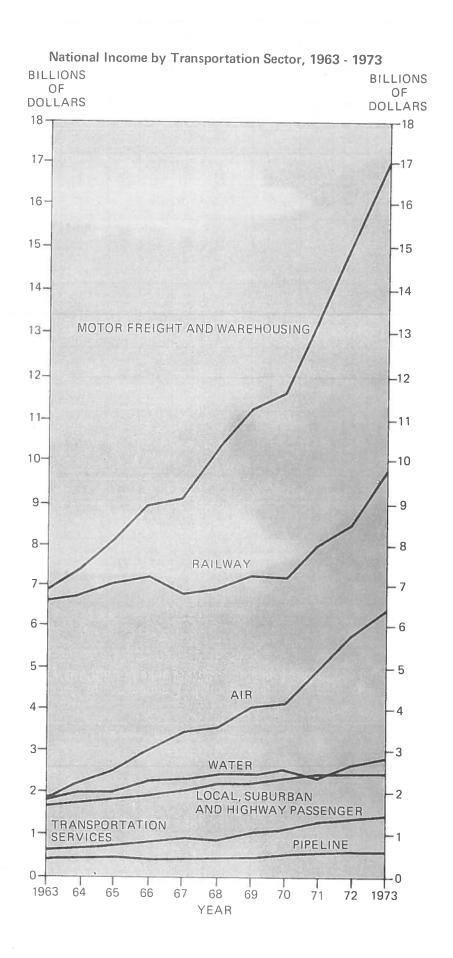


Table 13. Average Annual Earnings Per Full-Time Employees by Transportation Sector, 1963 - 1973 (Dollars)

	1963	1964	1965	1966	1967	1968	1969	1970	1971	1972	1973
Total	6,852	7,161	7,473	7,785	8,129	8,676	9,321	9,988	10,918 <sup>r</sup>	11,738 <sup>r</sup>	12,740
Railway	6,762	7,026	7,407	7,660	8,034	8,585	9,230	10,013	11,208 <sup>r</sup>	11,824 <sup>r</sup>	13,526
Local, suburban, and highway passenger	5,120	5,281	5,436	5,615	5,801	6,101	6,296	6,596	6,909 <sup>r</sup>	7,190 <sup>r</sup>	7,538
Motor freight and warehousing	7,328	7,719	8,030	8,362	8,672	9,287	9,906	10,430	11,587 <sup>r</sup>	12,649 <sup>r</sup>	13,594
Water	7,317	7,507	7,770	8,310	8,619	9,120	9,990	10,662	10,994 r	11,530 <sup>r</sup>	12,292
Air	7,443	7,869	8,122	8,363	8,846	9,363	10,270	11,407	12,294	13,261 <sup>r</sup>	13,936
Pipeline	7,800	8,105	8,053	8,667	8,778	9,222	9,722	10,706	11,412	11,882 <sup>r</sup>	13,063
Transportation services	6,078	6,288	6,518	6,761	7,120	7,570	8,020	8,608	9,029	9,627 <sup>r</sup>	10,13

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Average Annual Earnings Per Full-Time Employees by Transportation Sector, 1963 - 1973

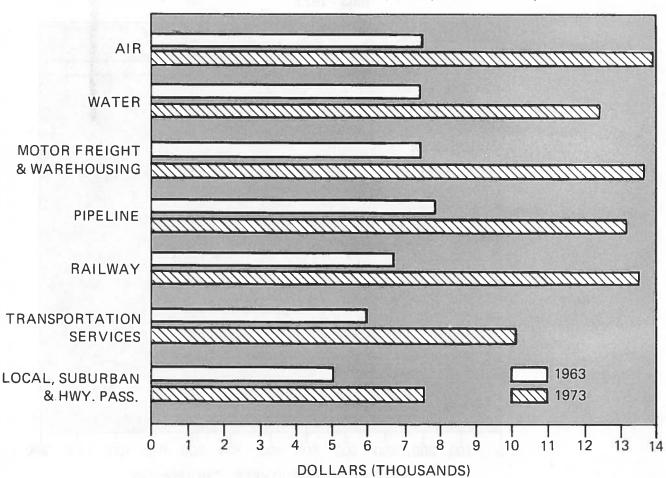


Table 14. Average Annual Number of Full-Time and Part-Time Employees by Transportation Sector, 1963 - 1973 (Thousands)

	1963	1964	1965	1966	1967	1968	1969	1970	1971	1972	1973
Total	2,470	2,494	2,537	2,614	2,656	2,694	2,725	2,688	2,635 <sup>r</sup>	2,645 <sup>r</sup>	2,691
Railway	770	755	738	724	696	667	643	626	597	575	565
Local, suburban, and highway passenger	270	<b>26</b> 8	269	272	279	280	280	280	277	265 <sup>r</sup>	265
Motor freight and warehousing	902	921	965	1,008	1,021	1,055	1,093	1,079	1,089 <sup>r</sup>	1,126 <sup>r</sup>	1,170
Water	221	230	226	240	242	241	227	220	200	203	201
Air	203	213	229	256	299	331	356	354	343	348 <sup>r</sup>	357
Pipeline	20	19	19	18	18	18	18	17	17	17	16
Services	84	88	91	96	101	102	108	112	112	111 <sup>r</sup>	117

r revised

Average Annual Number of Full-Time and Part-Time Employees by Transportation Sector, 1963 - 1973

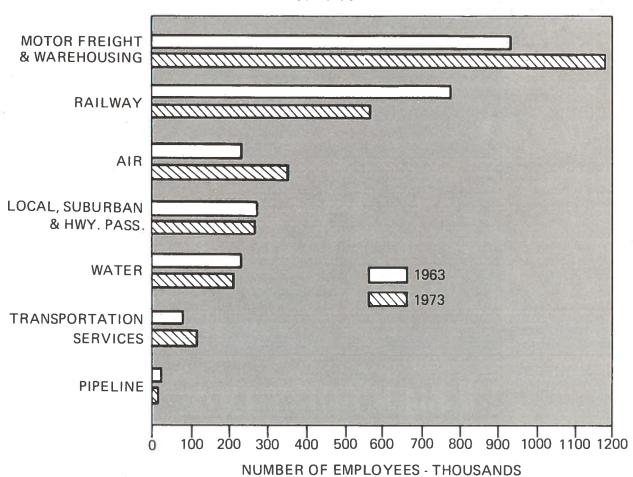
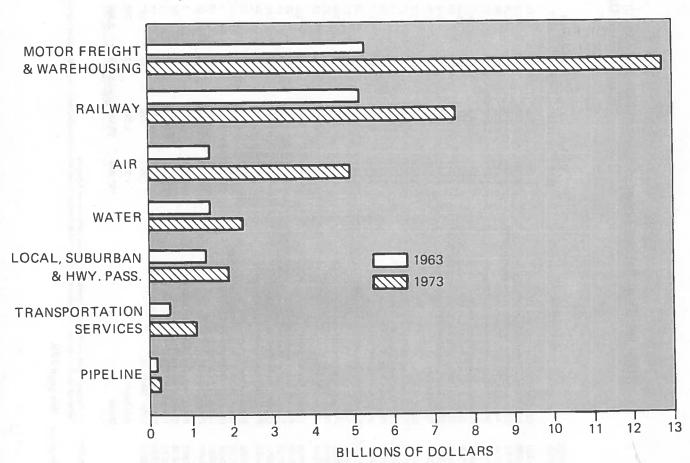


Table 15. Wages and Salaries by Transportation Sector, 1963 - 1973 (Millions of Dollars)

	1963	1964	1965	1966	1967	1968	1969	1970	1971	19721	1973
Total	15,417	16,248	17,217	18,458	19,574	21,160	22,977	24,270	25,953 r	27,949 r	30,856
Railway	5,207	5,305	5,466	5,546	5,592	5,726	5,935	6,268	6,691 r	6,799 r	7,642
Local, suburban, and highway passenger	1,321	1,352	1,397	1,460	1,543	1,629	1,681	1,761	1,824 r	1,819 r	1,907
Motor freight and warehousing	5,298	5,702	6,215	6,765	7,102	7,857	8,688	9,032	10,127 r	11.422 r	12,765
Water	1,456	1,554	1,585	1,795	1,879	1,979	2,048	2,111 r	1,979 r	2,110 r	2,274
Air	1,511	1,676	1,860	2,141	2,645	3,099	3,656	4,038	4,217	4,615 r	4,975
Pipeline	156	154	153	156	158	166	175	182	194	202 r	209
Services	468	503	541	595	655	704	794	878	921	982 r	1,084

<sup>1</sup> All figures in 1972 column are revised.

Wages and Salaries by Transportation Sector, 1963 - 1973



r revised

Table 16. Theft-Related Losses of Selected Commodities for Class I Motor Common Carriers of General Freight (Thousands of Dollars)

& Pilferage Hijacking Theft-Rela 1973 1972 1973 1972	2,363         2,145         204         160         11,031         11,442           300         325         263         51         6,250         7,083           787         796         369         127         3,573         3,665           125         98         2         20         2,298         2,626           68         49         38         27         1,887         2,383	109         142         10         2         1,679         2,146           156         128         90         67         1,838         2,105           136         89         9         4         1,691         1,946           190         165         20         8         1,659         1,817           120         100         6         47         1,628         1,812	297         277         25         69         1,646           21         28         4         2         1,283           50         19         6         70         1,349           23         18         3         15         1,242           147         146         48         23         1,348	69 90 19 65 1,142 55 31 65 1 1,212 104 139 6 39 718 52 37 32 52 1,030 49 55 4 6 894	106         126         30         164         1,005           49         42         53         95         875           14         15         0         31         743           225         188         18         115         953           18         34         6         0         874	22     37     2     2     723       80     174     5     115     640       15     4     4     2     740       16     15     5     0     799       35     18     1     1     655	5         3         0         1         609           61         86         0         1         476           29         11         1         6         525           17         15         2         0         564           129         144         3         4         454
. ,	8,463 9,138 5,686 6,707 2,418 2,642 2,172 2,507 1,781 2,307	1,560 2,003 1,592 1,911 1,546 1,853 1,448 1,644 1,502 1,664	1,324 1,295 1,268 1,525 1,293 1,458 1,216 1,414 1,153 1,242	1,054 1,180 1,092 1,143 607 948 946 1,027 842 1,055	869 768 772 900 729 982 710 682 850 928	699 908 566 623 721 837 778 823 619 738	604 700 414 571 495 638 545 636 322 476
Commodities 19	Clothing, Except Fur or Fur Trimmed Miscellaneous Freight Shipments, N.O.I.  TV and Radio Sets, Recorders, Amplifiers, Parts Auto, Bus, Truck Parts, Accessories Metal Products, Fabricated, N.O.I.	pt Power Tools , Knit, Misc. Mill Products, N.O.I. nery, Equipment Supplies, N.O.I. 1d Sporting Goods	Shoes  Plastic and Rubber Products, N.O.I.  Food; Canned, Dried, Preserved, Pickled  Paper, and Paper Products  Household Appliances	Misc. Fabricated 1 s, Cosmetics 1 e, Plated Ware Biological Products	Watches, Clocks, Parts Food or Allied Products, N.O.I. Lamps, Shades, Electric Lighting Equipment, Parts Cameras, Photo Equipment, Supplies Soaps, Detergents, Cleaning Compounds	Furniture and Fixtures Metal, Sheet, Castings, Forgings, Stampings Chemicals or Allied Products, N.O.I. Candy and Confectionery Printed Matter	Paints, Varnishes, Enamels, Lacquers Tools, Power and Machine Carpets and Rugs Plumbing and Heating Fixtures, Supplies Office Machines
	Clothing, E Miscellaneo TV and Rac Auto, Bus, Metal Produ	Hardware, Exceller, Woven Textiles, Woven Electrical Machi Toys, Games, an Tires and Tubes	Shoes Plastic and Food; Can Paper, and	Textile Products, Toilet Preparation Jewelry, Silverwar Drugs, Medicines, Machinery, N.O.I.	Watches, Food or A Lamps, Sl Cameras, Soaps, De	Furniture and Metal, Sheet, C Chemicals or A Candy and Cor Printed Matter	Paints, Varnishes, Tools, Power and Carpets and Rugs Plumbing and Hea

NOTE: Theft-related losses are the sum of shortage, theft and pilferage and hijacking.

Operating losses are the sum of concealed damage, visible damage, wreck and catastrophe, delay, heat, cold, water and other.

# SUPPLEMENTARY DATA Part 2: Transportation, Energy, and the Environment

Table 17. Fuel Consumption by Mode, 1963 - 1973

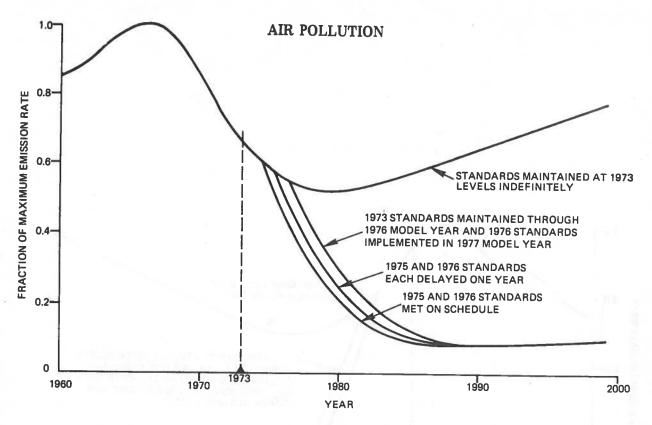
	1963	1964	1965	1966	1967	1968	1969	1970	1971	1972	1973
Class I Railroads											
Locomotives								2.7			
Diesel Oil, gals × 106	3,537	3,624	3,736	3,920	3,883	3,917	3,919	3,804	3,819	3,999	4,141
Fuel Oil, gals × 106	90	85	77	65	47	42	33	_	_	_	_
Electricity, KWH × 106	1,018	931	933	922	832	750	610	578	534	608 r	346
Coal, tons	7,332	6,831	3,695	3,235	2,310	1,669	1,137	1,238	1,191	1,400	1,202
Motor Cars		•									
Diesel Oil, gals X 10 <sup>6</sup>	7	7	6	6	6	5	5	8	4	3	3
Electricity, KWH × 106	591	583	576	576	580	567	538	763	756	715	901
Gasoline, gals	7,591	4,585	-	-	_	_		_	_	-	_
Air											
Certificated Carriers											
Aviation Gasoline, gals × 10 <sup>6</sup>	651	589	519	398	268	128	33	15	12	13	11
Jet Fuel, gals × 10 <sup>6</sup>	3,291	3,830	4,650	5,670	7,523	8,891	10,113	10.085	10,140	10,302	10,671
General Aviation	0,201	0,000	.,000	-,	.,	-,	,		•	•	
	250	262	292	375	396	495	522	551	508	584	n/a
Aviation Gasoline, gals × 10 <sup>6</sup>	32	41	81	106	138	n/a	168	208	226	245	n/a
Jet Fuel, gals × 10 <sup>6</sup>	32	41	01	100	100	**/**	200			210	,
Highway											
Gasoline, gals × 10 <sup>6</sup>								05.010	00.010	50 101	EE 010
Pass. Cars + Taxis	45,246*	47,567*	50,206	53,220	55,007	58,413	62,325	65,649	69,213	73,121	77,619
Motorcycles	_	_	69	92	103	111	123	135	301	342	392
Diesel + Gasoline, gals × 106											
Commercial Buses	606	622	645	637	646	655	657	644	631	561	520
School Buses	232	242	249	259	264	277	290	300	316	320	327
Single-unit Trucks <sup>1</sup>	12,348	13,199	13,504	13,636	14,470	15,674	16,528	17,237	18,221	22,118	22,755
Combination Trucks	6,084	6,271	6,431	6,779	7,203	7,808	8,199	8,363	8,865	8,600	8,860
Water											
Vessels <sup>2</sup>											
Residual Fuel Oil, gals X 106	3,213	3,487	3,093	3,093	3,389	3,678	3,506	3,774	3,307	3,273	3,859
Distillate Fuel Oil, gals X 106	636	672	652	699	734	766	793	819	880	929	1,125
Gasoline, gals × 10 <sup>6</sup>	n/a	n/a	n/a	485	501	533	569	598	645	687	717
Transit											
Electricity, KWH × 10 <sup>6</sup>											
Rapid Transit	2.125	2.171	2,185	2,075	2,194	2,250	2,291	2,261	2,262	2,149	2,098
Surface Rail	255	222	218	226	180	179	173	157	153	146	140
Trolley	262	204	181	166	157	157	154	143	141	133	93
Gallons of Motor Fuel, gals. × 10 <sup>6</sup>											
Gasoline	103	96	92	76	58	46	40	37	29	26	22
Diesel Oil	235	242	248	256	270	274	274	271	257	247	273
	36	33	33	34	33	32	32	31	27	24	15
Propane	00	٥٥	55	04	00	02	02	01			
Pipelines (Gas & Oil)	400 500	499 004	500.094	535,353	575 759	590 965	630 962	722 166	742 592	766 154	728 177
Natural Gas Cu. Ft.×106	423,783	433,204	000,024	000,000	0.0,102	555,555	555,552	,100	2,002	100,100	120,111

Includes non-freight truck movements.
 Vessel bunkering (including tankers).

n/a = not available

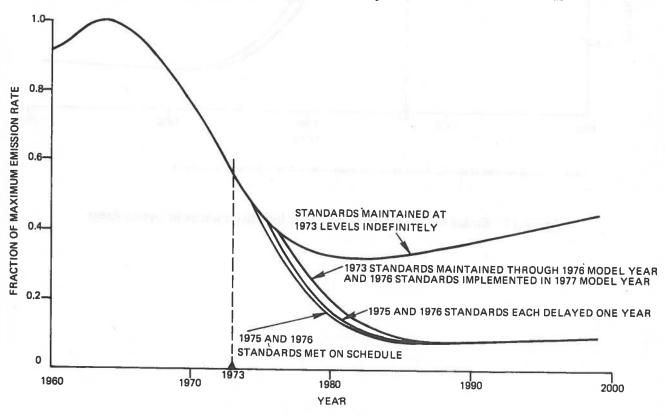
<sup>\*</sup>Includes motorcycles.
\*Trevised

# **AIR POLLUTION**



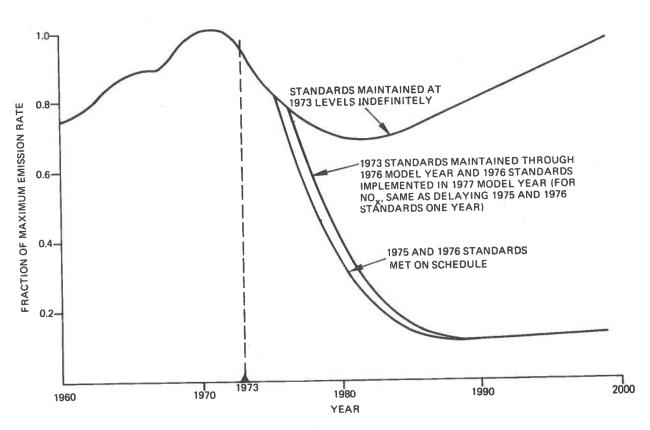
Source: National Academy of Sciences, Report by the Committee on Motor Vehicle Emissions, February 15, 1973

Figure 9. Emissions of Carbon Monoxide by Automobiles in Urban Areas



Source: National Academy of Sciences, Report by the Committee on Motor Vehicle Emission, February 15, 1973

Figure 10. Emissions of Hydrocarbons by Automobiles in Urban Areas



Source: National Academy of Sciences, Report by the Committee on Motor Vehicle Emissions, February 15, 1973

Figure 11. Emissions of Oxides of Nitrogen by Automobiles in Urban Areas

Table 18. National Emission Data

### NATIONWIDE EMISSIONS REPORT UNITED STATES

EMISSIONS AS OF: MARCH 12, 1975

Transportation (Area)	Particulates Tons/Yr	$SO_{X}$ $Tons/Yr$	NO <sub>x</sub> Tons/Yr	HC Tons/Yr	CO Tons/Yr
Tunsportation (120a)					,
Land Vehicles					
Gasoline					
Light Vehicles	666,245	172,730	5,669,342	8,834,758	52,789,926
Heavy Vehicles	65,654	24,879	706,630	1,835,126	10,304,437
Off Highway	19,935	10,433	227,300	640,911	7,266,141
Total (Gasoline)	751,834	209,043	6,603,272	11,310,795	70,360,504
Diesel					
Heavy Vehicles	83,754	118,655	1,074,240	134,723	610,096
Off Highway	49,812	44,576	551,967	60,432	155,568
Rail	57,231	130,486	847,015	215,188	297,600
Total (Diesel)	191,796	293,717	2,473,222	410,343	1,063,263
Aircraft					
Military	154,806	29,561	74,369	360,177	386,626
Civil	10,266	2,039	9,273	45,465	259,800
Commercial	5,568	8,043	77,957	102,397	211,289
Total (Aircraft)	170,640	39,643	161,600	508,038	857,716
Vessels					
Bituminous Coal	1,273	3,183	191	1,273	5,729
Diesel Fuel	18,459	23,074	172,284	45,225	60,299
Residual Oil	4,973	73,692	10,770	747	361
Gasoline	0	2,136	9,290	315,644	1,003,551
Total (Vessels)	24,705	102,085	192,535	362,889	1,069,940
Gas Handling, Evap. Loss	0	0	0	1,194,082	0
Total (Transportation)	1,138,975	643,999	9,430,630	13,786,146	73,351,424

Source: Environmental Protection Agency, National Air Quality Branch

Source: Statistical Abstract of the United States, 1974, 95th Annual Edition, U. S. Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of Census

—Represents zero. X - Not applicable.

Table 19. Air Pollutant Emissions: 1970 and 1971 (Quantity in millions of tons per year, Estimate)

	1970			19	1971		
SOURCE CATEGORY	Total	Total	Carbon mon- oxide	Sulfur oxides	Hydro- carbons	Partic- ulates	Nitrogen oxides
Total quantity	209.0	208.3	100.2	32.6	26.6	26.9	22.0
Total controllable	198.3	193.5	95.3	32.5	21.9	22.0	21.8
Transportation	106.2	105.4	77.5	1.0	14.7	1.0	11.2
Road vehicles	84.6	83.9	63.1	0.3	11.5	0.8	8.2
Fuel combustion (stationary)	44.9	44.3	1.0	26.3	0.3	6.5	10.2
Electric utilities	24.8	29.5	0.2	20.1	0.1	3.7	5.4
Industrial processes	36.5	35.8	11.4	5.1	5.6	13.5	0.2
Agricultural burning	2.2	2.5	1.6	1	0.3	0.3	1
Solid waste disposal	8.	5.8	3.8	0.1	1.0	0.7	0.2
Miscellaneous, uncontrollable	10.7	14.8	4.9	0.1	4.7	4.9	0.2
Percent of total by source	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Transportation	50.8	50.6	77.3	3.1	55.3	3.7	50.9
Road vehicles	40.5	40.3	63.0	1.0	3.2	3.0	37.3
Fuel combustion (stationary)	21.5	21.3	1.0	80.7	1.1	24.2	46.4
Electric utilities	1.9	14.2	0.2	9.19	0.4	13.8	24.5
Industrial processes	17.5	17.2	11.4	15.6	21.0	50.2	0.9
Agricultural burning	1.0	1.0	1.6		1.1	1.1	
Solid waste disposal	4.1	2.8	დ. დ.	0.3	3.8	2.6	6.0
Miscellaneous	5.1	7.1	4.9	0.3	17.7	18.2	6.0
Percent of total by pollutant	(X)	100	48.1	15.6	12.8	12.9	10.6
Transportation	(X	100	73.5	1.0	13.9	1.0	10.6
Road vehicles	X	100	75.2	0.4	13.7	6.0	9.8
Fuel combustion (stationary)	(X)	100	2.2	59.4	0.7	14.7	23.0
Electric utilities	(X)	100	0.7	68.1	0.3	12.6	18.3
Industrial processes	(X)	100	31.8	14.3	15.6	37.7	9.0
Agricultural burning	(X)	100	72.8	1	13.6	13.6	1
Solid waste disposal	(X)	100	65.5	1.7	17.2	12.1	3.5
Miscellaneous	(X)	100	33.1	0.7	31.8	33.1	1.3

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# WATER POLLUTION

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#### WATER POLLUTION

Tables 20-22 pertain to 59 polluting incidents resulting from oil tanker casualties which occurred in calendar year 1973 involving tankers larger than 3000 DWT.

Table 20 shows the frequency and magnitude of these incidents for the following selected geographical areas:

- Northwest Atlantic Ocean (North of the Tropic of Cancer, between 30° West and the East Coast of the U.S. and Canada);
- Northeast Atlantic Ocean (North of the Tropic of Cancer, between 30° West and the West Coast of Europe including the Denmark Strait and Greenland Sea);
- Northwest Pacific Ocean (North of the Tropic of Cancer, and between the 180th meridian and the Coast of Asia including the sea of Okhotsk, the Sea of Japan and the Yellow Sea);
- The Mediterranean Sea; and
- The Indian Ocean

These data simply state that at least on a macroscopic view, tanker accidents and oil outflow are a direct function of tanker traffic density; i.e., the accidents occur where the tanker traffic is the densest.

Table 20. Geographical Distribution of the Frequency and Magnitude of 59 Tanker-Polluting Incidents, 1973 (Tankers > 3000 DWT)

	Number of Incidents	Total Outflow
Northwest Atlantic Ocean	11	24,957
Northeast Atlantic Ocean	12	29,632
Northwest Pacific Ocean	3	850
Mediterranean Sea	5	1,278
Indian Ocean	11	22,852
Subtotal	43	79,569
All other geographical locations	16	44,486
Total	59	124,055 long tons

Source: U.S. Coast Guard-Personal Communication.

Table 21 shows the 59 incidents and associated outflows on an area basis.

Areas are defined as follows:

- Coastal within 50 nautical miles of any shoreline;
- Entranceway entrance to a harbor, bay, river, etc.;
- Harbor within the confines of harbors, bays, rivers, etc.;
- Pier at a wharf, pier, dock, quay, etc. with tanker physically moored thereto; and
- Sea more than 50 nautical miles from any shoreline.

Table 21 also shows that 49 incidents with an attendant outflow of 81,741 long tons occurred within 50 miles of a shoreline. It also shows that 20 incidents with an attendant outflow of 5,678 long tons occurred either at the pier or within the confines of a harbor.

Table 21. Area Location and Outflows of the 59 Tanker-Polluting Incidents, 1973 (Tankers > 3,000 DWT)

Area	Number of Incidents	Amount of Outflow
Coastal	21	70,104
Entranceway	8	5,959
Harbor	17	5,336
Pier	3	342
Sea	9	41,364
Unknown	1	950
Total	59	124,055 long tons

Source: U.S. Coast Guard—Personal Communication

casualties. For example, in the coastal area, 15 incidents out of 21 are either groundings or collisions Table 22 shows on an individual basis, the frequency and magnitude of a different type of and account for 49,830 long tons of outflow. Other important points to note are as follows:

- In the harbors, 2 groundings had an outflow of 3,200 long tons out of a total of 5,336 long tons spilled;
- At sea, the 4 structural failures accounted for 21,153 long tons of outflow.

Table 22. Outflows of 59 Tanker-Polluting Incidents Shown by Type of Casualty and Area Locations, 1973 (Tankers > 3,000 DWT)

TOTAL No. Outflow	2 13,408	5 23,238	0 0	16 56,553	8 5,474			0 0	59 124,055
UNKNOWN No. Outflow	00						0		950
ND &	00	0	0	0		•	0	0	Н
SEA Outflow	0 205	20,006	0	0	0		21,153	0 0	9 41,364
No.	0 %	က	0	0	0	•	4	0	6
PIER No. Outflow	0 0	0	0	340	-	,	-	0	342
No.	00	0	0	Η	Н			0	က
HARBOR No. Outflow	0 0	1,001	0	3,200	451		က	0	17 5,336
HA No.	00	о Н	0	87	2		က	0	17
ENTRANCE No. Outflow	408	0	0	5,180	7.1		0	0	5,959
ENT No.		0 1	0	വ			0	0	00
COASTAL No. Outflow	13,000	3,231	0	47,833	4,001		42	0	21 70,104
8 %	1 5		0	00	က		<del></del>	0	21
Type of Casualty	Breakdown	Explosion	Fire	Grounding	Ramming	Structural	Failure	Capsizing	Column Totals

Source: U.S. Coast Guard-Personal Communication

# **NOISE POLLUTION**

# General Transportation Noise

#### NOISE SOURCES AND THE dB SCALE

Noise sources are governed by many factors, such as: (a) the design, construction, maintenance, and manner of operating a vehicle, and (b) the path that the sound waves travel to reach the observer (i.e., distance, obstructions, reflections off surfaces, etc.). Typical values of noise levels from some commonly occurring events are shown here to provide a familiarity with two widely used noise-measuring scales.

Sound levels are measured by a meter in units called decibels (dB). However, because of the complex way in which the human ear works, measurement of different noises does not always correspond to their relative loudness or annoyance. Different scales have been developed, therefore, to furnish guidance in evaluating the importance of different noise sources. Aircraft noise is evaluated in EPNdB, a unit which weighs the sound pressure of the various frequencies making up the noise and adds corrections for annoying tones and durations of such sounds. Another commonly used scale, called dB(A), is based on a different method of weighting and is widely accepted for surface modes of transportation. These two scales differ by nearly a constant (i.e., EPNdB-dB(A)  $\cong$  13dB).

A 10-dB increase in sound level on either of these noise-level scales doubles the apparent loudness or annoyance of the sound. Conversely, a 10-dB decrease in sound level will halve the loudness of the sound, as adjudged by the hearer.

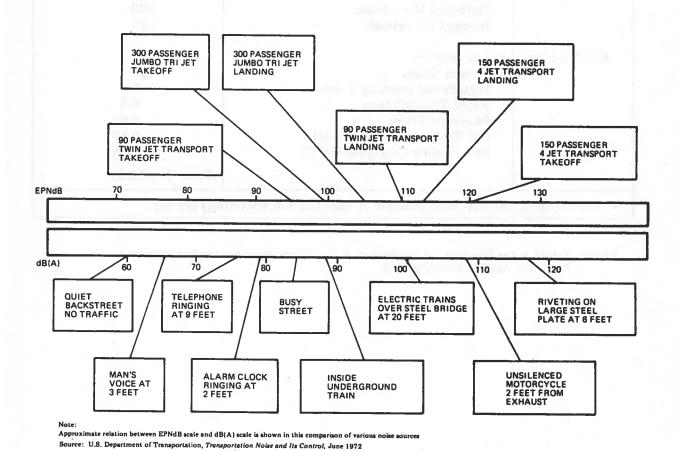


Figure 12. Typical Noise Levels

Table 23. Noise Energy For Elements of the Transportation System

Major Category		Noise Energy (Kilowatt-Hours/Day)
Aircraft	4-Engine Turbofan Aircraft	3,800
	• 2- and 3-Engine Turbofan Aircraft	730
	General Aviation Aircraft	125
	Helicopters	25
Highway	Medium and Heavy Duty Trucks	5,000
Vehicles	Sports, Cars, Imports and Compacts	1,000
	Passenger Cars (Standard)	800
	Light Trucks and Pickups	500
	Motorcycles	500
	City and School Buses	20
	Highway Buses	12
Recreational	Minicycles and Off-Road Motorcycles	800
Vehicles	Snowmobiles	120
	Outboard Motorboats	100
	Inboard Motorboats	40
Rail Vehicles	• Locomotives	1,200
	Freight Trains	25
	High Speed Intercity Trains	8
	Rapid Transit Trains	6.3
	Passenger Trains	0.63
	Old Trolley Cars (pre WWII)	0.50
	New Trolley Cars (post WWII)	0.08
		Total -14,812.51

Source: Report to the President and Congress on Noise, Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency, February 1972

Table 24. Rank Ordering of Surface Transportation System According to A-Weighted Noise Level

	Typical A-Weighted Noise Levels at 50 ft <sup>(1)</sup> dB re: 20µN/m²	Estimated Vehicle- Miles in Urban Areas Billions
HIGHWAY		
Medium and Heavy Trucks	84 (88)	19
Motorcycles	82 (88)	n/a
Garbage Trucks	82 (88)	0.5
Highway Buses	82 (86)	0.1
Automobiles (Sport, etc.)	75 (86)	21
City Buses	73 (85)	2.2
Light Trucks	72 (86)	77
Automobiles (Standard)	69 (84)	335
RAIL		
Freight and Passenger Trains	94	n/a
Rapid Transit	86	0.33
Trolley Cars*	80	0.03
Trolley Cars**	68	0.03
RECREATIONAL VEHICLES		
Off-Road Motorcycles	85	
Snowmobiles	85	· ·
Inboard Motorboats	80	
<b>Outboard Motorboats</b>	80	

<sup>(1)</sup> Values inside parentheses are typical for maximum acceleration. All other values are for normal cruising speeds. Variations of 5 dB can be expected.

Source: Report to the President and Congress on Noise, Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency, February 1972.

n/aNot available.

<sup>\*</sup>Pre-WWII

<sup>\*\*</sup>Post-WWII

## Aircraft Noise Levels

# AIRCRAFT TAKEOFF AND LANDING NOISE

Takeoff Noise on the Ground. Aircraft use full power during takeoff and are therefore at their noisiest in this operation. Since the noise heard depends on both the intensity of sound at the source and the distance between the source and the listener, it is important for aircraft to reach sufficient altitude before crossing residential areas.

Landing Noise on the Ground. Aircraft engines produce less noise during landing because lower power is used. However, the noise that is generated is annoying because of the screech or whine characteristic that predominates during this operation. A gradual descent for a landing begins 5 to 10 miles away from the airport, and generally follows a 2.5 to 3-degree "glide-slope," resulting in constantly increasing noise levels on the ground as the aircraft comes closer to the airport.

# CURRENT AIRCRAFT NOISE LEVELS AT ESTABLISHED GROUND MEASURING POINTS

Figures 13, 14, and 15 show the noise levels of various jet transports, measured at prescribed points on the ground for prescribed aircraft operations, in accordance with the Federal Aviation Regulations, Part 36. They also show the noise level limits prescribed by the FAA for new aircraft. Takeoff noise levels were measured at a point 3.5 nautical miles from brake release along the extended centerline of the runway. Aircraft were operated with the power reduced prior to the measuring point to the minimum safe thrust that would maintain horizontal flight if one engine suddenly became inoperative. Landing approach noise levels were measured at a point one nautical mile from the threshold of the runway along the extended centerline of the runway with the aircraft on a stabilized three-degree angle of approach for landing. Maximum noise levels to the side of the takeoff path (also shown here) were also measured to describe the noise characteristics of aircraft. Such measurements are made at a point 0.25 nautical miles to the side of the takeoff path for two and three-engine aircraft and 0.35 nautical miles to the side of four-engine aircraft. The FAA sideline noise-level limits for new aircraft are the same as for approach requirements.

Note the improvement in the noise level of the DC-10 and L-1011 over the older aircraft. The newer planes are some 15 to 20 dB below equivalent weight older aircraft as a result of Government regulation.

Source: U.S. Department of Transportation, Transportation Noise and Its Control, June 1972

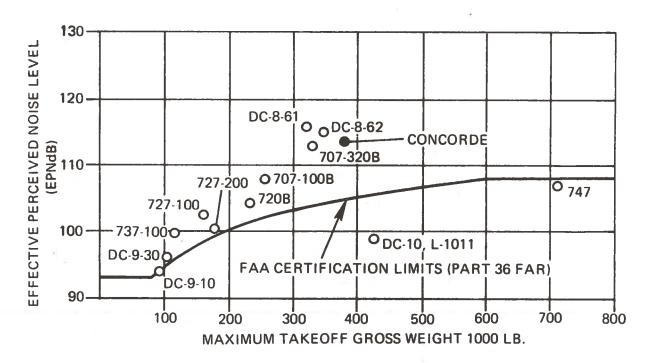


Figure 13. Aircraft-Takeoff Noise Levels 3.5 NM from Brake Release

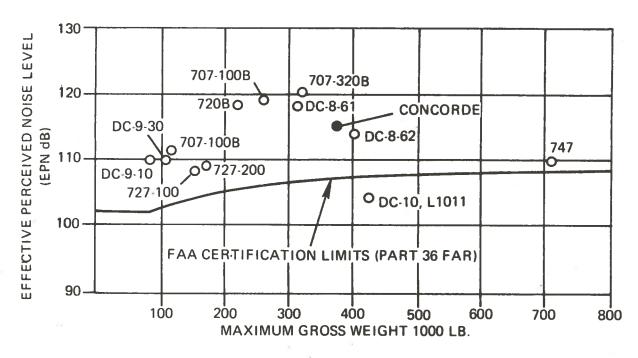


Figure 14. Aircraft-Approach Noise Levels 1 NM from Threshold

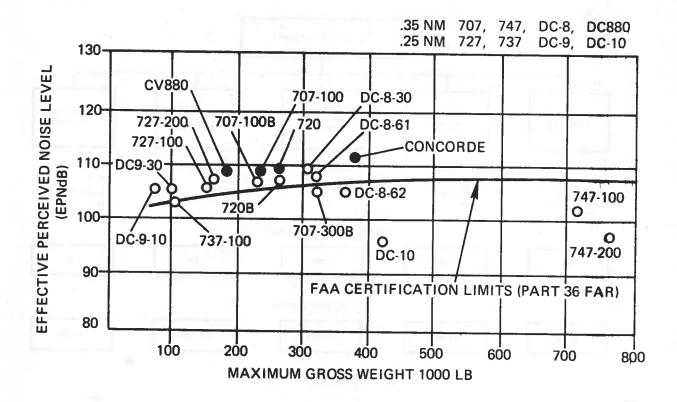


Figure 15. Aircraft Sideline Noise

Source: U.S. Department of Transportation, Transportation Noise and Its Control, June 1972

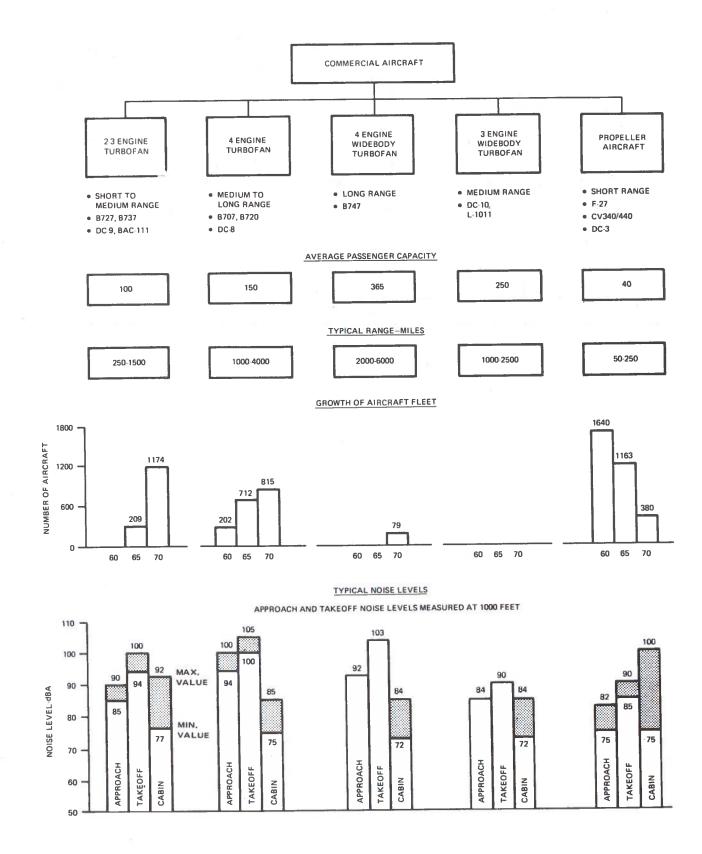


Figure 16. Characteristics of Commercial Aircraft.

Source: Report to the President and Congress on Noise, Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency, February 1972

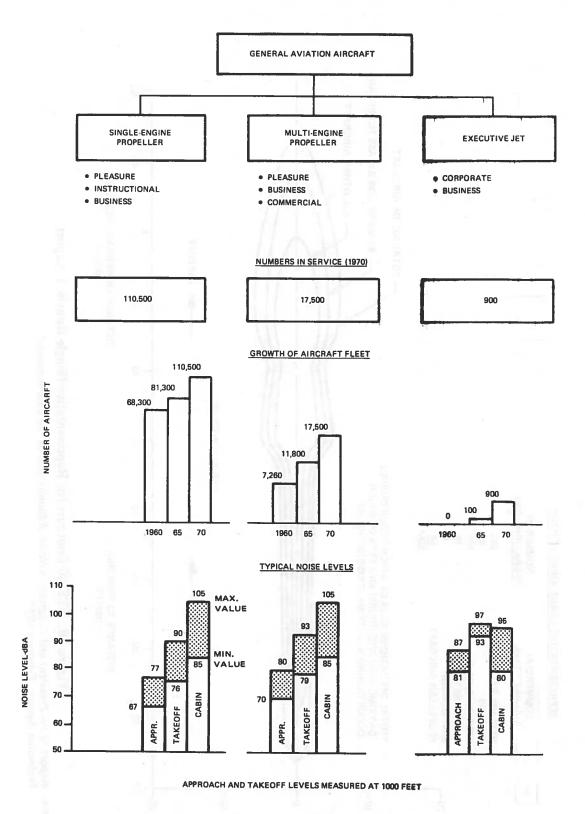


Figure 17. Characteristics of General Aviation Aircraft.

Source: Report to the President and Congress on Noise, Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency, February 1972.

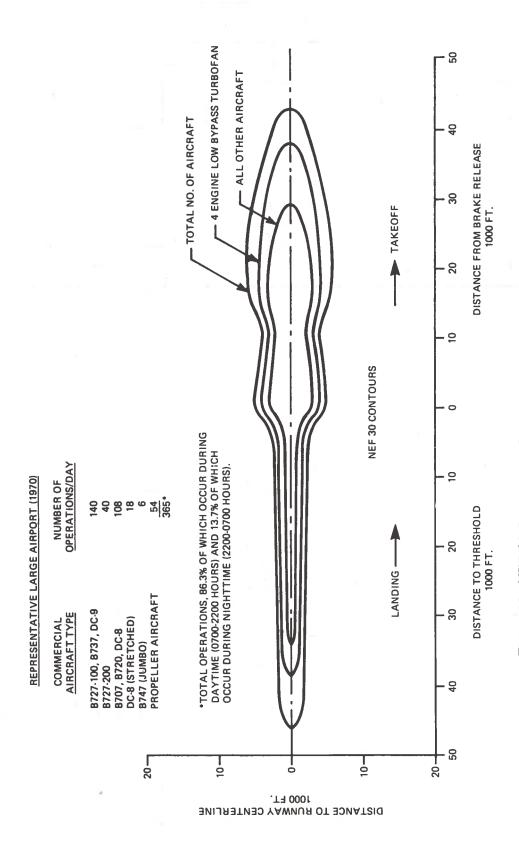


Figure 18. NEF-30 Contours for Representative (Single Runway) Airport Source: Report to the President and Congress on Noise, Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency, February 1972.

# Highway Vehicle Noise Levels

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Table 25. Predicted Contributions to Daytime Residual Noise Levels by Highway Vehicles for a Typical Urban Community in 1970

Source	Approximate Source Density, Units/Square Mile	Residual Noise Level dBA 43	
Standard Passenger Cars	50		
Sports Cars, Compacts, and Imports	20	41	
Light Trucks	20	42	
Heavy and Medium Trucks	1.5	33	
Highway Motorcycles	1	18	
City Buses	0.8	15	
Total		47 dBA	

The residual level was also computed with the same technique for the years 1950 and 1960. The estimated values of the daytime residual noise levels for a typical urban residential community are 45 dBA for 1950 and 46 dBA for 1960. These estimates indicate an increase over 10 years of approximately 1 dB in the residual noise level  $(L_{90})$ .

Source: Report to the President and Congress on Noise, Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency, February 1972.

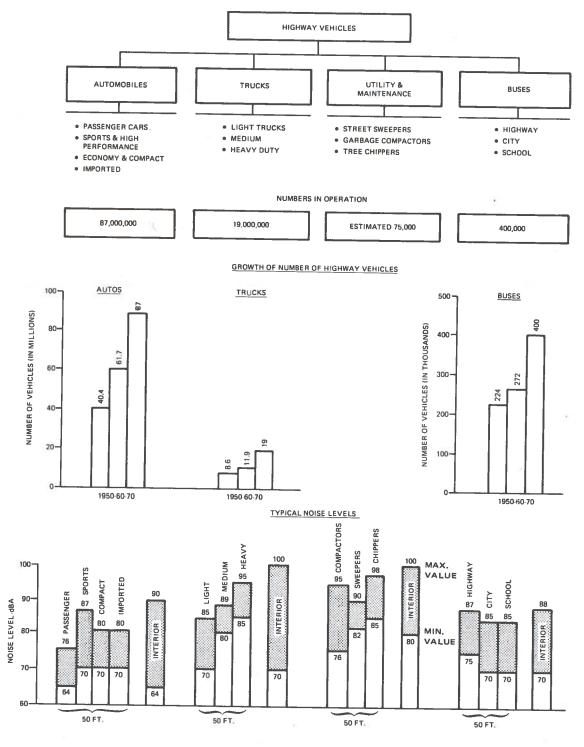


Figure 19. Characteristics of Highway Vehicles

Source: Report to the President and Congress on Noise, Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency, February 1972

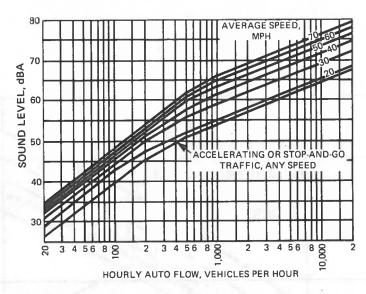


Figure 20. Noise from Cars:  $L_{50}$  for automobiles at 100 feet

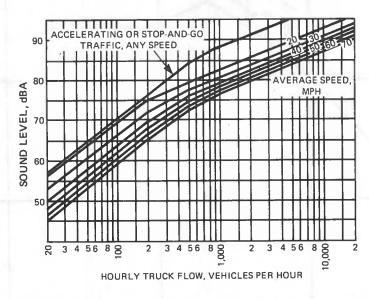
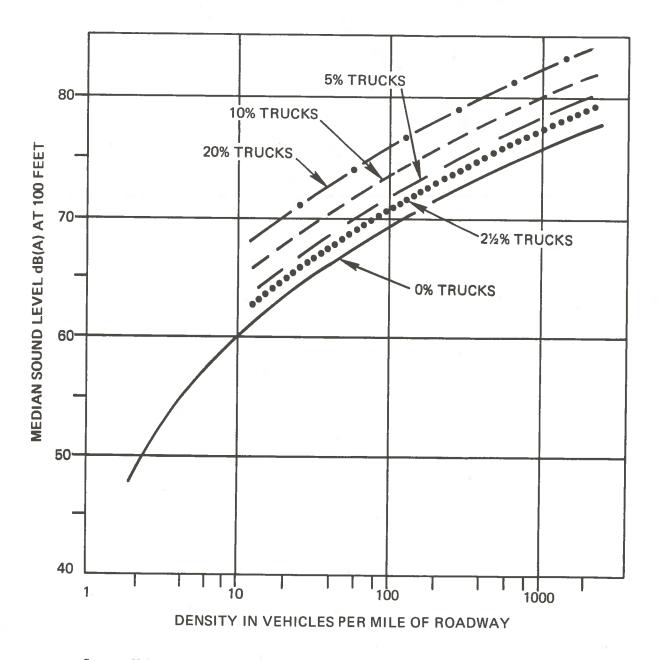


Figure 21. Noise from Trucks: L<sub>50</sub> for Trucks at 1,000 feet

Note: L<sub>50</sub> = Median sound level. The A-weighted sound level equaled or exceeded 50% of the time.

Source: Journal of the Air Pollution Control Association, Dec. 1973, Vol. 23, No. 12.

Figure 22 provided below shows the level of noise which would be exceeded 50 percent of the time in traffic with a specified speed, vehicle density and mix of trucks.



Source: U.S. Department of Transportation, Transportation Noise and Its Control, June 1972

Figure 22. Median Noise Level Estimates of Mixed Highway Traffic at 50 MPH

# Railway and Rapid Transit Noise Levels

1-4						
4						

#### RAPID TRANSIT NOISE

As an alternative to the automobile, passenger service in metropolitan areas and densely populated corridors could be provided by rapid transit or conventional rail vehicles. The following graphed data are presented in the context of modern practices, including welded rail (which would constitute improvement on the order of 6 dB or more over bolted-rail sections) and appropriate rail and wheel maintenance to maintain true rolling surfaces (which would account for improvement on the order of another 5 dB). Also, the data are presented in the context of tangent track, or appropriately large radius turns, to prevent flange squeal. (It should be noted that most of the above modern practices are not incorporated in the older rapid-transit systems.)

The illustration presents the wayside noise levels for a one-car, two-car, eight-car and a very-long train, as a function of distance from the track centerline. The increase in noise level at small distances due to the increased number of noise sources from multiple cars is accentuated with distance. This spread-out array of sources results in higher near-field noise levels and in reduced attenuation with distance (similar to highway traffic noise). Thus, the noise from a single car will geometrically attenuate at a rate of 6 dB per doubling of distance, while noise from a very-long train attenuates at a rate of 3 dB per doubling of distance.

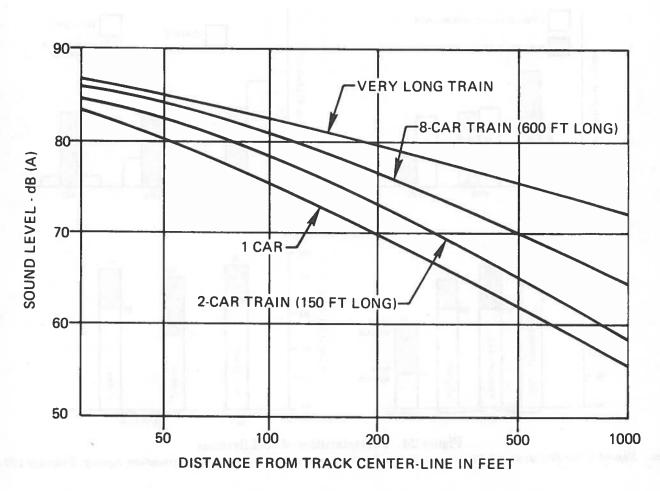
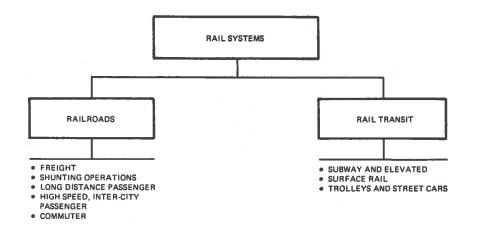


Figure 23. Wayside Noise Level for Transit Trains of Various Lengths at 40 Mph

Source: U.S. Department of Transportation, Transportation Noise and Its Control, June, 1972



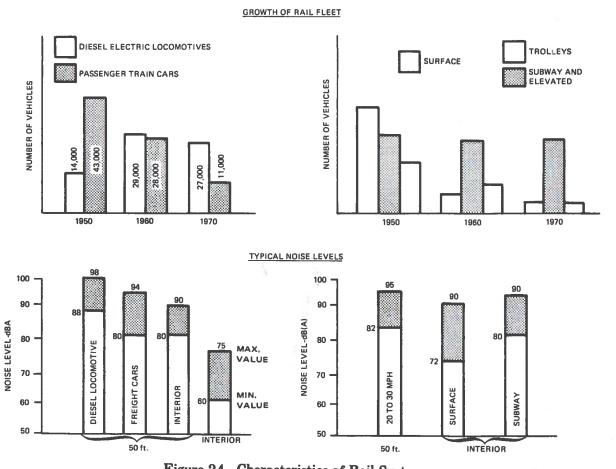


Figure 24. Characteristics of Rail Systems

Source: Report to the President and Congress on Noise, Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency, February 1972.

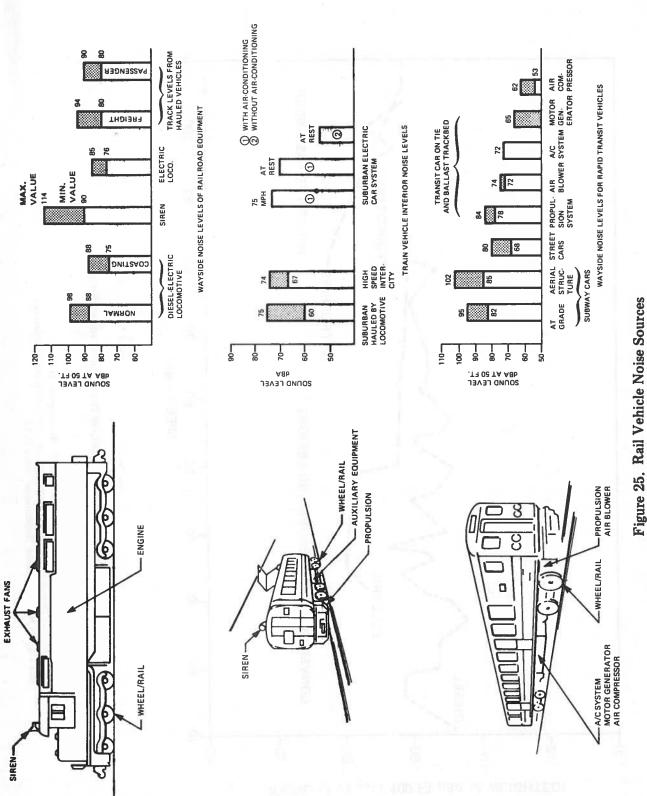


Figure 25. Kail Vehicle Noise Sources

Source: Report to the President and Congress on Noise,

Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency, February 1972

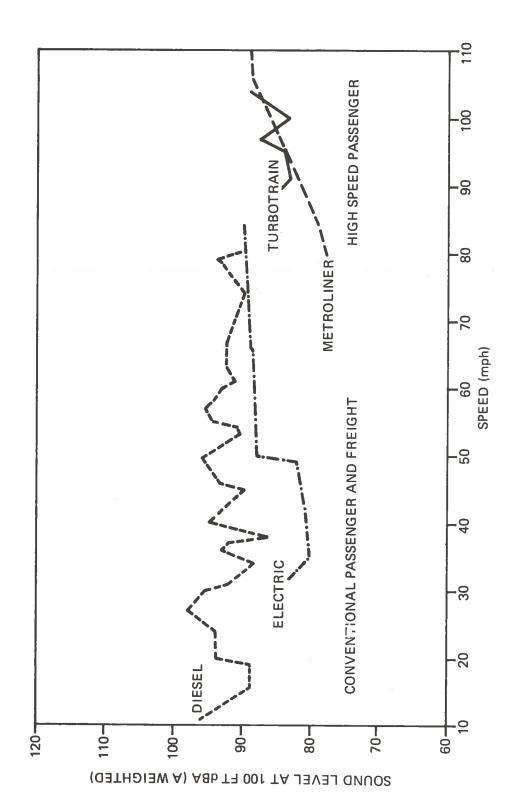


Figure 26. Peak Locomotive Noise Level versus Speed

Source: EPA - Office of Noise Abatement and Control, Washington, D.C "Background Document/Environmental Explanation for Proposed Interstate Rail Carrier Noise Emission Regulations" June 1974

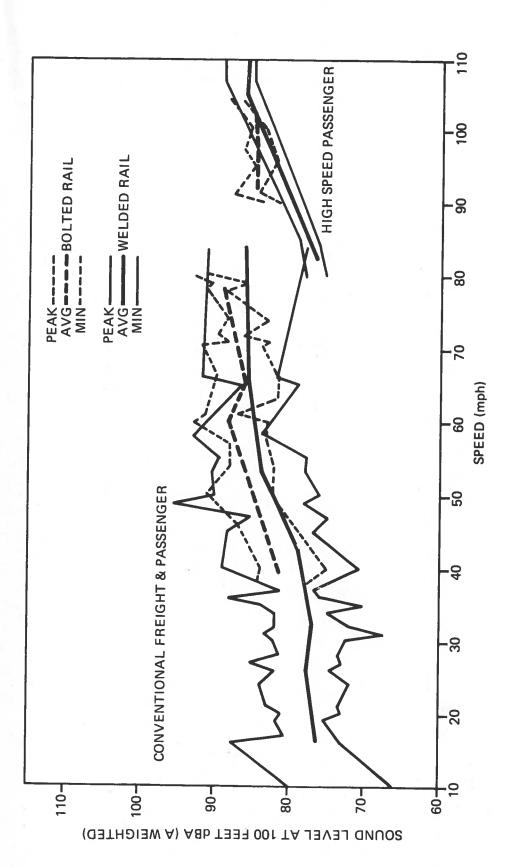


Figure 27. Average and Minimum Rail-Wheel Sound Level versus Speed

Source: EPA · Office of Noise Abatement and Control, Washington, D.C. "Background Document/Environmental Explanation for Proposed Interstate Rail Carrier Noise Emission Regulations" June 1974

# **APPENDIX A Source Information**

# Figure 3: Expenditures and Revenues, 1973

- (1) Total Transportation-Sum of Domestic and International.
- (2) Domestic-Sum of Highway, Local Transit, Rail, Air, Water, and Pipeline.
- (3) International-Sum of Air Carrier and Water.
- (4) Highway-Sum of Auto, Truck, and Bus.
- (5) Auto-Sum of Personal Passenger Car and Taxi.
- (6) Personal Passenger Car-DOC, Survey of Current Business, Vol. 54, No. 7, July 1974, p. 24, Table 2.5.
- (7) Taxi-TAA, Transportation Facts and Trends, April 1975, Quarterly Supplement, Dec. 1974, p.4.
- (9) Truck-Sum of Local Truck and Intercity Truck.
- (10) Local Truck-Ibid., Jan. 1974, p. 4.
- (11) Intercity Truck-Sum of ICC-Regulated Truck and Nonregulated Truck.
- (12) ICC-Regulated Truck-*Ibid.*, April 1975, p. 4. Revenues of the Class I, II, III motor carriers of property. Revenues include local cartage under the assumption that the majority of such revenues constitute pickup and delivery of intercity freight.
- (13) Nonregulated Truck-Ibid., April 1975, p. 4.
- (14) Bus-Sum of Intercity Bus and School Bus.
- (15) Intercity Bus-NAMBO, Bus Facts, 1973, p. 16. Operating revenues of Class I, II, III carriers reporting to the ICC, plus intrastate carriers. Includes passenger, express, mail, station, and other revenues.
- (16) Passenger, Intercity Bus-Ibid., 1973, p. 17. Total passenger revenues of Class I carriers plus 25 percent of this amount as estimated passenger revenues for Class II and III and intrastate carriers.
- (17) Cargo, Intercity Bus-Ibid., 1973, p. 17. Total package express and mail revenues of Class I carriers plus 25 percent of this amount as estimated cargo revenues for Class II and III and intrastate carriers.
- (18) School Bus-TAA, Transportation Facts and Trends, April 1975, Quarterly Supplement, Dec. 1974, p. 5.
- (19) Local Transit-APTA, Transit Fact Book, '74-'75, Table 8. Total operating revenues of Surface Rail, Subway and Elevated, Trolley Coach, and Motorbus.
- (20) Motorbus-Ibid., '74-'75, Table 8. Operating revenues.

# Figure 3: Expenditures and Revenues, 1973 (cont.)

- (21) Trolley Coach-Ibid., '74-'75, Table 8. Operating revenues.
- (22) Surface Rail-Ibid., '74-'75, Table 8. Operating revenues.
- (23) Subway and Elevated-Ibid., '74-'75, Table 8. Operating revenues.
- (24) Rail-A.A.R., Yearbook of Railroad Facts, 1974, p. 10 and A.A.R., Statistics of Railroads of Class I, Aug. 1974, p. 16. Sum of the total operating revenues of Class I railroads and AMTRAK.
- (25) Rail, Passenger-Sum of Commuter and Intercity.
- (26) Rail, Commuter—I.C.C., Class I Railroads, Financial and Operating Statistics, Dec. 31, 1973, p. 19, commutation passenger revenues of the Class I railroads and AMTRAK.
- (27) Rail, Intercity-Ibid., Dec. 31, 1973, p. 19. Sum of Class I and AMTRAK passenger revenues from parlor and sleeping cars and other coaches.
- (28) Rail, Cargo-A.A.R., Yearbook of Railroad Facts, 1974, p. 10. Sum of Class I freight revenues and express and mail revenues.
- (29) Air-Sum of General Aviation and Air Carrier.
- (30) General Aviation-TAA, *Transportation Facts and Trends*, April 1975, Quarterly Supplement, Dec. 1974, p.5. Figure represents the sum of operating costs and total retail value of new general aviation aircraft.
- (36) Air Carrier-Sum of Certificated and Supplemental.
- (37) Certificated-CAB, Air Carrier Financial Statistics, Dec. 1973, p. 1, column 7, line 17. Overall operating revenues, domestic operations.
- (38) Passenger, Certificated-*Ibid.*, Dec. 1973, p. 1, column 7, sum of lines 3 and 10. Total passenger revenues in scheduled and charter service.
- (39) Cargo, Certificated-*Ibid.*, Dec. 1973, p. 1, column 7. Sum of lines 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 11. Includes revenues from scheduled service of freight, express, priority U.S. mail, nonpriority U.S. mail, foreign mail, excess baggage, and charter freight.
- (40) Supplemental-*Ibid.*, Dec. 1973, p. 98. Overall operating revenues of supplemental air carriers, total domestic and international operations. No separation of international and domestic revenues is available.
- (41) Passenger, Supplemental-*Ibid.*, Dec. 1973, p. 98. Sum of civilian (line 1) and military (line 2) passenger revenues. Total domestic and international operations.
- (42) Cargo, Supplemental-Ibid., Dec. 1973, p. 98. Sum of civilian (line 3) and military (line 4) property revenues.
- (43) Water-Sum of Passenger, Cargo, and Commercial fishing.

# Figure 3: Expenditures and Revenues, 1973 (cont.)

- (44) Passenger, Water-TAA, Transportation Facts and Trends, April 1975, Quarterly Supplement, Dec. 1974, p.5. Figure represents revenues of ICC-regulated carriers. Expenditures for private boating not available.
- (49) Cargo, Water-Ibid., April 1975, p.4.
- (50) Commercial Fishing-U.S. Dept. of Commerce-National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, *Fisheries of the U.S.*, 1973, March 1974, p. 27. This figure is the total dollar value of the U.S. Commercial Fisheries landings.
- (51) Pipeline-TAA, Transportation Facts and Trends, April 1975, Quarterly Supplement, Dec. 1974, p.4. Includes revenues of regulated and unregulated oil pipelines.
- (52) Air Carrier-Figure represents overall operating revenues of the certificated carriers, total international and territorial operations. Revenues of the supplemental carriers international operations are included in the domestic statistic.
- (53) Certificated-CAB, Air Carrier Financial Statistics, Dec. 1973, p. 7, column 3, line 17. Total international and territorial operations.
- (54) Passenger, Certificated-*Ibid.*, Dec. 1973, p. 7, column 3. Sum of total passenger revenues in scheduled service (line 3) and charter passenger revenues (line 10), total international and territorial operations.
- (55) Cargo, Certificated-*Ibid.*, Dec. 1973, p. 7, column 3. Sum of lines 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, and 11. Includes revenues from scheduled service of freight, express, priority U.S. mail, non-priority U.S. mail, foreign mail, excess baggage, and charter freight. Total international and territorial operations.
- (59) Water-Sum of Passenger and Cargo.
- (60) Passenger, Water-TAA, Transportation Facts and Trends, April 1975, Quarterly Supplement, Dec. 1974, p.5.
- (61) Cargo, Water-Ibid., April 1975.

# Figure 4: Vehicle-Miles, 1973

- (1) Total Transportation-Sum of Domestic and International.
- (2) Domestic-Sum of Highway, Local Transit, Rail, Air, and Water.
- (3) International-Sum of Air Carrier and Water.
- (4) Highway-Sum of Auto, Truck and Bus.
- (5) Auto-Sum of Personal Passenger Car, Motorcycle, and Taxi.
- (6) Personal Passenger Car, Federal Highway Administration, Highway Statistics, 1973, table VM-1. Includes vehicle travel on main rural roads, local rural roads, and urban streets.
- (7) Taxi-Data for taxi are included in the Personal Passenger Car category.

# Figure 4: Vehicle-Miles, 1973 (cont.)

- (8) Motorcycle-Federal Highway Administration, *Highway Statistics* 1973, table VM-1. Includes vehicle travel on main rural roads, local rural roads, and urban streets.
- (9) Truck-Ibid., 1973, table VM-1. Includes vehicle travel on main rural roads, local rural roads, and urban streets.
- (14) Bus-Sum of Intercity Bus and School Bus.
- (15) Intercity Bus-NAMBO, Bus Facts, 1973, p. 16. Includes operations of Class I, II, and III carriers reporting to the ICC and interstate carriers.
- (18) School Bus-Federal Highway Administration, *Highway Statistics*, 1972, table VM-1, p. 52. Includes vehicle travel, on main rural roads, local rural roads, and urban streets.
- (19) Local Transit-Sum of Motorbus, Trolley Coach, Surface Rail, and Subway and Elevated.
- (20) Motorbus-APTA, Transit Fact Book, '74-'75, Table 13.
- (21) Ibid., '74-'75, Table 13.
- (22) Ibid., '74-'75, Table 13.
- (23) Ibid., '74-'75, Table 13.
- (24) Rail-Sum of Passenger and Cargo.
- (25) Passenger Rail-AAR, Yearbook of Railroad Facts, 1974, p. 39. This figure is the sum of the passenger train-miles of Class I railroads and AMTRAK.
- (28) Rail, Cargo-AAR, Yearbook of Railroad Facts, 1974, p. 37. This figure is freight train-miles of the Class I railroads.
- (29) Air-Sum of General Aviation and Air Carrier.
- (30) General Aviation-FAA, Statistical Handbook, 1973, Table 8.5. Includes business, commercial instructional, personal, and other flying.
- (31) Business-Ibid., 1973.
- (32) Commercial-Ibid., 1973.
- (33) Instructional-Ibid., 1973.
- (34) Personal-Ibid., 1973.
- (35) Other-Ibid., 1973.
- (36) Domestic Air Carrier-Sum of Certificated and Supplemental.
- (37) Certificated-CAB, Air Carrier Traffic Statistics, Dec. 1974, p. 4. Sum of overall aircraft revenuemiles in scheduled service (line 31) and nonscheduled service (line 50), col. 5, total domestic operations.

# Figure 4: Vehicle-Miles, 1973 (cont.)

- (40) Supplemental-CAB, Air Carrier Traffic Statistics, Dec. 1974, p. 93, line 21, col. 4.
- (52) International Air Carrier-Sum of Certificated and Supplemental.
- (53) Certificated-CAB, Air Carrier Traffic Statistics, 1973, p. 7, col. 4. Sum of overall aircraft revenue-miles in scheduled service (line 31) and nonscheduled service (line 50), total international and territorial operations.
- (56) Supplemental-CAB, Air Carrier Traffic Statistics, 1974, p. 93, line 21, col. 5.

# Figure 5: Passenger-Miles, 1973

- (1) Total Transportation-Sum of Domestic and International.
- (2) Domestic-Sum of Highway, Local Transit, Rail, Air and Water.
- (3) International-Air Carrier only. Passenger-miles in international water transport are not available.
- (4) Highway-Sum of Auto and Bus.
- (5) Auto-Sum of Personal Passenger Car, Taxi, and Motorcycle.
- (6) Personal Passenger Car-Passenger-miles of Personal Passenger Car and Taxi. Figure represents vehicle-miles of travel from FHWA, *Highway Statistics*, 1973, table VM-1, multiplied by an average occupancy of 2.2.
- (7) Taxi-Included in Personal Passenger Car category.
- (8) Motorcycle-Passenger-miles derived by multiplying vehicle-miles of travel from FHWA, Highway Statistics, 1973, Table VM-1, by an average occupancy of 1.1.
- (14) Bus-Sum of Intercity Bus and School Bus passenger-miles.
- (15) Intercity Bus-NAMBO, Bus Facts, 1973, p. 16. Includes Classes I, II, III carriers reporting to ICC plus intrastate carriers.
- (18) School Bus-Computed by the Driver Education and Licensing Division NHTSA.
- (24) Rail-Same as Passenger (25) in same ref.
- (25) Passenger Rail-Sum of Commuter and Intercity.
- (26) Commuter Rail-A.A.R., Yearbook of Railroad Facts, 1974, p. 32, Sum of the commutation passenger miles of the Class I railroads and AMTRAK.
- (27) Intercity Rail-Ibid., 1974, p. 32. Sum of Class I and AMTRAK passenger miles from parlor and sleeping cars and other coaches.

# Figure 5: Passenger-Miles, 1973 (cont.)

- (29) Air-Sum of General Aviation and Air Carrier.
- (30) General Aviation-TAA, Transportation Facts and Trends. Intercity passenger-miles.
- (36) Air Carrier-Sum of Certificated and Supplemental.
- (37) Certificated-CAB, Air Carrier Traffic Statistics, Dec. 1973, p. 2, col. 10. Sum of revenue
   (38) passenger-miles in scheduled service (line 9) and nonscheduled service (line 43), total domestic operations.
- (40) Supplemental-*Ibid.*, Dec. 1974, p. 93, line 4, col. 4. Total revenue passenger-miles in domestic (41) operations.
- (43) Water-TAA, Transportation Facts and Trends, Oct, 1973, p. 18. Intercity passenger-miles.
- (52) Air Carrier-Sum of Certificated and Supplemental.
- (53) Certificated-CAB, Air Carrier Traffic Statistics, Dec. 1973, p. 7, col. 4. Sum of revenue
   (54) passenger-miles in scheduled service (line 9) col. 4 and nonscheduled service (line 43). Total international and territorial operations.
- (56) Supplemental-*Ibid.*, Dec. 1974, p. 93, line 4, col. 5. Total revenue passenger-miles in inter-(57) national operations.

# Figure 6: Cargo Ton-Miles, 1973

- (1) Total Transportation-Sum of Domestic and International.
- (2) Domestic-Sum of Highway, Rail, Air, Water and Pipeline.
- (3) International-Sum of Air Carrier and Water.
- (4) Highway-Figure represents total ton-miles of intercity truck transport plus ton-miles of intercity bus. Local truck ton-miles are not available.
- (9) Truck-Includes intercity truck only.
- (11) Intercity Truck-ICC, 88th Annual Report, 1974, p. 120, Table 3. Figure includes the intercity common and contract motor carriers of property operating under ICC authority, plus the intercity ton-miles of all private trucks and for-hire trucks not subject to economic regulation by the ICC, plus intercity ton-miles of local ICC carriers.
- (12) ICC-Regulated Intercity Truck-ICC, 88th Annual Report, 1974, p. 121. The 1973 federally regulated percentage of total intercity ton-miles assumed equal to the 1972 percentage (42.1 percent).
- (13) Nonregulated Intercity Truck-*Ibid.*, 1974, p. 121. 1973 nonregulated percentage of total intercity ton-miles assumed equal to the 1972 percentage (57.9 percent).

# Figure 6: Cargo Ton-Miles, 1973 (cont.)

- (24) Rail-ICC, 88th Annual Report, 1974, p. 120. Intercity ton-miles of all railroads and electric
- (28) railways, excluding express and mail.
- (29) Air-Air Carrier only.
- (36) Air Carrier-Sum of Certificated and Supplemental.
- (37) Certificated-CAB, Air Carrier Traffic Statistics, Dec. 1974, p. 4, lines 2,3,4, col. 5. Revenue
- (39) ton-miles of freight, express, U.S. and foreign mail in domestic operations, all services.
- (40) Supplemental-Ibid., 1974, p. 93, line 13, col. 4. Revenue ton-miles of freight and express in
- (42) total domestic operations of the supplemental carriers. Supplemental carriers are ordinarily not authorized to carry mail.
- (43) Water-Department of the Army, Corps of Engineers, Waterborne Commerce of the United
- (49) States, 1973, Part 5, p. 89. Total domestic ton-miles.
- (51) Pipeline-ICC, 88th Annual Report, 1974, p. 120. Intercity ton-miles of oil pipelines.
- (52) Air Carrier-Sum of Supplemental and Certificated.
- (53) Certificated-CAB, Air Carrier Traffic Statistics, Dec. 1974, p. 13, lines 2, 3, 4, col. 4. Revenue
- (55) ton-miles of freight, express, U.S. and foreign mail in total international and territorial operations, all services of the certificated carriers.
- (56) Supplemental-Ibid., 1974, p. 93, line 13, col. 5. Revenue ton-miles of freight and express in
- (58) total international operations. Supplemental carriers are ordinarily not authorized to carry mail.

# Figure 7: Number of Vehicles, 1973

- (1) Total Transportation-Sum of Domestic and International.
- (2) Domestic-Sum of Highway, Local Transit, Rail, Air, Water, and Pipeline.
- (3) International-Sum of Air Carrier and Water.
- (4) Highway-Sum of Auto, Truck, and Bus.
- (5) Auto-Sum of Personal Passenger Car and Motorcycle.
- (6) Personal Passenger Car-FHWA, *Highway Statistics*, 1973, table MV-1. This figure includes private and commercial vehicles (including taxicabs) as well as publicly owned vehicles for the 50 States and the District of Columbia.
- (7) Taxi-Data for Taxi are included in the Personal Passenger Car category.
- (8) Motorcycle-FHWA, Highway Statistics, 1973, table MV-1. This figure is the sum of the private and commercial vehicles plus the publicly owned vehicles.

# Figure 7: Number of Vehicles, 1973 (cont.)

- (9) Truck-Ibid., 1973, table MV-1.
- (14) Bus-Sum of Intercity Bus and School Bus.
- (15) Intercity Bus-NAMBO, Bus Facts, 1973, p. 16. This figure includes operations of Class I, II, and III carriers reporting to the ICC and intrastate carriers.
- (18) School FHWA, *Highway Statistics*, 1973, table MV-10. For some States, church, industrial and other private buses are included: in other States, privately owned school buses could not be segregated from commercial buses and are included with the latter.
- (19) Local Transit-Sum of Motorbus, Trolley Coach, Surface Rail, and Subway and Elevated.
- (20) Motorbus-APTA, Transit Fact Book, '74-'75, Table 12. This figure does not include sightseeing buses or school buses.
- (21) Trolley Coach-Ibid., '74-'75, Table 12.
- (22) Surface Rail-Ibid., '74-'75, Table 12. This figure does not include commuter or suburban railroads.
- (23) Subway and Elevated-Ibid., '74-'75, Table 12.
- (24) Rail-A.A.R., Yearbook of Railroad Facts, 1974, pp. 54, 51, 50. This figure is the sum of passenger train cars, freight cars, and locomotives owned by the Class I railroads and AMTRAK.
- (25) Rail, Passenger-Ibid., 1974, p. 54. Sum of passenger train cars owned by the Class I railroads and AMTRAK.
- (28) Rail, Cargo-Ibid., 1974, p. 51. Freight cars, Class I railroads.
- (29) Air-Sum of General Aviation and Air Carrier.
- (30) General Aviation-FAA, Statistical Handbook of Aviation, 1974, Table 8.1.
- (31) Business-Ibid., 1974. This category includes business (33,199) and executive transportation (8,139).
- (32) Commercial-*Ibid.*, 1974. This category includes air taxi (5,605), aerial application (6,315), and rental (6,676).
- (33) Instructional-Ibid., 1974.
- (34) Personal-Ibid., 1974.
- (35) Other-Ibid., 1974. This category includes other (3,946) and industrial/special (2,250).
- (36) Air Carrier-Sum of Certificated and Supplemental.
- (37) Certificated-Civil Aeronautics Board, Bureau of Accounts and Statistics. This figure represents owned aircraft, excluding those leased to others, plus aircraft leased from others, without regard to aircraft withdrawn from service for economic, mechanical, or technical reasons.

## Figure 7: Number of Vehicles, 1973 (cont.)

- (40) Supplemental-CAB, Bureau of Accounts and Statistics.
- (43) Water-American Waterways Operators, *Inland Waterborne Commerce Statistics*, 1973, p. 2. This figure represents the sum of self-propelled and non-self-propelled towing vessels and barges in the United States plus the cargo vessels (49), and the passenger liners (44) in the U.S.
- (44) Passenger-Personnel Communication—Maritime Administration. This figure is the number of U.S. passenger liners.
- (49) Cargo—U.S. Department of Commerce, Maritime Administration, Merchant Fleets of the World. This figure represents the sum of U.S. Oceangoing steam and motor ships of 1,000 gross ton and over as of December 31, 1973.
- (52) International Air Carrier—This figure is included in the respective categories of the domestic operations.
- (59) International Water—This figure is included in the respective categories of the domestic operations.

# Figure 8: Number of Fatalities, 1973

- (1) Total Transportation-Sum of Domestic and International.
- (2) Domestic-Sum of Highway, Rail, Air, and Water.
- (3) International-U.S. Flag Carriers only. Fatalities in international water transport not available.
- (4) Highway-National Highway Traffic Safety Administration-Highway Fatality Statistics—December 1973, p. 2. Figure is for the 50 states and D. C.
- (5) Auto-Sum of Personal Passenger Car, Taxi, and Motorcycle.
- (6) Personal Passenger Car, National Safety Council, Accident Facts 1974, p. 56. No. of occupant fatalities.
- (7) Taxi-Ibid., 1974, p. 56. No. of occupant fatalities.
- (8) Motorcycle-Ibid., 1973, p. 56. Fatalities of motorcycles, motor scooters, motor bikes.
- (9) Truck-Ibid., 1974, p. 56. No. of occupant fatalities.
- (14) Bus-Ibid., 1974, p. 75. Passenger fatalities of all buses (intercity, school, and local transit).
- (15) Intercity Bus-Ibid., 1974, p. 75. Passenger fatalities on Class I buses.
- (18) School Bus-Ibid., 1974, p. 56. No. of occupant fatalities.

# Figure 8: Number of Fatalities, 1973 (cont.)

- (19) Local Transit-Personnel Communication-American Public Transit Association, Statistical Dept. This figure includes passengers, pedestrians, employees and others for service on surface transit only, excludes all heavy rail and only light rail operating exclusively as rapid transit.
- (24) Rail-U.S. DOT/Federal Railroad Administration, Office of Safety, Summary and Analysis of Accidents in U.S., report No. 142, 1973, p. 5. This figure includes fatalities which occur at rail-highway grade crossings.
- (25) Passenger-Ibid., 1973, p. 4. This figure includes passengers on or getting on or off class I Railroads and AMTRAK passenger-carrying trains.
- (29) Air-Sum of General Aviation and Air Carrier. Includes fatalities of passengers, crew, and others.
- (30) General Aviation-Sum of Business, Air Taxi, Other, Aerial Application, Instructional, Personal & Executive.
- (31) Business-Personal Communication-National Transportation Board, Bureau of Aviation Safety
- (32) Air Taxi-Ibid.
- (33) Instructional-Ibid.
- (34) Personal-Ibid.
- (35) Other-Ibid.
- (36) Air Carrier-Sum of Certificated and Supplemental.
- (37) Certificated-Personnel Communication-National Transportation Safety Board, Bureau of Aviation Safety. This figure pertains to domestic operations only.
- (38) Passenger-Ibid.
- (39) Cargo-Ibid.
- (40) Supplemental-Ibid.
- (41) Passenger-Ibid.
- (42) Cargo-Ibid.
- (43) Water-Personnel Communication-U.S. Coast Guard, Information and Analysis Staff. This figure includes fatalities in recreational boating and in waterborne transport on U.S. Flag Carriers. These fatalities were due to both vessel and non-vessel casualties.
- (44) Passenger-Sum of Private and Passenger Service.
- (45) Private-U.S. Coast Guard, GBD-2, Boating Statistics (CG-357), 1973. This figure represents total fatalities in recreational boating.

# Figure 8: Number of Fatalities, 1973 (cont.)

- (46) Inboard-Ibid., 1973.
- (47) Outboard-Ibid., 1973.
- (48) Passenger Service-Personnel Communication-U.S. Coast Guard, Information and Analysis Staff. This figure includes vessel and non-vessel casualties on both large and small passenger vessels and ferries.
- (49) Cargo-Ibid., This figure includes vessel and non-vessel casualties on U.S. cargo vessels.
- (50) Commercial Fishing-Ibid., This figure includes vessel and non-vessel casualties on U.S. commercial fishing vessels.
- (51) Pipeline-Assistant Secretary for Environment, Safety and Consumer Affairs, Transportation Safety Information Report, Oct., Nov., and Dec. 1974, Pipeline Section. This figure includes gas distribution and transmission lines (including gathering lines), and liquid transmission lines.
- (52) Air-Carrier-Sum of Certificated and Supplemental. Includes passengers, crew and others on U.S. Flag air carriers on and international flight.
- (53) Certificated-Personnel Communication-National Transportation Safety Board, Bureau of Aviation Safety. This figure pertains to only U.S. flag air carriers on an international flight.
- (54) Passenger-Ibid.
- (55) Cargo-Ibid.
- (56) Supplemental-Ibid.
- (57) Passenger-Ibid.
- (58) Cargo-Ibid.
- (62) Executive-same source as (31).
- (63) Aerial Application-same source as (31).
- (64) Inboard/Outboard-U.S. Coast Guard, GBD-2, Boating Statistics CG-357, 1973.

# Table 1: Average Passenger Revenue Per Passenger-Mile, 1963-1973

# Certificated air carrier, domestic operations, scheduled service:

CAB, Air Carrier Traffic Statistics, Dec. 1972, 1973, p. 1; Air Carrier Financial Statistics, Dec. 1972, 1973, p. 1. passenger revenues divided by revenue passenger-miles.

#### Class I rail:

AAR, Yearbook of Railroad Facts, 1974, Total: p. 34; commutation: commutation passenger revenues (p. 14) divided by commutation passenger-miles (p. 32); other than commutation: sum of columns 3 and 4 (p. 14) divided by column 2) p. 32).

#### Class I intercity bus:

NAMBO, "Get on to something Great", May 1974, p. 19.

# Table 2: Average Freight Revenue Per Ton-Mile, 1963-1973

Certificated air carrier domestic operations, scheduled service:

1961-70: CAB, Handbook of Airline Statistics, 1971, p. 93, 1972: CAB, Air Carrier Financial Statistics, Dec. 1972, 1973. Air Carrier Traffic Statistics, Dec. 1972, 1973. Freight revenues divided by revenue ton-miles of freight.

#### Class I rail:

AAR, Yearbook of Railroad Facts, 1974, p. 33.

Class I intercity motor carriers of property, common and contract:

1962-1971: ICC, Transport Economics, Feb.-March, 1973, p. 8; 1972 & 1973, called the I.C.C.

Oil pipelines:

1962-1971: ICC, Transport Economics, Feb.-March, 1973, p. 8; 1972 & 1973, called the I.C.C.

Classes A and B water carriers, barge lines operating on Mississippi River and tributaries: 1962-1971: ICC, *Transport Economics*, Feb.-March, 1973, p. 8; 1972 & 1973, called the I.C.C.

# Table 3: Average Passenger Fare, 1963 - 1973

Certificated air carrier domestic operations, scheduled service:

1961-70: CAB, Handbook of Airline Statistics, 1971. Total passenger revenues (p. 210, line 3) divided by revenue passenger enplanements (p. 106, line 20). 1971, 1972, 1973: Total passenger revenues (CAB, Air Carrier Financial Statistics, Dec. 1972, 1973, p. 1., column 8, line 3) divided by revenue passenger enplanements (CAB, Air Carrier Traffic Statistics, Dec. 1972, 1973, p. 1., column 12, line 17.)

# Class I bus, intercity:

NAMBO, "Get on to something Great" May 1974, p. 19.

# Local Transit:

ATA, Transit Fact Book, '73-'74, p. 11.

#### Class I rail:

AAR, Statistics of the Railroads of Class I, Aug. 1974, p. 7. Commutation, line 19; other than commutation: line 20.

# Table 4: Total Operating Revenues, 1963-1973

# Certificated air carriers:

1961-70: CAB, Handbook of Airline Statistics, 1971. Sum of overall operating revenues in total domestic operations (p. 210) and total international and territorial operations (p. 221). 1971, 1972, 1973: CAB, Air Carrier Financial Statistics, Dec. 1972, 1973, p. 1., column 3, line 17.

# Supplemental air carriers:

1961-70: CAB, Handbook of Airline Statistics, 1971, p. 69. 1972: CAB, Air Carrier Financial Statistics, Dec. 1972, p. 101., column 1, line 9, 1973: Ibid, Dec. 1973, p. 98, column 1, line 9.

# Table 4: Total Operating Revenues, 1963-1973 (cont.)

## Intercity bus, Class I:

1960-67: ICC, 84th ICC Annual Report, 1970, p. 143. 1969-70: ICC, 85th ICC Annual Report, 1971, p. 127. 1971, 1972, 1973: NAMBO, "Get on to something Great," May 1974, p. 17.

#### Local Transit:

ATA, Transit Fact Book, '73-'74, p. 9. Includes motorbus, subway and elevated surface rail, trolley coach.

## Oil pipeline:

TAA, Transportation Facts and Trends, April 1975, Quarterly Supplement, Dec. 1974, p. 4.

#### Class I rail:

AAR, Yearbook of Railroad Facts, 1972, p. 9. Ibid, 1973, p. 10.

# Class I intercity motor carriers of property:

ICC, 88th Annual Report, 1974, p. 125.

#### Water:

Classes A and B carriers, inland and coastal waterways: ICC, 87th Annual Report, 1973, p. 137, and equivalent tables in earlier editions, ICC, 88th Annual Report, 1974, p. 127.

#### Maritime carriers:

ICC, 88th Annual Report, 1974, p. 128, and equivalent tables in earlier editions.

#### Class A freight forwarders:

1960-67: ICC, 84th Annual Report, 1970, p. 151: 1968-1971: ICC, 87th ICC Annual Report, 1973, p. 139, 88th ICC Annual Report, 1974, p. 129.

#### Table 5: Vehicle-Miles, 1963-1973

#### Air carriers:

Certificated-CAB, Handbook of Airline Statistics, 1971, p. 106. Aircraft revenue miles in scheduled service (line 35) plus nonscheduled service (line 56); 1971: CAB, Air Carrier Traffic Statistics, December 1972, p. 1., Aircraft revenue miles in scheduled service (line 31) plus non-scheduled service (line 50). Supplemental-CAB, Handbook of Airline Statistics, 1971, p. 199; 1972: CAB, Air Carrier Traffic Statistics (line 21), p. 43, Dec. 1972, Ibid, p. 51, Dec. 1973.

#### General Aviation:

FAA, Statistical Handbook of Aviation, Table 8.5, 1973 edition.

# Highway:

Passenger car and taxi-FHWA, *Highway Statistics*, annual editions, table VM-1, p. 52. Truck-Same source as passenger car and taxi.

School bus-Same source as passenger car and taxi.

Intercity bus-NAMBRO, "Get on to something Great," May 1974, p. 16.

#### Local Transit:

ATA, Transit Fact Book, 1973-74, p. 15.

# Table 5: Vehicle-Miles, 1963-1973 (cont.)

#### Class I rail:

AAR, Yearbook of Railroad Facts, 1974. Freight train-miles, p. 37; passenger train-miles, p. 39.

# Table 6: Passenger-Miles, 1963-1973

#### Air Carrier:

Certificated-CAB, Handbook of Airline Statistics, 1969 and 1971, p. 106. Sum of total domestic passenger-miles in scheduled service (line 11) and nonscheduled service (line 47); 1972, 1973 CAB, Air Carrier Traffic Statistics, Dec. 1972, 1973, p. 1. Sum of lines 9 and 43. Supplemental-CAB, Handbook of Airline Statistics, 1971, p. 199; 1972, 1973, CAB, Air Carrier Traffic Statistics, Dec. 1972, line 4, p. 43. Ibid, p. 51, Dec. 1973.

#### General Aviation:

TAA, Transportation Facts and Trends, Oct. 1972, p. 18. Quarterly supplement, July 1974, p. 18.

# Highway:

Passenger Car and taxi-FHWA vehicle-miles multiplied by a constant average occupancy of 2.2. Intercity bus-TAA, *Transportation Facts and Trends*, Oct. 1947, p. 18.

#### Class I rail:

AAR, Yearbook of Railroad Facts, 1974, Total: = commutation passenger-miles and other than commutation: p. 32.

#### Domestic water:

TAA, Transportation Facts and Trends, Oct. 1974, p. 18.

# Table 7: Cargo Ton-Miles, 1963-1973

# Air Carrier:

Certificated-CAB, Handbook of Airline Statistics, 1969 and 1971, p. 106. Sum of revenue ton-miles of freight, express, U.S. and foreign mail (lines 2, 3 and 4). 1972-1973-CAB, Air Carrier Traffic Statistics, Dec. 1972, 1973, p. 1. Sum of lines 2, 3 and 4. Supplemental-CAB, Air Carrier Traffic Statistics, Dec. 1972, p. 43. Ibid, p. 51, 1973.

#### Oil Pipeline:

ICC, 88th Annual Report, 1974, p. 120 and equivalent tables in earlier editions.

# Class I rail:

AAR, Yearbook of Railroad Facts, 1974, p. 29.

#### Motor vehicles:

ICC, 88th Annual Report, 1974, p. 120 and equivalent tables in earlier editions.

#### Inland waterways including Great Lakes:

ICC, 88th Annual Report, 1974, p. 120 and equivalent tables in earlier editions.

#### Table 7: Cargo Ton-Miles, 1963-1973 (cont.)

#### Total domestic waterways:

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Waterborne Commerce of the U.S., Part 5, 1973, p. 93.

Table 8: Basic Intercity Mileage Within the Continental United States, 1963-1973

#### Railroads, all line haul:

AAR, Yearbook of Railroad Facts, 1974, p. 48. Data represent aggregate length of roadway of all line-haul railroads, excluding mileage of yard tracks or sidings. Jointly used track is counted only once.

#### Oil pipelines:

TAA, Transportation Facts and Trends, Oct. 1974, p. 31.

#### Inland waterways:

American Waterways Operators, Inland Waterborne Commerce Statistics, Oct, 1974, p. 1.

#### Highways:

For 1973: FHWA, *Highway Statistics*, 1973, table SM-2, p. 174. Total surfaced mileage of State primary and secondary roads, less col. D-E mileage, plus total toll facility mileage, with Alaska and Hawaii mileage deleted. Earlier years from earlier editions of *Highway Statistics*.

#### Airways:

TAA, Transportation Facts and Trends, Oct, 1974, p. 31.

Table 9: Number of Vehicles, 1963-1973

#### Air Carrier:

CAB, Bureau of Accounts and Statistics.

#### General Aviation:

FAA, Statistical Handbook of Aviation, table 8.6, 1973 edition.

#### Passenger car, taxi, and motorcycle:

FHWA, Highway Statistics, 1973, table MV-1, p. 32, and same table in earlier editions.

#### Intercity bus:

NAMBO, "Get on to something Great", May 1974, p. 16.

#### Local transit:

ATA, Transit Fact Book, '73-'74, p. 19.

#### Class I rail:

AAR, Yearbook of Railroad Facts, 1974, Locomotives, (p. 50), freight cars (p. 51), passenger cars, and pullman (p. 54).

#### Truck:

FHWA, Highway Statistics, 1973, table VM-1, p. 52, and same table in earlier editions.

## Table 9: Number of Vehicles, 1963-1973 (cont.)

#### Water vessels:

American Waterways Operators, Inland Waterborne Commerce Statistics, Oct. 1974, p. 2.

- Table 10: Personal Consumption Expenditures by Transportation Sector, 1963-1973
- U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics, The National Income and Product Accounts of the United States, 1929-1965, table 2.6, 1966-1972 are from (p. 29), table 2.5 in the July 1973 issue of "The Survey of Current Business", 1971-1972 revisions and 1973 are from (p. 24) table 2.5 in the July, 1974 issue of "The Survey of Current Business".
  - Table 11: Personal Consumption Expenditures by Type of Product, 1963-1973
- U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Bureau Economics, The National Income and Product Accounts of the United States, 1929-1965, and 1966-1972 are from (p. 29), table 2.5 in the July 1973 issue of "The Survey of Current Business", 1971-1972 revisions and 1973 are from (p. 24) table 2.5 in the July, 1974 issue of "The Survey of Current Business".

## Table 12: National Income by Transportation Sector, 1963-1973

- U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics, The National Income and Product Accounts of the United States, 1929-1965, and 1966-1972 are from (p. 22), table 1.12 in the July 1973 issue of "The Survey of Current Business", 1971-1972 revisions and 1973 are from (p.17) table 1.12 in the issue of "The Survey of Current Business".
- Table 13: Average Annual Earnings Per Full-Time Employees by Transportation Sector, 1963-1973
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#### Table 17: Fuel Consumption by Mode, 1963-1973

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# APPENDIX B Glossary

#### **GLOSSARY**

## Air Carrier Terminology

#### **OPERATING REVENUES:**

Revenues from the performance of air transportation and related incidental services. Includes:

- (1) transport revenues from the carriage of all classes of traffic in scheduled and non-scheduled services including aircraft charters; thus passenger, freight, express, mail, excess baggage, and other transport revenues are included.
- (2) nontransport revenues consist of Federal subsidy (where applicable) and the net amount of revenues less related expenses from services incidental to air transportation.

## CERTIFICATED CARRIER:

One of a class of air carriers holding certificates of public convenience and necessity issued by the CAB, authorizing the performance of scheduled air transportation over specified routes and a limited amount of nonscheduled operations. This general carrier grouping includes the all-purpose carriers (i.e., the so-called passenger/cargo carriers) and the all-cargo carriers, and comprises all of the airlines certificated by the Board, except the supplemental air carriers. Certificated route air carriers are often referred to as "scheduled airlines," although they also perform nonscheduled service.

## DOMESTIC OPERATIONS:

Operations within and between the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Includes domestic operations of the certificated trunk carriers and Pan American and the local service, helicopter, intra-Alaska, intra-Hawaii, domestic all-cargo and other carriers, also includes transborder operations conducted on the domestic route segments of U.S. air carriers.

#### INTERNATIONAL OPERATIONS:

Operations outside the territory of the United States, including operations between the United States and foreign countries and between the United States and its territories and possessions. Includes both the combination passenger/cargo carriers and the all-cargo carriers engaged in international and territorial operations.

#### SUPPLEMENTAL AIR CARRIER:

One of a class of air carriers now holding certificates, issued by the CAB, authorizing them to perform passenger and cargo charter services supplementing the scheduled service of the certificated route air carriers. Supplemental air carriers are often referred to as "nonskeds," i.e., nonscheduled carriers.

#### OPERATING EXPENSES:

Expenses incurred in the performance of air transportation; which includes direct aircraft operating expenses and ground and indirect operating expenses.

#### AIRCRAFT REVENUE MILES:

The miles (computed in airport-to-airport distances) for each interairport hop actually completed in revenue service, whether or not performed in accordance with the scheduled pattern. For this purpose, operation to a flag stop is a hop completed even though a landing is not actually made. In cases where the interairport distances are inapplicable, aircraft miles flown are determined by multiplying the normal cruisng speed for the aircraft type by the airborne hours.

#### SCHEDULED SERVICE:

Transport service operated over an air carrier's certificated routes, based on published flight schedules, including extra sections and related nonrevenue flights.

#### NONSCHEDULED SERVICE:

Revenue flights, such as charter flights, that are not operated in regular scheduled service and all nonrevenue flights incident to such flights.

#### REVENUE PASSENGER-MILE:

One revenue passenger transported 1 mile in revenue service. Revenue passenger-miles are computed by summation of the products of the revenue aircraft-miles flown on each interairport flight stage multiplied by the number of passengers carried on that flight stage.

#### REVENUE PASSENGER LOAD FACTOR:

The percent that revenue passenger-miles are of available seat-miles in revenue passenger services, presenting the proportion of aircraft seating capacity that is actually sold and utilized.

#### REVENUE TON-MILE OF FREIGHT:

One short ton of freight transported 1 statute mile. Ton-miles are computed by summation of the products of the aircraft-miles flown on each interairport flight stage multiplied by the number of tons carried on that flight stage.

#### AIRBORNE SPEED:

Often called "wheels-off wheels-on speed." The average speed of an aircraft while airborne, computed using great-circle airport-to-airport distance.

#### **Highway Terminology**

#### FEDERAL EXPENDITURES:

Intergovernmental payments to the States, District of Columbia, and local governments plus direct expenditures for capital outlay, maintenance, administration, and research.

#### STATE AND LOCAL EXPENDITURES:

Disbursements for capital outlay, maintenance and traffic surfaces, administration, and research, highway law enforcement and safety, and interest on debt.

#### RURAL MILEAGE:

Roads outside city, municipal district, or urban boundaries.

#### STATE PRIMARY SYSTEM:

This refers to highways that have been so officially designated by States. They encompass the principal intercounty, intercity and interstate roads of all States.

#### STATE SECONDARY ROADS:

This mileage is reported in the tables for the States (taken from the Highway Statistics 1970 Bulletin) that have designated both a primary and a secondary system.

## MUNICIPAL MILEAGE:

Roads inside city, municipal district, or urban boundaries: includes extensions of the state primary system, and state secondary roads within delimited incorporated and unincorporated places, and mileage under local control, e.g., local city streets, roads, and public ways not under State control within such places.

## Automobile Terminology

## **REVENUES - TAXI:**

Fares paid by passengers riding in taxis.

## VEHICLE-MILES (BY TYPE OF STREET):

These figures represent the total number of miles traveled by passenger cars, taxis, and motorcycles on the different types of streets. One vehicle traveling 1 mile generates 1 vehicle-mile.

#### VEHICLE-MILES:

Automobile vehicle-miles are estimated by calculating the number of gallons of gas sold from gasoline tax receipts and multiplying by the average number of miles per gallon.

#### PASSENGER-MILES:

This figure represents the total distance traveled by all passengers in passenger cars and taxis. One passenger traveling 1 mile generates 1 passenger-mile.

#### URBAN STREETS:

Streets within urban boundaries.

## MAIN RURAL ROADS:

Streets outside urban boundaries that are generally recognized as principal arteries of travel.

## LOCAL RURAL ROADS:

Streets outside urban boundaries other than principal arteries of travel.

## Bus Terminology

## EXPENDITURES - SCHOOL BUS:

This is the total expenditure for operation, maintenance, insurance, depreciation, operating axes, licenses, and operating rents for vehicles used as school buses.

## NTERCITY BUS - TOTAL:

This figure includes Class I, II, and III interstate carriers, all of which report to the Interstate ommerce Commission, and intrastate carriers.

## NTERCITY BUS - CLASS I:

An interstate motor carrier of passengers with an average annual gross revenue of at least 1,000,000 is defined by the ICC as a Class I carrier.

#### VEHICLE-MILE:

One vehicle traveling 1 mile generates 1 vehicle-mile. Total vehicle-miles, thus, gives the total mileage traveled by all vehicles.

#### COMMERCIAL BUS:

Any bus used to carry passengers at rates specified in tariffs; charges may be computed per passenger (as in regular route service) or per vehicle (as in charter service).

#### SCHOOL AND NONREVENUE BUS:

Passengers using these are not directly charged for transportation, either on a "per passenger" or on a "per vehicle" basis.

#### REVENUE PASSENGER-MILES:

One revenue passenger carried 1 mile generates 1 passenger-mile. The revenue passenger miles reported thus represent the total distance traveled by all bus passengers.

#### REVENUE PASSENGERS:

Passengers on a commercial bus by or for whom a fare is paid.

#### **Truck Terminology**

#### REVENUE:

The total amounts received by carriers for transportation and other services.

#### ICC-REGULATED CARRIER:

A motor common carrier operating in interstate commerce under a grant of authority from the Interstate Commerce Commission and subject to its economic regulation.

#### NON-ICC-REGULATED CARRIER:

A motor carrier not subject to the economic regulation of the ICC. The category includes intrastate carriers, private carriers hauling only the goods of their owners, and carriers of commodities, the transportation of which is exempt from ICC economic regulation.

## OPERATING REVENUES OF CLASS I INTERCITY MOTOR CARRIERS:

This term is defined by the ICC to include the five categories of revenue listed in the text.

#### **OPERATING EXPENSES:**

This includes expenditures for equipment maintenance, supervision, wages, fuel, equipment rental, terminal operations, insurance, safety, and administrative and general functions.

#### **VEHICLE-MILES:**

This term includes miles operated by power units upon urban streets, main rural roads, and local rural roads.

#### TON-MILES:

The transportation of 1 ton of freight a distance of 1 mile generates 1 ton-mile.

## AVERAGE LENGTH OF HAUL (MILES):

The total number of ton-miles divided by the total number of tons carried.

## Local Transit Terminology

#### PASSENGER REVENUE:

The total of all moneys paid by passengers to ride on scheduled trips. This includes single trip fares, and charges for transfers, weekly, monthly, and other unlimited-usage tickets.

#### OPERATING REVENUE:

Includes passenger revenue and revenue from charter and contract services.

#### OPERATING EXPENSES:

These expenditures include outlays for maintenance, wages, fuel, licensing, insurance, rent, safety, operating taxes, and station operations.

## REVENUE VEHICLE-MILES:

One vehicle (bus, trolley car, subway car, etc.) traveling 1 mile while revenue passengers are on board generates 1 revenue vehicle-mile. The revenue vehicle-miles reported thus represent the total mileage traveled by vehicles in scheduled or unscheduled revenue-producing services.

#### SUBWAY AND ELEVATED:

Rail rapid transit services.

#### SURFACE RAIL:

Street car or trolley car operations, including private right-of-way operations, typified by on-board fare collection most of the time.

#### PROLLEY COACH:

A vehicle with the steering capability of a motor coach, running on rubber tires, but drawing lower from electric overhead wires.

## Vater Transport Terminology

## OMESTIC FREIGHT:

All waterborne commercial movements between points in the United States, Puerto Rico nd the Virgin Islands, excluding traffic with the Panama Canal Zone. Cargo moved for the military commercial vessels is reported as ordinary commercial cargo; military cargo moved in military essels is omitted.

## INTERNATIONAL (FOREIGN) FREIGHT:

Movements between the United States and foreign countries and between Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands and foreign countries. Trade between U.S. territories and possessions (i.e., Guam, Wake, American Samoa, etc.) and foreign countries is excluded. Traffic to or from the Panama Canal Zone is included.

#### COASTWISE TRAFFIC:

Domestic traffic is coastwise when it moves over the ocean, or the Gulf of Mexico, e.g., between New Orleans and Baltimore, New York and Puerto Rico, San Francisco and Hawaii, Puerto Rico and Hawaii. Traffic between Great Lakes ports and seacoast ports, when having a carriage over the ocean, is also deemed to be coastwise. The Chesapeake Bay and Puget Sound are considered internal bodies of water rather than arms of the ocean; traffic confined to these areas is deemed to be "internal" rather than coastwise.

#### INTERNAL TRAFFIC:

Traffic is internal when the entire movement between ports or landings takes place on inland waterways. The following types of movements are also termed internal: movements involving carriage on both inland waterways and waters of the Great Lakes, inland movements that cross short stretches of open waters that link inland systems; marine products, sand and gravel taken directly from beds of the oceans, the Gulf of Mexico and important arms thereof; and movements between offshore installations and inland waterways.

## LAKEWISE OR GREAT LAKES:

These terms apply to traffic between U.S. ports on the Great Lakes system. The Great Lakes system is treated as a separate system rather than as a part of the inland system.

# INLAND AND COASTAL WATERWAYS INLAND AND COASTAL CHANNELS

These terms include the Atlantic Coast Waterways, the Atlantic Intracoastal Waterway, the New York State Barge Canal System, the Gulf Coast Waterways, the Gulf Intracoastal Waterway, the Mississippi River System (including the Illinois Waterway), Pacific Coast Waterways, the Great Lakes, and all other channels (waterways) of the United States, exclusive of Alaska, that are usable for commercial navigation.

#### IMPORTS:

Inbound international freight.

#### EXPORTS:

Outbound international freight including re-export of foreign merchandise.

#### LOCAL:

Movements of freight within the confines of a port, whether the port has only one or several arms or channels, except car-ferry and general ferry, are termed "local." The term is also applied to marine products, sand, and gravel taken directly from the Great Lakes.

## DOMESTIC PASSENGER:

Any person traveling on a public conveyance by water between points in the United States, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands.

#### CLASS A CARRIERS BY INLAND AND COASTAL WATERWAYS:

A class A carrier by water is one with an average annual operation revenue that exceeds \$500,000.

#### LASS B CARRIERS BY INLAND AND COASTAL WATERWAYS:

A class B carrier by water is one with an average annual operating revenue greater than \$100,000 but less than \$500,000.

#### NTERNATIONAL PASSENGER:

Any person traveling on a waterborne public conveyance between the United States and oreign countries and between Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands and foreign countries.

#### **IARITIME:**

Maritime carriers operate on the open sea, i.e., their operations must include a foreign or iternational component, and may include a domestic component.

#### **IARITIME REVENUE:**

Revenue received for operations in international or foreign shipping.

#### ION-SELF-PROPELLED:

Vessels not containing within themselves the means for their own propulsion.

#### RY CARGO BARGES:

Large, flat-bottomed non-self-propelled vessels used to transport dry bulk materials such as oal and ore.

## cows:

Large, flat-bottomed non-self-propelled vessels used to transport sand, gravel, or refuse.

#### 'ANK BARGES:

Large, flat-bottomed non-self-propelled vessels used to transport fluids such as oil.

#### ELF-PROPELLED TOWBOAT:

A compact, shallow-draft boat with a squared bow and towing "knees" for pushing tows of arges on inland waterways.

#### UG:

A strongly built boat used for towing and pushing, self-propelled.

#### NTRATERRITORIAL TRAFFIC:

Traffic between ports in Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands, which are considered as a ngle unit.

#### ONS OF FREIGHT HAULED:

The figures for tons of freight hauled on domestic waterways include exports and imports.

## Railroad Terminology

#### CLASS I RAILROAD:

A railroad with an annual operating revenue of greater than \$5,000,000.

## COMMUTATION TICKET:

A ticket intended for use by a person traveling on a daily basis, i.e., to and from work; such a ticket is typically valid for an extended time period (i.e., a week or a month); the charge for such a ticket reflects a discount from the sum of the one-way fares that would be paid by the ticket-holder for the period of validity in the absence of such a reduced-rate ticket.

## PASSENGER REVENUE - COMMUTATION:

Revenue from the sale of commutation tickets.

## PASSENGER REVENUE - OTHER THAN COMMUTATION:

Revenue from the transportation of paying passengers not holding commutation tickets; this classification includes basic one-way and round trip fares, discounted fares offered for the clergy and military, special excursion fares offered to travelers meeting the requirements for eligibility for those fares, (i.e., origin/destination, time of travel, length of stay at destination), revenue from the extra charges made for occupancy of space in parlor and sleeping cars, and revenue from the transportation of corpses.

#### FREIGHT REVENUE:

Revenue from the transportation of freight and from the exercise of transit, stop-off, diversion, and reconsignment privileges, as provided for in tariffs.

#### MAIL REVENUE:

Revenue from the transportation of mail at established rates, and for services and facilities provided in connection with the handling of U.S. mail.

#### EXPRESS REVENUE:

Revenue from transportation of express shipments and from the use of facilities on trains and at stations incidental to such transportation.

#### OTHER REVENUE:

This is a general heading that includes revenues from miscellaneous operations (i.e., dining and bar car services), income from lease of road and equipment, miscellaneous rent income, income from non-operating property, profit from separately operated properties, dividend income, interest income, income from sinking and other reserve funds, release or premium on funded debt, contributions from other companies, and other miscellaneous income.

#### **OPERATING EXPENSES:**

Expenses of furnishing transportation service including maintenance and depreciation.

## PASSENGER TRAIN CARS:

Cars typically found in passenger trains include coaches, sleeping cars (formerly called Pullman cars), parlor cars, dining cars, lounge cars, baggage cars, crew-dormitory cars, and observation cars.

#### LOCOMOTIVES:

Self-propelled units of equipment designed solely for moving other equipment.

#### LINE MILEAGE:

The aggregate length of roadway of all line-haul railroads. It does not include the mileage of yard tracks or sidings, nor does it reflect the fact that a mile of railroad may include two or more parallel tracks. Jointly-used track is counted only once.

#### CAR MILEAGE:

Movement of a car 1 mile is a car-mile.

#### TRAIN MILEAGE:

Movement of a train 1 mile is a train-mile; the number of cars in the train is irrelevant.

## LOCOMOTIVE MILEAGE:

Movement of a locomotive unit 1 mile is a locomotive-mile.

## REVENUE PASSENGERS CARRIED - COMMUTATION:

Number of one-way trips made by persons holding commutation tickets.

# REVENUE PASSENGERS CARRIED - OTHER THAN COMMUTATION:

Number of one-way trips by passengers paying their fares at other than commutation ticket rates; this excludes passengers lawfully taveling without paying.

## REVENUE PASSENGER-MILE:

One revenue passenger traveling 1 mile generates 1 revenue passenger-mile. The revenue passenger-miles reported thus represent the total distance traveled by all railroad passengers.

## AVERAGE PASSENGER TRIP LENGTH:

Calculated by dividing the number of revenue passengers by the number of passengers arried.

## EVENUE TON-MILES:

The product of weight of the contents of a freight car in tons and the distance transported 1 miles; i.e., n tons moving m miles generate  $n \times m$  ton-miles.

#### VERAGE HAUL:

The average distance in miles that 1 ton was carried. It is computed by dividing the number f ton-miles generated by the number of tons carried to generate that number of ton-miles.

## Oil Pipeline Terminology

## ICC-REGULATED PIPELINE:

A pipeline company operating in interstate commerce under a grant of authorization from the Interstate Commerce Commission, and subject to economic regulation by the Commission. Such a pipeline company is required to report relevant statistics to the ICC.

## NON-REGULATED PIPELINE:

A pipeline company not operating as a common carrier in interstate commerce, hence neither required to secure a grant of operating authority from the Commission nor to report to it.

#### OPERATING REVENUE:

Revenue from the transportation of oil and from services incidental to such transportation.

#### OPERATING EXPENSES:

Expenditures necessarily made while providing services by which operating revenue is earned.

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